

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.8004, 15.8940,  
-33.9445)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(42.8004, 15.8940,  
-33.9445) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(42.9081, 15.7463,  
-33.6910)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A6DB5
RGB	122, 109, 181
RGB Percent	48%, 43%, 71%
CMY	0.5216, 0.5725, 0.2902
CMYK	0.33, 0.40, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	251°, 33%, 57%
HSV	251°, 40%, 71%
XYZ	21.8352, 18.4111, 46.1189
YIQ	121.0950, -15.3640, 25.1480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

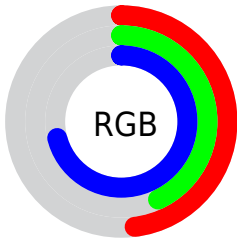
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	122, 109, 181
Decimal	8023477
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.99, 21.78, -36.42
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 42.438, 300.882
Yxy	18.4117, 0.2528, 0.2132
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286213557 (0xFF7A6DB5)
YUV	121.0950, 29.5332, 0.7937
Hunter-Lab	42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910

# Details

The HunterLab color  $42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666699$ . A complement of this color would be  $65.1744, -17.0113, 26.7000$ , and the grayscale version is  $43.6575, -2.3295, 2.3720$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $63.9017, 16.4859, -34.6740$ , and  $24.8960, 14.4419, -33.0418$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $37.3337, 21.4794, -46.0454$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $48.8322, 10.4336, -22.8059$ .

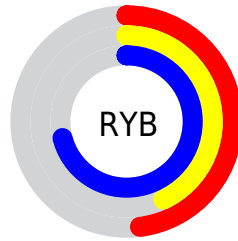
# Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (43%)

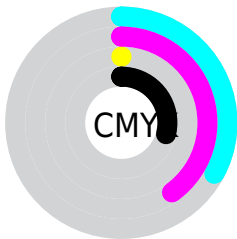
Blue (71%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (71%)

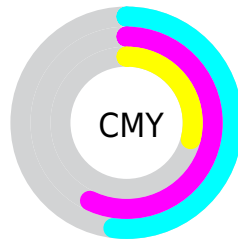


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910

■ 42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910

155.9429, 18.2261, -38.1991

■ 33.5351, 15.0463, -33.0850

■ 63.8261, 16.8261, -34.9624

■ 24.9651, 14.2188, -32.6105

■ 75.2773, 17.2306, -35.5640

■ 17.2829, 13.2434, -32.4910

■ 87.3416, 17.5570, -36.1242

■ 10.6064, 12.1024, -33.3617

■ 99.9893, 17.8122, -36.6377

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

113.1947, 18.0022, -37.1021

0.0000, NaN, -NF

126.9351, 18.1318,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-37.5168

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.1905, 18.2052,  
-37.8822

■ 42.9081, 15.7463,  
-33.6910

■ 42.9081, 15.7463,  
-33.6910

■ 37.3337, 21.4794,  
-46.0454

■ 48.8322, 10.4336,  
-22.8059

■ 32.1996, 27.6780,  
-60.1703

■ 55.0383, 5.4655,  
-13.0834

■ 27.6394, 34.2590,  
-76.1463

■ 61.4810, 0.7668,  
-4.2608

■ 23.8345, 40.8128,  
-93.3465

■ 68.1261, -3.7249,  
3.8674

■ 20.9997, 46.3533,  
-109.6764

■ 74.9481, -8.0593,  
11.4584

■ 19.1533, 50.1015,  
-122.6474

■ 81.9275, -12.2748,  
18.6314

■ 19.1163, 50.1890,  
-122.9300

■ 89.0486, -16.4010,  
25.4772

■ 96.2991, -20.4607,  
32.0653

■ 98.0389, -16.1880,  
33.6898

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.9089, -1.7890, -41.6519



42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910



42.9089, 30.0454, -15.6504

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.9089, 15.7460, -33.6898



42.9089, 14.7426, 21.5492



42.9089, -30.2531, 1.8557

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910



65.1744, -17.0113, 26.7000

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.9089, -27.2086, 14.8466



42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910



42.9089, -2.7923, 23.2064

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.9089, 15.7460, -33.6898



42.9089, 29.4058, 15.3937



42.9089, -17.7682, 21.3304



42.9089, -26.8282, -16.8139



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910



42.9089, 34.8522, -2.8722



42.9089, -17.7682, 21.3304



42.9089, -29.9573, 6.9628

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.9089, 15.7460, -33.6898



80.1631, 2.5212, -8.4678



59.1302, -16.4300, -7.6864



36.7543, 1.5406, -4.6232



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.9089, 15.7460, -33.6898



50.6673, 27.9690, -59.9084



46.3057, 25.7985, -26.9896



28.8123, 0.2580, -1.8036



15.9422, 41.7276, -101.5270



3.1949, 7.7364, -15.4927



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.5683, 31.1174, -14.7517



60.3158, 52.0642, -24.6344



62.5611, -26.8597, 24.3675



29.3596, 2.0186, -0.3597



28.7446, 54.4103, -21.6132



5.1657, 9.8870, -4.7287



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910.



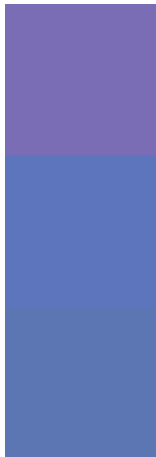
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910.

-33.6910.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910

### Protanopia

43.1610, 6.5698, -38.6455

### Deuteranopia

42.9368, 3.5557, -32.3713



## Tritanopia

42.9234, -3.1672, -2.7780

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910

## Protanomaly

42.9197, 9.5989, -36.7907

## Deuteranomaly

42.8737, 7.6079, -33.1619

## Tritanomaly

42.7850, 3.3119, -12.9807

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910

## Achromatopsia

43.7266, -2.3331, 2.3758

## Achromatomaly

43.3252, 3.3031, -8.8078

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 109, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 109, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 109, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 109, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 109, 181) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 109, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 109, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 109, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 109, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 109,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.9081, 15.7463, -33.6910 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 109, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
109, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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