

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.7882, -9.4621,  
-3.0880)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(42.7882, -9.4621,  
-3.0880) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(42.7812, -9.5669,  
-3.0746)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C7C82
RGB	92, 124, 130
RGB Percent	36%, 49%, 51%
CMY	0.6392, 0.5137, 0.4902
CMYK	0.29, 0.05, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	189°, 17%, 44%
HSV	189°, 29%, 51%
XYZ	15.6505, 18.3023, 23.8269
YIQ	115.1160, -20.9980, -4.9180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

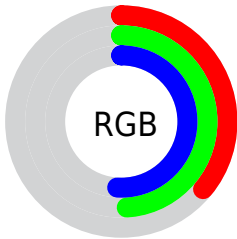
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	92, 109, 130
Decimal	6061186
CIE Lab	49.86, -9.83, -6.97
CIE LCh	50, 12.050, 215.329
Yxy	18.3030, 0.2709, 0.3168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284251266 (0xFF5C7C82)
YUV	115.1160, 7.3378, -20.2727
Hunter-Lab	42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746

# Details

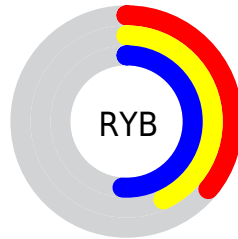
The HunterLab color  $42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669999$ . A complement of this color would be  $37.7545, 7.2387, 7.4895$ , and the grayscale version is  $41.4293, -2.2106, 2.2509$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $63.7988, -12.0522, -2.5322$ , and  $24.8228, -7.1975, -3.4240$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $41.4499, -11.3547, -4.8668$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $44.2162, -7.4456, -1.2037$ .

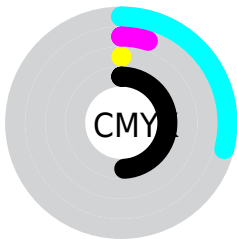
# Distribution



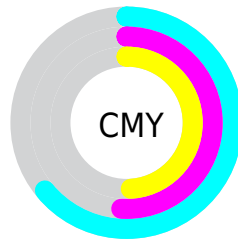
- Red (36%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.7812, -9.5669,  
-3.0746

■ 42.7812, -9.5669,  
-3.0746

155.7478,  
-19.7496, 0.4518

■ 33.4182, -8.4497,  
-3.2103

■ 63.6813, -11.7842,  
-2.6163

■ 24.8592, -7.3123,  
-3.2744

■ 75.1243, -12.8949,  
-2.3069

■ 17.1893, -6.1359,  
-3.2547

■ 87.1808, -14.0118,  
-1.9496

■ 10.5268, -4.8958,  
-3.1368

■ 99.8211, -15.1372,  
-1.5479

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

113.0194,  
-16.2727, -1.1046

0.0000, NaN, NaN

126.7530,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-17.4193, -0.6222

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.0018,  
-18.5781, -0.1028

■ 42.7812, -9.5669,  
-3.0746

■ 42.7812, -9.5669,  
-3.0746

■ 41.4499, -11.3547,  
-4.8668

■ 44.2162, -7.4456,  
-1.2037

■ 40.2225, -12.7847,  
-6.5699

■ 45.7489, -5.0150,  
0.7320

■ 39.1015, -13.8393,  
-8.1716

■ 47.3759, -2.3027,  
2.7220

■ 38.0870, -14.5082,  
-9.6615

■ 49.0928, 0.6644,  
4.7562

■ 37.1769, -14.7913,  
-11.0321

■ 50.8950, 3.8604,  
6.8259

■ 36.3663, -14.7023,  
-12.2807

■ 52.7781, 7.2610,  
8.9236

■ 35.6258, -14.3517,  
-13.4465

■ 54.7374, 10.8436,  
11.0429

■ 35.5691, -14.3239,  
-13.5371

■ 56.7687, 14.5881,  
13.1786

■ 58.8677, 18.4762,  
15.3266

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.7821, -11.1042, 1.5041



42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746



42.7821, -6.0750, -6.4561

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.7821, -9.5674, -3.0739



42.7821, 6.4420, -1.5061



42.7821, -3.1401, 10.1906

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746



37.7545, 7.2387, 7.4895

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.7821, 1.6416, 9.5727



42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746



42.7821, 7.3120, 3.1373

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.7821, -9.5674, -3.0739



42.7821, 3.1920, -5.4833



42.7821, 5.5196, 7.1074



42.7821, -7.4996, 8.8987



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746



42.7821, -3.0351, -7.3937



42.7821, 5.5196, 7.1074



42.7821, -1.5298, 10.1976

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.7821, -9.5674, -3.0739



60.7165, -6.6463, 0.9782



43.7231, -16.9635, 11.0756



28.7628, -3.3627, 0.3116



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.7821, -9.5674, -3.0739



55.5981, -14.3052, -5.6534



37.4857, -1.1943, -10.3263



21.8516, -2.3758, 0.3634



34.8408, -14.0411, -13.2372

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.2234, 14.8057, -7.1783



46.7791, 24.9084, -12.3132



42.6282, -1.4696, 12.1583



20.9788, 1.3197, -0.2344



23.7064, 45.1089, -19.6496

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

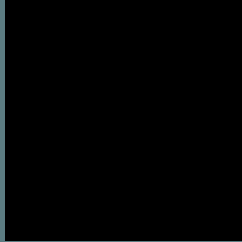
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746.

-3.0746.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746

### Protanopia

42.7958, -1.0015, -0.9933

### Deuteranopia

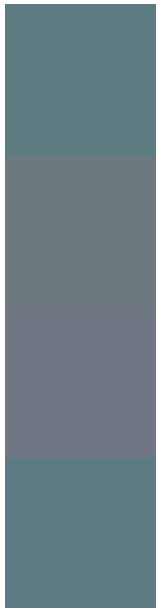
42.5892, 2.8553, -4.0969



## Tritanopia

42.6457, -8.3677, -4.7195

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746

## Protanomaly

42.6807, -4.2046, -1.6662

## Deuteranomaly

42.4739, -1.8042, -3.8335

## Tritanomaly

42.6134, -8.5491, -4.2643

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746

## Achromatopsia

41.4054, -2.2093, 2.2496

## Achromatomaly

41.7597, -4.9789, 0.4163

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 124, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 124, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 124, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 124, 130) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 124, 130) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 124, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 124, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 124, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 124, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 124,  
130) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.7812, -9.5669, -3.0746 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 124, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 124,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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