

Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.0733, -0.7675,
-1.3457)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(43.0733, -0.7675,
-1.3457) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(43.2135, -0.8554,
-1.4066)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	777780
RGB	119, 119, 128
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 50%
CMY	0.5333, 0.5333, 0.4980
CMYK	0.07, 0.07, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	240°, 4%, 48%
HSV	240°, 7%, 50%
XYZ	18.1008, 18.6741, 23.0725
YIQ	120.0260, -2.8890, 2.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	119, 119, 128
Decimal	7829376
CIELab	50.30, 1.87, -4.92
CIELCh	50, 5.264, 290.858
Yxy	18.6749, 0.3024, 0.3120
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286019456 (0xFF777780)
YUV	120.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998
Hunter-Lab	43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066

Details

The HunterLab color $[43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[46.2161, -3.8212, 6.0209]$, and the grayscale version is $[43.3352, -2.3123, 2.3545]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[64.1248, -1.7138, -0.9366]$, and $[25.3191, -0.1539, -1.7231]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[38.7111, 1.6031, -7.3973]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[47.8502, -3.1422, 4.1252]$.

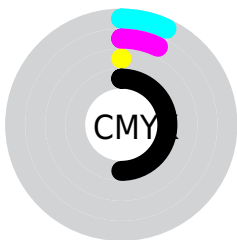
Distribution



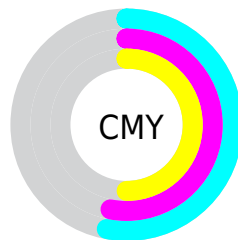
- Red (47%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43.2135, -0.8554,
-1.4066

■ 43.2135, -0.8554,
-1.4066

156.4122, -6.1335,
2.8836

■ 33.8165, -0.4668,
-1.6486

■ 64.1747, -1.7738,
-0.7524

■ 25.2203, -0.1304,
-1.8257

■ 75.6456, -2.2942,
-0.3521

■ 17.5088, 0.1449,
-1.9264

■ 87.7286, -2.8519,
0.0923

■ 10.7984, 0.3468,
-1.9352

100.3942, -3.4448,
0.5776

■ 1.8364, 4.3489,
-11.0026

113.6166, -4.0709,
1.1013

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.3734, -4.7286,

1.6615

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.6446, -5.4165,
2.2561

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.2135, -0.8554,
-1.4066

■ 43.2135, -0.8554,
-1.4066

■ 38.7111, 1.6031,
-7.3973

■ 47.8502, -3.1422,
4.1252

■ 34.3616, 4.2898,
-13.9897

■ 52.6024, -5.2948,
9.3019

■ 30.1951, 7.2740,
-21.3672

■ 57.4585, -7.3447,
14.2038

■ 26.2527, 10.6430,
-29.7595

■ 62.4088, -9.3147,
18.8912

■ 22.5935, 14.4917,
-39.4167

■ 67.4453, -11.2223,
23.4101

■ 19.3041, 18.8792,
-50.4989

■ 72.5614, -13.0811,
27.7958

■ 16.5080, 23.7071,
-62.7616

■ 77.7515, -14.9015,
32.0760

■ 14.3645, 28.4834,
-74.9441

■ 83.0111, -16.6917,
36.2724

■ 12.9078, 32.5251,
-85.2835

■ 88.3362, -18.4582,
40.4020

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.2144, -2.9499, -1.6278



43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066



43.2144, 0.8788, -0.1516

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.2144, -0.8563, -1.4059



43.2144, 0.2788, 5.2355



43.2144, -6.2353, 2.9601

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066



46.2161, -3.8212, 6.0209

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.2144, -5.4053, 4.7148



43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066



43.2144, -1.6626, 5.9865

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.2144, -0.8563, -1.4059



43.2144, 1.5428, 3.7019



43.2144, -3.7410, 5.8005



43.2144, -6.0288, 0.9576

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066



43.2144, 1.5858, 1.0695



43.2144, -3.7410, 5.8005



43.2144, -6.0688, 3.5969

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.2144, -0.8563, -1.4059



60.3866, -2.6734, 1.8599



45.7331, -5.0405, 1.6831



29.2619, -1.3146, 0.9510



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.2144, -0.8563, -1.4059



56.6424, -0.7729, -2.7478



43.5767, 0.3891, -0.9279



20.5228, -0.1770, -1.2625



12.4337, 33.7095, -88.3101

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.7208, 0.3625, 3.2779



57.4274, 1.1097, 4.5177



45.8580, -5.0849, 5.6034



20.8429, 0.5885, 1.7019



21.3321, 36.5321, 13.7821

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

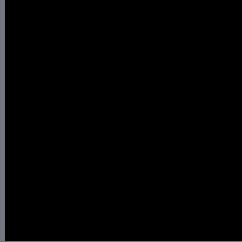
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

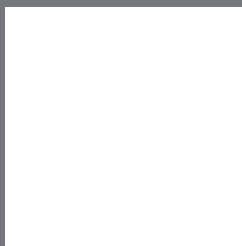
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066.

-1.4066.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066

Protanopia

43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066

Deuteranopia

43.1136, 3.0510, -1.9417



Tritanopia

43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066

Trichromacy



Original Color

43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066

Protanomaly

43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066

Deuteranomaly

43.1192, 1.6883, -1.9583

Tritanomaly

43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066

Monochromacy



Original Color

43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066

Achromatopsia

43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547

Achromatomaly

43.4236, -1.8457, 1.1393

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 119, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 119, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 119, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 119, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

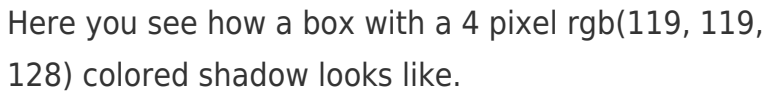
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 119, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 119, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 119, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 119, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 119, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 119, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.2135, -0.8554, -1.4066 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 119, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
119, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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