

Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.2053, -2.6523,
2.6203)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(43.2053, -2.6523, 2.6203)
contains.

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Color

HunterLab(43.2282, -2.7517,
2.6514)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	777877
RGB	119, 120, 119
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 47%
CMY	0.5333, 0.5294, 0.5333
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.53
HSL	120°, 0%, 47%
HSV	120°, 1%, 47%
XYZ	17.6540, 18.6868, 20.1292
YIQ	119.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 120, 120
Decimal	7829623
CIE _{Lab}	50.32, -0.58, 0.41
CIE _{LCh}	50, 0.708, 144.649
Yxy	18.6876, 0.3126, 0.3309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286019703 (0xFF777877)
YUV	119.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514

Details

The HunterLab color $43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43.0619, -1.8498, 2.0351$, and the grayscale version is $43.1800, -2.3040, 2.3461$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $64.1118, -3.8965, 3.8068$, and $25.3560, -1.7597, 1.6542$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $41.9774, -7.8299, 6.0821$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44.6069, 2.6661, -1.0079$.

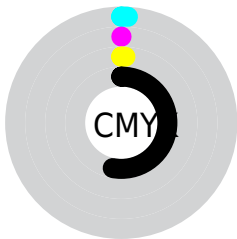
Distribution



- Red (47%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43.2282, -2.7517,
2.6514

■ 43.2282, -2.7517,
2.6514

■ 156.4348, -9.0375,
8.9752

■ 33.8301, -2.2157,
2.1168

■ 64.1915, -3.9351,
3.8355

■ 25.2325, -1.7183,
1.6230

■ 75.6633, -4.5764,
4.4793

■ 17.5197, -1.2636,
1.1743

■ 87.7472, -5.2490,
5.1554

■ 10.8077, -0.8560,
0.7756

■ 100.4136, -5.9515,
5.8624

■ 1.8812, -1.4388,
1.0055

■ 113.6369, -6.6825,
6.5989

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 127.3945, -7.4412,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.3639

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.6665, -8.2265,
8.1563

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.2282, -2.7517,
2.6514

■ 43.2282, -2.7517,
2.6514

■ 41.9774, -7.8299,
6.0821

■ 44.6069, 2.6661,
-1.0079

■ 40.8568, -12.5114,
9.2454

■ 46.1049, 8.3739,
-4.8623

■ 39.8713, -16.7437,
12.1057

■ 47.7168, 14.3222,
-8.8781

■ 39.0233, -20.4781,
14.6299

■ 49.4362, 20.4672,
-13.0257

■ 38.3135, -23.6745,
16.7907

■ 51.2565, 26.7708,
-17.2794

■ 37.7402, -26.3054,
18.5696

■ 53.1714, 33.2004,
-21.6170

■ 37.2992, -28.3606,
19.9593

■ 55.1746, 39.7288,
-26.0201

■ 36.9833, -29.8503,
20.9667

■ 57.2603, 46.3336,
-30.4738

■ 36.7817, -30.8087,
21.6149

■ 59.4232, 52.9967,
-34.9656

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.2291, -2.5361, 2.8218



43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514



43.2291, -2.8504, 2.4014

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.2291, -2.7527, 2.6521



43.2291, -2.3597, 1.8335



43.2291, -1.8123, 2.5688

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514



43.0619, -1.8498, 2.0351

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.2291, -1.7647, 2.3047



43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514



43.2291, -2.0813, 1.8790

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.2291, -2.7527, 2.6521



43.2291, -2.6239, 1.9279



43.2291, -1.8633, 2.0519



43.2291, -1.9930, 2.7740

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514



43.2291, -2.8351, 2.2217



43.2291, -1.8633, 2.0519



43.2291, -1.7802, 2.4840

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.2291, -2.7527, 2.6521



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



43.3115, -2.4656, 2.7534



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.2291, -2.7527, 2.6521



57.2962, -3.7825, 3.6062



43.2431, -2.6761, 2.4529



21.6112, -1.3958, 1.3392



38.2813, -32.8261, 23.0139



83.6085, -71.6942, 50.2638

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.0619, -1.8498, 2.0351



57.0242, -2.3139, 2.6027



43.0478, -1.9269, 2.2361



21.5202, -0.9046, 1.0035



24.1567, 47.4926, -31.8584



52.7596, 103.7264, -69.5801

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

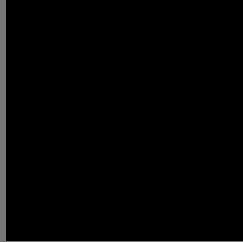
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.2282, -2.7517,

2.6514.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514

Protanopia

43.1732, -1.5747, 3.0377

Deuteranopia

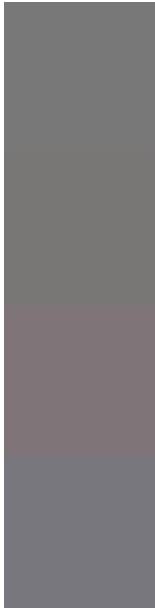
43.2113, 2.8487, 2.2953



Tritanopia

43.2958, -0.5724, -1.2977

Trichromacy



Original Color

43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514

Protanomaly

43.0890, -1.8665, 2.9347

Deuteranomaly

43.1169, 1.1497, 2.1540

Tritanomaly

43.2058, -1.0623, -0.0202

Monochromacy



Original Color

43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514

Achromatopsia

43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547

Achromatomaly

43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 120, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 120, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 120, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 120, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 120, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 120, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 120, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 120, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 120, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 120,  
119) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.2282, -2.7517, 2.6514 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 120, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
120, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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