

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.2003, 57.2619,  
-102.1736)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(43.2003, 57.2619,  
-102.1736) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(43.1875, 57.4002,  
-102.2655)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F4FFF
RGB	143, 79, 255
RGB Percent	56%, 31%, 100%
CMY	0.4392, 0.6902, 0.0000
CMYK	0.44, 0.69, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	262°, 100%, 65%
HSV	262°, 69%, 100%
XYZ	32.1737, 18.6516, 96.5121
YIQ	118.2000, -18.3520, 68.3040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

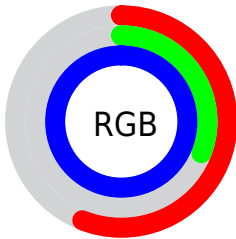
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	143, 79, 255
Decimal	9392127
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.28, 62.79, -77.85
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 100.012, 308.888
Yxy	18.6521, 0.2184, 0.1266
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287582207 (0xFF8F4FFF)
YUV	118.2000, 67.4424, 21.7496
Hunter-Lab	43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655

# Details

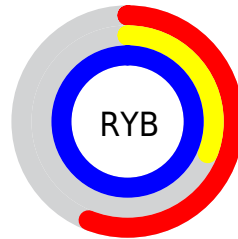
The HunterLab color **43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9933FF**. The color can be described as light washed purple. A complement of this color would be **91.1923, -44.7730, 50.5990**, and the grayscale version is **42.3939, -2.2620, 2.3033**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.4648, 45.3449, -54.7176**, and **25.1982, 52.9002, -107.8374** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.8247, 66.2514, -123.8297**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.6148, 47.7102, -81.6491**.

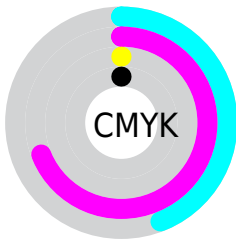
# Distribution



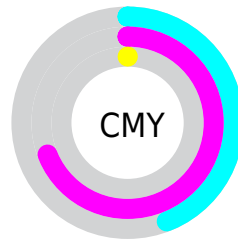
- Red (56%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



43.1875, 57.4002,  
-102.2655

43.1875, 57.4002,  
-102.2655

156.3718, 72.9630,  
-106.6999

33.7923, 55.2303,  
-104.0592

64.1447, 61.5252,  
-101.4786

25.1983, 53.0640,  
-107.8053

75.6139, 63.4435,  
-101.8031

17.4893, 51.0815,  
-115.4407

87.6953, 65.2616,  
-102.3777

10.7819, 49.8233,  
-132.2501

100.3593, 66.9817,  
-103.1111

1.7534, 178.8389,  
-545.5524

113.5803, 68.6075,  
-103.9440

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

127.3357, 70.1434,

-104.8366

0.0000, NaN, -NF

141.6055, 71.5938,  
-105.7617

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 43.1875, 57.4002,  
-102.2655

■ 43.1875, 57.4002,  
-102.2655

■ 37.8247, 66.2514,  
-123.8297

■ 49.6148, 47.7102,  
-81.6491

■ 33.7654, 72.8849,  
-144.0433

■ 56.8792, 37.9625,  
-62.9043

■ 31.0985, 76.0244,  
-159.8778

■ 64.8036, 28.4861,  
-46.1281

■ 30.8760, 76.2593,  
-161.3106

■ 73.2564, 19.3683,  
-31.0913

■ 82.1422, 10.5935,  
-17.4865

■ 91.3907, 2.1111,  
-5.0255

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.1881, 10.2372, -150.5418



43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655



43.1881, 95.4801, -33.2035

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.1881, 57.4010, -102.2633



43.1881, 29.0545, 30.2317



43.1881, -55.0718, -10.5574

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655



91.1923, -44.7730, 50.5990

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.1881, -53.2029, 21.2800



43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655



43.1881, -13.5646, 30.2317

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.1881, 57.4010, -102.2633



43.1881, 75.3984, 27.6818



43.1881, -40.7784, 29.3834



43.1881, -47.3666, -73.4833



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655



43.1881, 104.7060, 0.9054



43.1881, -40.7784, 29.3834



43.1881, -55.4585, 3.7480

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.1881, 57.4010, -102.2633



80.3515, 12.3064, -20.0818



68.7018, -15.1757, -39.5789



36.0307, 6.8076, -11.0010

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.1881, 57.4010, -102.2633



36.0406, 69.2502, -132.2178



54.2258, 79.6741, -68.6348



42.0705, 1.1644, -2.5943



22.4901, 55.2890, -115.4968



7.4274, 17.6650, -33.5366



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.3294, 75.5764, -17.3989



51.2142, 85.1858, -15.7307



86.6672, -63.0138, 47.2402



42.6400, 2.8079, 0.3300



35.3645, 64.5150, -7.7847

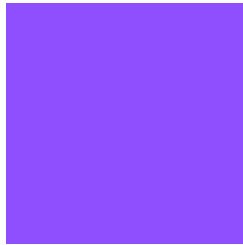


11.1297, 20.4714, -3.7488



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

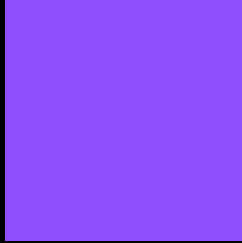
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

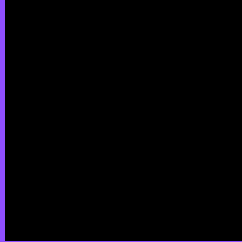
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655.

-102.2655.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655

### Protanopia

43.2811, 16.2624, -89.2035

### Deuteranopia

43.1535, 1.9041, -58.0485



## Tritanopia

42.9682, -3.0726, -2.2351

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655



## Protanomaly

41.1682, 27.4901, -100.8815



## Deuteranomaly

40.7237, 18.3057, -80.3912



## Tritanomaly

41.7244, 16.6414, -31.6301

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655



## Achromatopsia

42.5634, -2.2711, 2.3126



## Achromatomaly

41.5208, 16.6322, -27.0237

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 79, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 79, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 79, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 79, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 79, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 79, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 79, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 79, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 79, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 79,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.1875, 57.4002, -102.2655 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 79, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143, 79,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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