

Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.9170, 3.4220,
-1.6898)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(42.9170, 3.4220, -1.6898)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(42.9059, 3.6647,
-1.7179)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	807380
RGB	128, 115, 128
RGB Percent	50%, 45%, 50%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5490, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	300°, 5%, 48%
HSV	300°, 10%, 50%
XYZ	18.9291, 18.4092, 22.9777
YIQ	120.3690, 3.5750, 6.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 115, 128
Decimal	8418176
CIE _{Lab}	49.99, 7.55, -5.30
CIE _{LCh}	50, 9.227, 324.955
Yxy	18.4100, 0.3138, 0.3052
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286608256 (0xFF807380)
YUV	120.3690, 3.7621, 6.6924
Hunter-Lab	42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179

Details

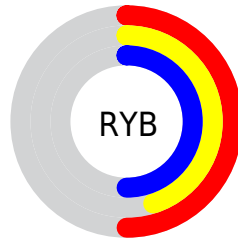
The HunterLab color $42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $45.0793, -8.0714, 6.3025$, and the grayscale version is $43.4672, -2.3193, 2.3617$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63.8728, 3.4034, -1.1617$, and $24.9822, 3.7453, -2.0961$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39.6112, 9.8555, -5.9874$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46.4056, -2.3868, 2.4606$.

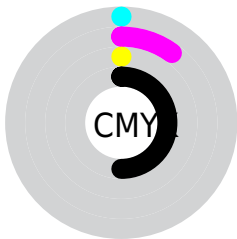
Distribution



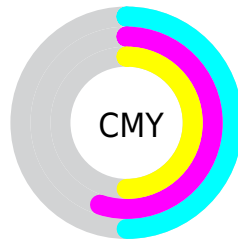
- Red (50%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42.9059, 3.6647,
-1.7179

■ 42.9059, 3.6647,
-1.7179

■ 155.9396, 0.6889,
2.4207

■ 33.5331, 3.7203,
-1.9383

■ 63.8237, 3.3477,
-1.1029

■ 24.9633, 3.6954,
-2.0923

■ 75.2748, 3.1031,
-0.7207

■ 17.2814, 3.5722,
-2.1680

■ 87.3390, 2.8078,
-0.2936

■ 10.6051, 3.3244,
-2.1497

■ 99.9866, 2.4658,
0.1751

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 113.1918, 2.0803,
0.6830

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 126.9321, 1.6542,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.2277

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.1874, 1.1897,
1.8075

■ 42.9059, 3.6647,
-1.7179

■ 42.9059, 3.6647,
-1.7179

■ 39.6112, 9.8555,
-5.9874

■ 46.4056, -2.3868,
2.4606

■ 36.5510, 16.1485,
-10.3221

■ 50.0807, -8.2831,
6.5367

■ 33.7641, 22.4583,
-14.6634

■ 53.9097, -14.0283,
10.5127

■ 31.2927, 28.6376,
-18.9102

■ 57.8742, -19.6336,
14.3962

■ 29.1816, 34.4609,
-22.9085

■ 61.9592, -25.1139,
18.1967

■ 27.4718, 39.6293,
-26.4541

■ 66.1520, -30.4849,
21.9249

■ 26.1923, 43.8131,
-29.3224

■ 70.4422, -35.7619,
25.5910

■ 25.3486, 46.7421,
-31.3295

■ 74.8211, -40.9589,
29.2042

■ 24.7946, 48.7472,
-32.7030

■ 79.2811, -46.0886,
32.7730

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.9068, 0.7383, -4.2346



42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179



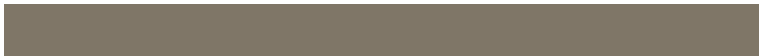
42.9068, 4.9956, 1.7387

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.9068, 3.6636, -1.7171



42.9068, -1.6670, 8.5208



42.9068, -8.5275, -0.6062

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179



45.0793, -8.0714, 6.3025

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.9068, -9.1229, 2.9239



42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179



42.9068, -5.2399, 8.0072

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.9068, 3.6636, -1.7171



42.9068, 1.8524, 7.4946



42.9068, -7.9389, 6.0278



42.9068, -6.2843, -3.5562

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179



42.9068, 4.7693, 4.0385



42.9068, -7.9389, 6.0278



42.9068, -8.9237, 0.5598

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.9068, 3.6636, -1.7171



60.1964, -0.8480, 1.6630



41.8512, -0.2090, -3.1472



28.9603, -0.1259, 0.6083



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.9068, 3.6636, -1.7171



55.9809, 6.5898, -3.4711



42.7196, 2.6615, 0.9426



21.0058, 1.4639, -0.6165



24.6898, 48.5410, -32.5647

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.5315, 1.6509, 3.6247



55.3765, 3.3651, 5.1268



45.2450, -7.1450, 3.9298



20.8429, 0.5883, 1.7023



21.3319, 36.5316, 13.7841

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

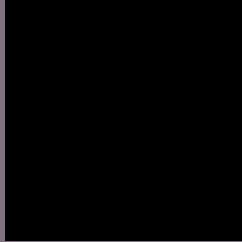
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179.

-1.7179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179

Protanopia

42.9187, -0.3329, -2.7345

Deuteranopia

42.9941, 2.5882, -1.6245



Tritanopia

43.0821, 2.7032, -0.1070

Trichromacy



Original Color

42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179

Protanomaly

42.9478, 1.1069, -2.1881

Deuteranomaly

43.0829, 2.8865, -1.5066

Tritanomaly

43.1119, 2.8630, -0.5303

Monochromacy



Original Color

42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179

Achromatopsia

43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547

Achromatomaly

43.1253, -0.0466, 0.8099

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 115, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 115, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 115, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 115, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

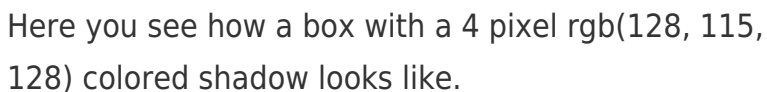
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 115, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 115, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 115, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 115, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 115, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 115, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.9059, 3.6647, -1.7179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 115, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
115, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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