

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.9936, 48.6996,  
-103.1229)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(42.9936, 48.6996,  
-103.1229) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(42.9936, 48.6996,  
-103.1229)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C58FF
RGB	124, 88, 255
RGB Percent	49%, 35%, 100%
CMY	0.5137, 0.6549, 0.0000
CMYK	0.51, 0.65, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	253°, 100%, 67%
HSV	253°, 65%, 100%
XYZ	29.8519, 18.4845, 96.6021
YIQ	117.8020, -32.1510, 59.5690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

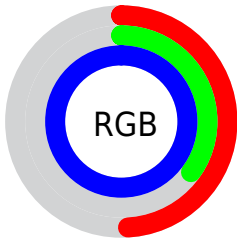
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	124, 88, 255
Decimal	8149247
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.08, 55.05, -78.25
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 95.674, 305.128
Yxy	18.4850, 0.2060, 0.1275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286339327 (0xFF7C58FF)
YUV	117.8020, 67.6386, 5.4356
Hunter-Lab	42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229

# Details

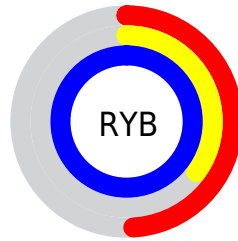
The HunterLab color **42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **93.4257, -35.9944, 51.0792**, and the grayscale version is **42.2432, -2.2540, 2.2952**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.2416, 35.1325, -55.3777**, and **25.0164, 44.7139, -108.9960** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.9637, 58.4995, -127.9502**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.0721, 38.9765, -80.4878**.

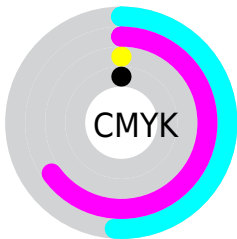
# Distribution



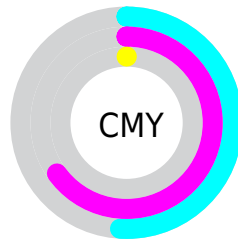
- Red (49%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



42.9936, 48.6996,  
-103.1229

42.9936, 48.6996,  
-103.1229

156.0739, 62.1314,  
-107.4329

33.6136, 46.7162,  
-104.9949

63.9234, 52.3764,  
-102.2566

25.0363, 44.6763,  
-108.8741

75.3801, 54.0546,  
-102.5608

17.3459, 42.6953,  
-116.7611

87.4496, 55.6295,  
-103.1225

10.6599, 41.1387,  
-134.1411

100.1024, 57.1058,  
-103.8480

0.9360, 277.2286,  
-1025.3268

113.3125, 58.4890,  
-104.6766

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

127.0575, 59.7844,

-105.5676

0.0000, NaN, -NF

141.3173, 60.9969,  
-106.4929

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 42.9936, 48.6996,  
-103.1229

■ 42.9936, 48.6996,  
-103.1229

■ 36.9637, 58.4995,  
-127.9502

■ 50.0721, 38.9765,  
-80.4878

■ 32.2925, 67.1290,  
-152.6291

■ 57.9473, 29.8001,  
-60.5715

■ 29.2591, 72.5779,  
-172.4109

■ 66.4395, 21.2478,  
-43.1153

■ 28.3402, 74.0088,  
-179.1687

■ 75.4230, 13.2493,  
-27.6639

■ 84.8091, 5.6996,  
-13.7815

94.5341, -1.5007,  
-1.1110

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.9942, 4.4724, -141.7967



42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229



42.9942, 86.7800, -38.6809

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.9942, 48.7008, -103.1210



42.9942, 33.1942, 30.0959



42.9942, -53.7462, -4.3899

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229



93.4257, -35.9944, 51.0792

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.9942, -50.7261, 22.5857



42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229



42.9942, -8.6706, 30.0959

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.9942, 48.7008, -103.1210



42.9942, 75.8516, 26.2649



42.9942, -36.9437, 29.3156



42.9942, -47.4115, -60.4671



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229



42.9942, 98.1926, -4.0327



42.9942, -36.9437, 29.3156



42.9942, -53.7589, 7.8660

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.9942, 48.7008, -103.1210



80.5309, 9.0555, -19.8727



78.3103, -27.4277, -23.8548



36.0408, 5.1755, -11.0141

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.9942, 48.7008, -103.1210



35.1527, 61.7543, -136.8272



52.1194, 68.6926, -74.3055



41.9124, 0.6262, -2.8088



20.6128, 53.6017, -128.5524



6.7724, 17.0217, -37.6671



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.7526, 76.6990, -31.8680



53.4680, 87.9335, -34.2659



88.1115, -56.9158, 47.0850



42.6958, 3.1071, -0.4638



36.4847, 68.5177, -23.2193

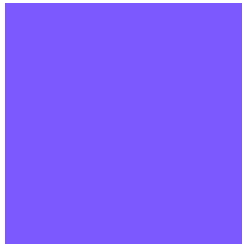


11.4541, 21.6263, -8.1866



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

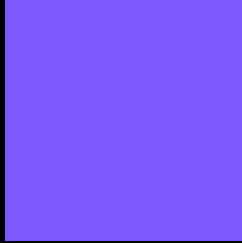
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

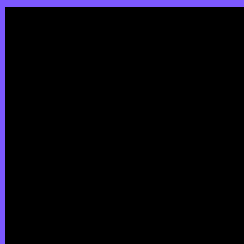
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229.

-103.1229.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229

### Protanopia

42.9481, 16.4608, -89.2156

### Deuteranopia

43.0378, 1.2809, -56.5585



## Tritanopia

42.9450, -10.1578, -5.3610

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229

## Protanomaly

41.6851, 25.2068, -99.0317

## Deuteranomaly

41.4738, 15.1589, -77.0390

## Tritanomaly

41.8955, 8.4284, -34.3913

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229

## Achromatopsia

42.5634, -2.2711, 2.3126

## Achromatomaly

41.6361, 13.1856, -26.8666

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 88, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 88, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 88, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 88, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 88, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 88, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 88, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 88, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 88, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 88,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.9936, 48.6996, -103.1229 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 88, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124, 88,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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