

Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.1844, -12.2042,
-6.0944)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(43.1844, -12.2042,
-6.0944) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(43.1823,
-12.2039, -6.0999)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	4F7F89
RGB	79, 127, 137
RGB Percent	31%, 50%, 54%
CMY	0.6902, 0.5020, 0.4627
CMYK	0.42, 0.07, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	190°, 27%, 42%
HSV	190°, 42%, 54%
XYZ	15.3291, 18.6471, 26.4582
YIQ	113.7880, -31.8180, -7.0660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

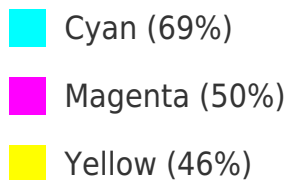
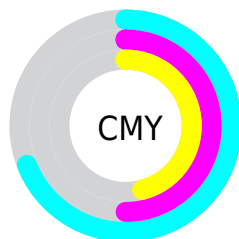
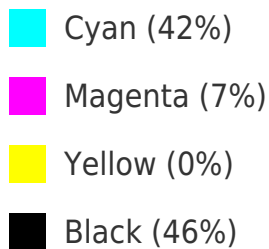
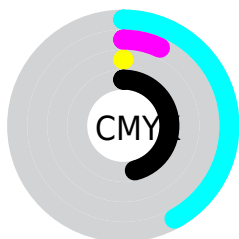
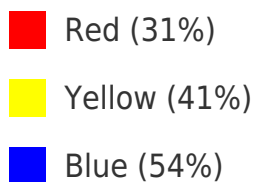
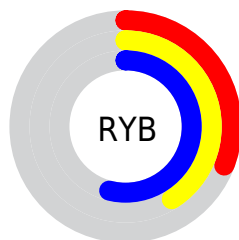
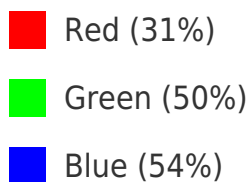
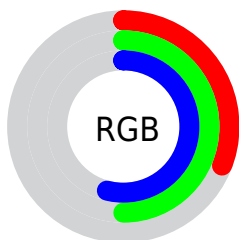
Format	Color
RYB	79, 105, 137
Decimal	5209993
CIELab	50.27, -13.49, -10.54
CIELCh	50, 17.121, 218.004
Yxy	18.6478, 0.2537, 0.3086
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283400073 (0xFF4F7F89)
YUV	113.7880, 11.4435, -30.5091
Hunter-Lab	43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999

Details

The HunterLab color **43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **36.0942, 12.5021, 10.3083**, and the grayscale version is **40.9061, -2.1826, 2.2225**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.1759, -15.0262, -5.7245**, and **25.2387, -9.5360, -5.7971** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.8529, -13.5180, -7.9747**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.6256, -10.5042, -4.1303**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

43.1823, -12.2039,
-6.0999

43.1823, -12.2039,
-6.0999

156.3642,
-23.9743, -3.8069

33.7877, -10.8476,
-6.0714

64.1390, -14.8447,
-5.9510

25.1941, -9.4459,
-5.9655

75.6079, -16.1470,
-5.7875

17.4856, -7.9698,
-5.7729

87.6890, -17.4450,
-5.5707

10.7787, -6.4164,
-5.4898

100.3527,
-18.7425, -5.3047

1.7373, -3.0402,
-25.0590

113.5734,
-20.0423, -4.9927

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.3286,

-21.3465, -4.6375

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.5981,
-22.6567, -4.2415

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.1823, -12.2039,
-6.0999

■ 43.1823, -12.2039,
-6.0999

■ 41.8529, -13.5180,
-7.9747

■ 44.6256, -10.5042,
-4.1303

■ 40.6365, -14.4276,
-9.7437

■ 46.1772, -8.4418,
-2.0815

■ 39.5339, -14.9235,
-11.3949

■ 47.8341, -6.0444,
0.0340

■ 38.5423, -15.0089,
-12.9206

■ 49.5918, -3.3408,
2.2042

■ 37.6557, -14.7035,
-14.3188

■ 51.4455, -0.3600,
4.4182

■ 37.0162, -14.3220,
-15.3500

■ 53.3902, 2.8701,
6.6666

■ 55.4209, 6.3232,
8.9414

■ 57.5328, 9.9751,
11.2360

■ 59.7210, 13.8040,
13.5451

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.1831, -14.5927, 0.5689



43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999



43.1831, -7.1305, -10.9580

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.1831, -12.2042, -6.0992



43.1831, 10.5996, -2.6113



43.1831, -4.1256, 13.0099

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999



36.0942, 12.5021, 10.3083

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.1831, 2.7391, 12.4305



43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999



43.1831, 11.5284, 4.0594

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.1831, -12.2042, -6.0992



43.1831, 6.1078, -8.7357



43.1831, 8.5718, 9.3766



43.1831, -10.1220, 11.1051

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999



43.1831, -2.7643, -12.1426



43.1831, 8.5718, 9.3766



43.1831, -1.8467, 13.0928

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.1831, -12.2042, -6.0992



63.7948, -8.4125, -0.2275



45.0218, -23.4414, 14.9812



30.0038, -4.2935, -0.3723



83.1908, -4.4389, 4.5199



31.6988, -1.6914, 1.7223

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.1831, -12.2042, -6.0992



56.0435, -18.0587, -10.6207



35.0239, 0.5756, -18.4732



23.5466, -2.5393, 0.3494



35.7468, -13.8508, -14.7806



3.2063, -1.5050, -0.7588

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.2748, 24.0089, -11.5931



43.6504, 40.2165, -19.3404



43.3149, -0.9333, 16.5481



22.6151, 1.4470, -0.2361



24.6459, 46.7516, -19.3051



2.0533, 3.9668, -2.1652

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

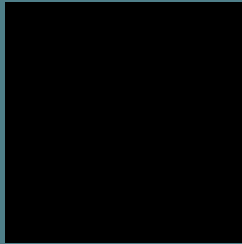
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999.

-12.2039, -6.0999.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999

Protanopia

42.9501, -0.1622, -3.1790

Deuteranopia

42.9183, 3.0449, -7.2444



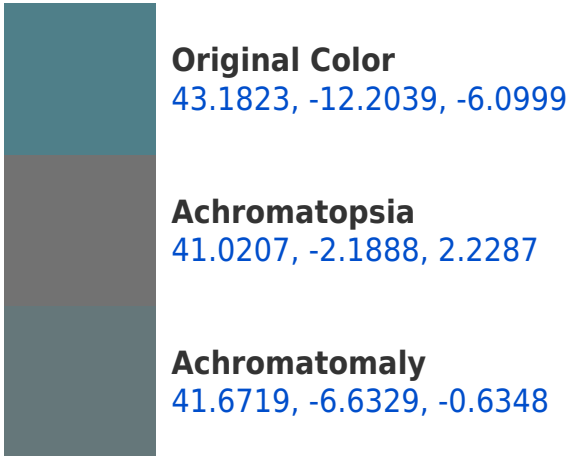
Tritanopia

43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 127, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 127, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 127, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 127, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 127, 137) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 127, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 127, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 127, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 127, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 127,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.1823, -12.2039, -6.0999 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 127, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 127,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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