

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.0380, 87.2408,  
-77.1258)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(43.0380, 87.2408,  
-77.1258) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(43.0380, 87.2408,  
-77.1258)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CB00E8
RGB	203, 0, 232
RGB Percent	80%, 0%, 91%
CMY	0.2039, 0.9999, 0.0902
CMYK	0.12, 1.00, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	292°, 100%, 45%
HSV	292°, 100%, 91%
XYZ	39.1941, 18.5227, 77.8534
YIQ	87.1450, 46.5160, 115.1880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

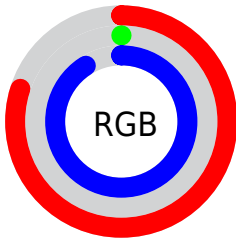
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	203, 0, 232
Decimal	13304040
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.12, 87.14, -64.83
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 108.615, 323.351
Yxy	18.5235, 0.2891, 0.1366
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291494120 (0xFFCB00E8)
YUV	87.1450, 71.4135, 101.6048
Hunter-Lab	43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258

# Details

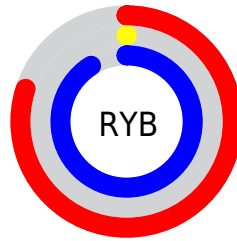
The HunterLab color **43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33FF**. The color can be described as middle washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **76.1413, -64.4083, 45.7899**, and the grayscale version is **30.6642, -1.6362, 1.6660**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.4032, 81.3335, -54.2202**, and **29.8911, 61.5439, -60.9508** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.0379, 87.2408, -77.1264**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.2218, 85.2930, -73.6155**.

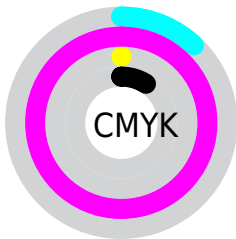
# Distribution



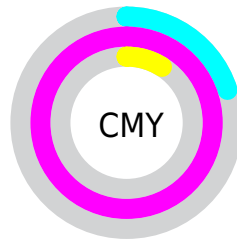
- Red (80%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



43.0380, 87.2408,  
-77.1258

43.0380, 87.2408,  
-77.1258

156.1427,  
108.4730, -83.2868

33.6548, 84.8002,  
-77.6310

63.9745, 92.3642,  
-77.6710

25.0736, 82.6967,  
-79.2695

75.4340, 94.8955,  
-78.3170

17.3790, 81.4465,  
-83.2128

87.5063, 97.3629,  
-79.0775

10.6880, 82.5072,  
-92.6730

100.1616, 99.7532,  
-79.8999

1.1762, 441.4868,  
-544.5471

113.3743,  
102.0604, -80.7506

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

127.1217,

104.2824, -81.6076

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.3838,  
106.4194, -82.4564

■ 43.0380, 87.2408,  
-77.1258

■ 43.0380, 87.2408,  
-77.1258

■ 43.0379, 87.2408,  
-77.1264

■ 44.2218, 85.2930,  
-73.6155

■ 46.1950, 80.6671,  
-68.1083

■ 49.1042, 73.2782,  
-60.6399

■ 52.9251, 63.7796,  
-51.7969

■ 57.5768, 52.9438,  
-42.2105

■ 62.9558, 41.4251,  
-32.3806

■ 68.9579, 29.6792,  
-22.6297

■ 75.4894, 17.9790,  
-13.1304

■ 82.4711, 6.4654,  
-3.9538

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.0389, 36.0376, -152.9227



43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258



43.0389, 115.9620, -7.9038

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.0389, 87.2393, -77.1234



43.0389, 7.7999, 30.1272



43.0389, -55.2525, -42.5133

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258



76.1413, -64.4083, 45.7899

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.0389, -57.7900, 10.5606



43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258



43.0389, -30.6400, 30.1272

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.0389, 87.2393, -77.1234



43.0389, 59.7242, 30.1272



43.0389, -50.8834, 27.8977



43.0389, -41.6526, -122.4728



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258



43.0389, 112.7599, 16.9414



43.0389, -50.8834, 27.8977



43.0389, -57.1273, -20.3237

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.0389, 87.2393, -77.1234



76.6494, 33.2542, -25.3680



26.0841, 57.3746, -156.4552



34.1175, 17.9521, -13.8534

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.0389, 87.2393, -77.1234



47.8828, 97.0788, -85.9415



43.8875, 79.9515, -8.8160



38.1038, 2.6897, -1.5943



32.1264, 65.0851, -57.2836



8.8794, 17.8979, -15.1283



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.5273, 71.3277, 25.1762



46.2208, 79.3787, 28.1291



76.4007, -62.4425, 39.3021



37.9436, 1.5763, 2.6471



30.9570, 53.2059, 18.5227



8.4722, 14.6738, 4.1962



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

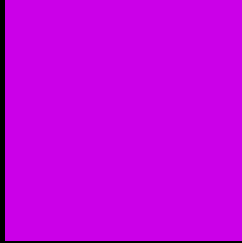
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

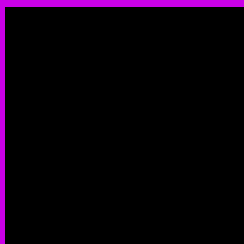
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258.

-77.1258.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258

### Deuteranopia

43.8496, 3.6107, -62.6027

### Tritanopia

43.3409, 31.8461, 11.7930

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258

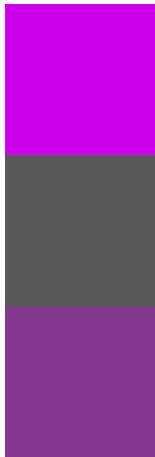
## Deuteranomaly

34.9748, 35.0889, -96.1814

## Tritanomaly

40.3830, 55.0376, -14.0788

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258

## Achromatopsia

30.8719, -1.6472, 1.6773

## Achromatomaly

30.4843, 35.3807, -28.8519

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 0, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 0, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 0, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 0, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 0, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 0, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 0, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 0, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 0, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 0,  
232) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.0380, 87.2408, -77.1258 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 0, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203, 0,  
232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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