

Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.7564, -3.1667,
4.5922)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(42.7564, -3.1667, 4.5922)
contains.

HunterLab(42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

HunterLab(42.7877, -3.1858,
4.6616)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	777771
RGB	119, 119, 113
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 44%
CMY	0.5333, 0.5333, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.05, 0.53
HSL	60°, 3%, 45%
HSV	60°, 5%, 47%
XYZ	17.1852, 18.3079, 18.2508
YIQ	118.3160, 1.9260, -1.8660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

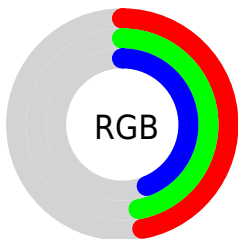
Format	Color
R _Y B	113, 119, 113
Decimal	7829361
CIE Lab	49.87, -1.18, 3.29
CIE LCh	50, 3.497, 109.722
Yxy	18.3087, 0.3198, 0.3407
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286019441 (0xFF777771)
YUV	118.3160, -2.6208, 0.5999
Hunter-Lab	42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616

Details

The HunterLab color $42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $40.8086, -1.2299, -0.2337$, and the grayscale version is $42.6958, -2.2781, 2.3197$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63.6399, -4.3677, 5.9740$, and $24.9554, -2.1437, 3.4582$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42.4943, -4.8107, 8.8862$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43.1218, -1.3627, -0.0837$.

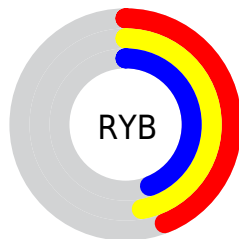
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (47%)

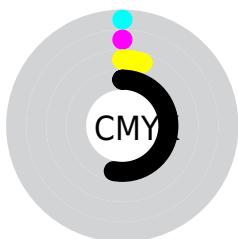
Blue (44%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (44%)

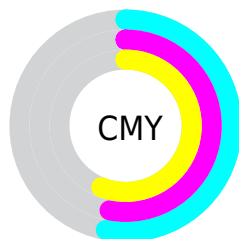


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.7877, -3.1858,
4.6616

■ 42.7877, -3.1858,
4.6616

■ 155.7579, -9.7093,
12.1284

■ 33.4243, -2.6148,
3.9569

■ 63.6888, -4.4320,
6.1489

■ 24.8647, -2.0789,
3.2757

■ 75.1322, -5.1019,
6.9303

■ 17.1941, -1.5813,
2.6158

■ 87.1891, -5.8015,
7.7367

■ 10.5309, -1.1238,
1.9702

■ 99.8298, -6.5298,
8.5677

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 113.0285, -7.2856,
9.4229

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 126.7624, -8.0680,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.0116, -8.8761,
11.2037

■ 42.7877, -3.1858,
4.6616

■ 42.7877, -3.1858,
4.6616

■ 42.4943, -4.8107,
8.8862

■ 43.1218, -1.3627,
-0.0837

■ 42.2379, -6.2343,
12.5888

■ 43.4943, 0.6604,
-5.3479

■ 42.0184, -7.4597,
15.7752

■ 43.9065, 2.8793,
-11.1225

■ 41.8346, -8.4908,
18.4556

■ 44.3587, 5.2897,
-17.3963

■ 41.6850, -9.3337,
20.6459

■ 44.8508, 7.8862,
-24.1551

■ 41.5676, -9.9967,
22.3678

■ 45.3828, 10.6622,
-31.3821

■ 41.4804, -10.4906,
23.6494

■ 45.9544, 13.6104,
-39.0582

■ 41.4207, -10.8293,
24.5268

■ 46.5652, 16.7228,
-47.1630

■ 41.3839, -11.0375,
25.0647

■ 47.2146, 19.9911,
-55.6745

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.7886, -1.8057, 4.7646



42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616



42.7886, -4.3127, 3.9462

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.7886, -3.1869, 4.6622



42.7886, -4.0058, 0.3362



42.7886, 0.3862, 1.8713

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616



40.8086, -1.2299, -0.2337

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.7886, -0.2196, 0.6463



42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616



42.7886, -2.7630, -0.2586

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.7886, -3.1869, 4.6622



42.7886, -4.7814, 1.4590



42.7886, -1.3764, -0.1433



42.7886, 0.2692, 3.1813

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616



42.7886, -4.7727, 3.2041



42.7886, -1.3764, -0.1433



42.7886, 0.2600, 1.4352

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.7886, -3.1869, 4.6622



57.3852, -3.5620, 4.4112



41.1399, -0.4293, 2.8270



27.9393, -1.7164, 2.1014



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.7886, -3.1869, 4.6622



57.2110, -4.5186, 6.8999



42.5439, -4.0459, 4.3719



20.6946, -1.6481, 2.5309



42.6389, -11.4690, 26.0731



94.1256, -25.3200, 57.5565

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.8086, -1.2299, -0.2337



53.9825, -1.3268, -1.0854



41.0556, -0.3790, 0.0860



19.4959, -0.4630, -0.4338



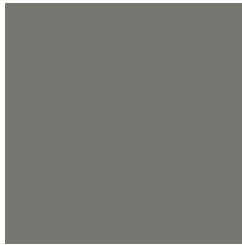
11.8970, 32.2680, -84.5129



26.2612, 71.2310, -186.5779

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

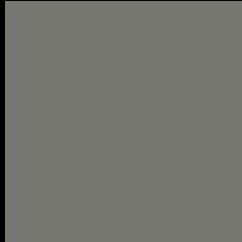
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

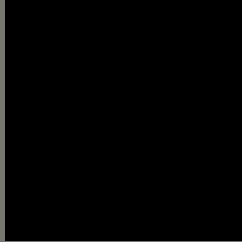
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.7877, -3.1858,

4.6616.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616

Protanopia

42.7367, -1.9926, 5.0326

Deuteranopia

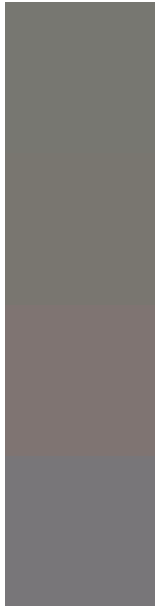
42.8741, 2.7571, 4.4521



Tritanopia

42.7714, 0.3220, -1.0008

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616

Protanomaly

42.6517, -2.2882, 4.9326

Deuteranomaly

42.6822, 0.7300, 4.1994

Tritanomaly

42.8140, -1.2326, 1.3099

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616

Achromatopsia

42.5634, -2.2711, 2.3126

Achromatomaly

42.5081, -2.5743, 3.1020

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 119, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 119, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 119, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 119, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 119, 113) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 119, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 119, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 119, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 119, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 119,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.7877, -3.1858, 4.6616 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 119, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
119, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor