

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.7620, -3.5889,  
9.4226)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(42.7620, -3.5889, 9.4226)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(42.8074, -3.7526,  
9.6131)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7B7764
RGB	123, 119, 100
RGB Percent	48%, 47%, 39%
CMY	0.5176, 0.5333, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.19, 0.52
HSL	50°, 10%, 44%
HSV	50°, 19%, 48%
XYZ	17.0655, 18.3247, 14.6942
YIQ	118.0300, 8.4830, -5.0610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

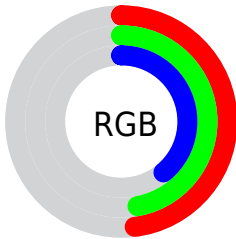
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	105, 123, 100
Decimal	8091492
CIE Lab	49.89, -1.93, 11.01
CIE LCh	50, 11.180, 99.918
Yxy	18.3255, 0.3407, 0.3659
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286281572 (0xFF7B7764)
YUV	118.0300, -8.8888, 4.3587
Hunter-Lab	42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131

# Details

The HunterLab color  $42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $37.4697, 0.0787, -6.5617$ , and the grayscale version is  $42.6068, -2.2734, 2.3149$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $63.7105, -4.8781, 11.9260$ , and  $24.9387, -2.7022, 7.3122$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $41.9546, -4.2273, 12.8224$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $43.6997, -3.0952, 5.9557$ .

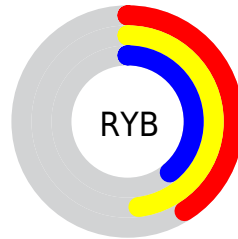
# Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (47%)

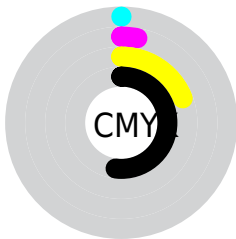
Blue (39%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (39%)

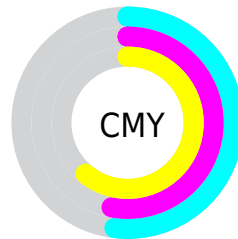


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.8074, -3.7526,  
9.6131

■ 42.8074, -3.7526,  
9.6131

155.7882,  
-10.5867, 20.3433

■ 33.4424, -3.1360,  
8.4091

■ 63.7113, -5.0809,  
11.9791

■ 24.8811, -2.5499,  
7.1716

■ 75.1560, -5.7881,  
13.1556

■ 17.2087, -1.9960,  
5.8755

■ 87.2141, -6.5232,  
14.3343

■ 10.5433, -1.4733,  
5.0072

■ 99.8560, -7.2852,  
15.5182

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

113.0557, -8.0733,  
16.7097

0.0000, NaN, NaN

126.7908, -8.8867,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

17.9102

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.0409, -9.7248,  
19.1211

■ 42.8074, -3.7526,  
9.6131

■ 42.8074, -3.7526,  
9.6131

■ 41.9546, -4.2273,  
12.8224

■ 43.6997, -3.0952,  
5.9557

■ 41.1388, -4.5133,  
15.5728

■ 44.6281, -2.2553,  
1.8609

■ 40.3609, -4.6111,  
17.8596

■ 45.5930, -1.2388,  
-2.6562

■ 39.6207, -4.5220,  
19.6825

■ 46.5936, -0.0515,  
-7.5793

■ 38.9176, -4.2499,  
21.0479

■ 47.6291, 1.3004,  
-12.8909

■ 38.2506, -3.8020,  
21.9701

■ 48.6986, 2.8102,  
-18.5730

■ 37.6178, -3.1896,  
22.4748

■ 49.8012, 4.4711,  
-24.6073

■ 37.0107, -2.4616,  
22.6891

■ 50.9359, 6.2760,  
-30.9753

■ 36.9322, -2.3660,  
22.7160

■ 52.1017, 8.2179,  
-37.6590

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.8084, 0.6987, 9.3070



42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131



42.8084, -7.6526, 8.1277

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.8084, -3.7538, 9.6137



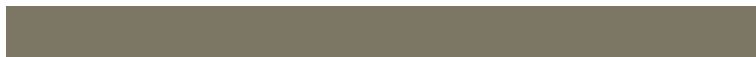
42.8084, -8.6684, -3.2433



42.8084, 6.0710, -0.5672

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131



37.4697, 0.0787, -6.5617

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.8084, 3.3578, -4.4121



42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131



42.8084, -5.1920, -6.0634

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.8084, -3.7538, 9.6137



42.8084, -10.4123, 0.9008



42.8084, -0.7990, -6.5118



42.8084, 6.4947, 3.7119



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131



42.8084, -9.4586, 6.2216



42.8084, -0.7990, -6.5118



42.8084, 5.3914, -1.9647

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.8084, -3.7538, 9.6137



58.7904, -3.8780, 6.6268



37.8543, 5.5973, 2.8197



28.5006, -1.9081, 3.3469



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.8084, -3.7538, 9.6137



56.8405, -5.2963, 14.5865



43.3357, -7.6750, 10.0732



21.2628, -1.5204, 2.9688



37.5544, -2.3913, 23.0990



81.3463, -4.1042, 50.0534



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.4697, 0.0787, -6.5617



48.2676, 0.8896, -11.4618



36.9974, 3.9100, -7.1641



19.9896, -0.6137, -0.8718



14.2913, 24.7008, -71.1848



29.7471, 59.1822, -164.9387



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

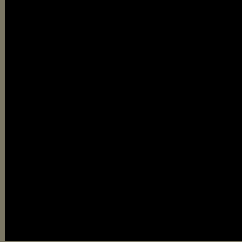
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131

### Protanopia

42.7047, -2.6886, 9.5284

### Deuteranopia

42.6714, 2.7951, 9.2360



## Tritanopia

42.9035, 2.1015, -0.3387

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131

## Protanomaly

42.6170, -2.9951, 9.4344

## Deuteranomaly

42.7266, 0.2370, 9.2474

## Tritanomaly

42.8293, -0.0530, 3.5170

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131

## Achromatopsia

42.5634, -2.2711, 2.3126

## Achromatomaly

42.5413, -2.7247, 5.2062

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 119, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 119, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 119, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 119, 100) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 119, 100) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 119, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 119, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 119, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 119, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 119,  
100) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.8074, -3.7526, 9.6131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 119, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
119, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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