

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(42.9971, -4.1888,  
7.2405)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

HunterLab(42.9971, -4.1888,  
7.2405)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	78786B
RGB	120, 120, 107
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 42%
CMY	0.5294, 0.5294, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.11, 0.53
HSL	60°, 6%, 45%
HSV	60°, 11%, 47%
XYZ	17.1160, 18.4875, 16.5762
YIQ	118.5180, 4.1730, -4.0430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

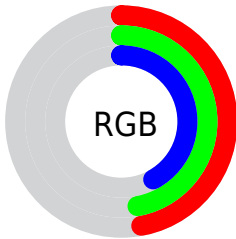
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	107, 120, 107
Decimal	7895147
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.08, -2.49, 7.14
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 7.564, 109.187
Yxy	18.4883, 0.3280, 0.3543
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286085227 (0xFF78786B)
YUV	118.5180, -5.6784, 1.2997
Hunter-Lab	42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405

# Details

The HunterLab color  $42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $38.7269, 0.0382, -3.3418$ , and the grayscale version is  $42.7848, -2.2829, 2.3246$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $63.8313, -5.6155, 9.1879$ , and  $25.1768, -2.8993, 5.3957$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $42.7233, -5.7116, 11.2011$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $43.3115, -2.4656, 2.7532$ .

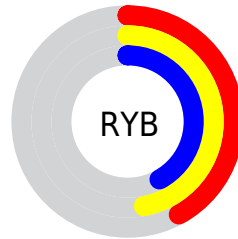
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (47%)

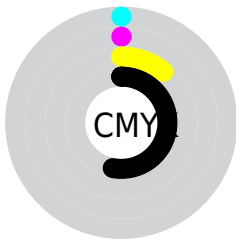
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (42%)

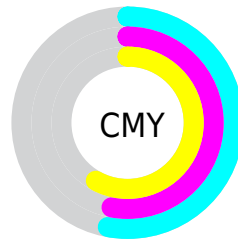


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.9971, -4.1888,  
7.2405

■ 42.9971, -4.1888,  
7.2405

156.0799,  
-11.2609, 16.3088

■ 33.6172, -3.5370,  
6.2932

■ 63.9278, -5.5798,  
9.1566

■ 25.0395, -2.9125,  
5.3427

■ 75.3848, -6.3156,  
10.1315

■ 17.3488, -2.3155,  
4.3764

■ 87.4545, -7.0778,  
11.1206

■ 10.6623, -1.7431,  
3.4822

■ 100.1075, -7.8657,  
12.1250

■ 0.9592, -1.6786,  
0.6714

113.3179, -8.6786,  
13.1457

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.0631, -9.5158,

14.1830

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.3230,  
-10.3768, 15.2373

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.9971, -4.1888,  
7.2405

■ 42.9971, -4.1888,  
7.2405

■ 42.7233, -5.7116,  
11.2011

■ 43.3115, -2.4656,  
2.7532

■ 42.4864, -7.0318,  
14.6365

■ 43.6644, -0.5391,  
-2.2612

■ 42.2862, -8.1537,  
17.5555

■ 44.0573, 1.5873,  
-7.7966

■ 42.1211, -9.0826,  
19.9716

■ 44.4905, 3.9100,  
-13.8437

■ 41.9895, -9.8258,  
21.9044

■ 44.9641, 6.4241,  
-20.3897

■ 41.8893, -10.3932,  
23.3795

■ 45.4781, 9.1236,  
-27.4190

■ 41.8180, -10.7974,  
24.4298

■ 46.0322, 12.0016,  
-34.9136

■ 41.7727, -11.0546,  
25.0973

■ 46.6262, 15.0503,  
-42.8537

■ 41.7436, -11.2199,  
25.5258

■ 47.2596, 18.2616,  
-51.2177

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.9980, -1.2009, 7.4242



42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405



42.9980, -6.6071, 5.7992

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.9980, -4.1899, 7.2411



42.9980, -6.0293, -2.0573



42.9980, 3.5618, 1.2904

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405



38.7269, 0.0382, -3.3418

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.9980, 2.1908, -1.4317



42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405



42.9980, -3.3814, -3.4514

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.9980, -4.1899, 7.2411



42.9980, -7.6486, 0.4837



42.9980, -0.3699, -3.2148



42.9980, 3.3308, 4.1180



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405



42.9980, -7.5950, 4.2588



42.9980, -0.3699, -3.2148



42.9980, 3.2716, 0.3296

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.9980, -4.1899, 7.2411



57.3409, -3.8051, 5.0445



39.4594, 1.7765, 3.4449



27.8995, -1.9349, 2.6705



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.9980, -4.1899, 7.2411



56.9275, -6.0828, 10.9726



42.4727, -6.0522, 6.6476



21.5265, -1.9517, 3.2475



43.5993, -11.7187, 26.6605



95.2230, -25.5953, 58.2279



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.7269, 0.0382, -3.3418



49.9834, 0.8012, -6.2587



39.2630, 1.8613, -2.6081



19.7322, -0.1768, -1.1948



12.1637, 32.9927, -86.4180

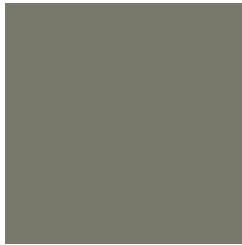


26.5653, 72.0572, -188.7485



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

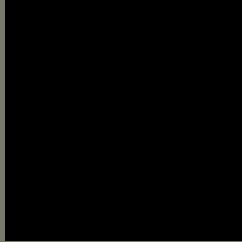
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

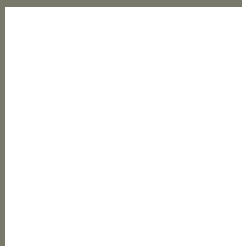
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405

### Protanopia

43.0341, -2.6783, 7.6841

### Deuteranopia

43.0059, 2.8920, 6.9913



## Tritanopia

42.9417, 0.9030, -0.7771

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405

## Protanomaly

42.9479, -2.9792, 7.5880

## Deuteranomaly

43.0710, 0.3590, 7.0166

## Tritanomaly

42.9259, -0.9598, 2.3279

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405

## Achromatopsia

42.9506, -2.2917, 2.3336

## Achromatomaly

42.8409, -2.8934, 3.9003

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 120, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 120, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 120, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 120, 107) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 120, 107) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 120, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 120, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 120, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 120, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 120,  
107) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 42.9971, -4.1888, 7.2405 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 120, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
120, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor