

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.2070, -6.3191,  
2.6811)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(43.2070, -6.3191, 2.6811)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(43.0883, -6.1403,  
2.4280)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6E7A77
RGB	110, 122, 119
RGB Percent	43%, 48%, 47%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5216, 0.5333
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.02, 0.52
HSL	165°, 5%, 45%
HSV	165°, 10%, 48%
XYZ	16.7198, 18.5660, 20.1552
YIQ	118.0700, -6.1890, -3.4770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

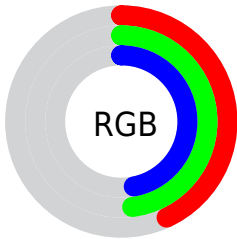
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	110, 117, 122
Decimal	7240311
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.18, -5.08, 0.11
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 5.085, 178.717
Yxy	18.5668, 0.3016, 0.3349
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285430391 (0xFF6E7A77)
YUV	118.0700, 0.4585, -7.0774
Hunter-Lab	43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280

# Details

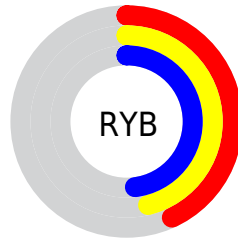
The HunterLab color  $43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $40.5983, 1.8654, 2.2323$ , and the grayscale version is  $42.5913, -2.2726, 2.3141$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $63.9482, -7.5502, 3.5509$ , and  $24.9883, -4.3949, 1.1765$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $42.1488, -9.7064, 2.5809$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $44.1345, -2.2891, 2.3974$ .

# Distribution



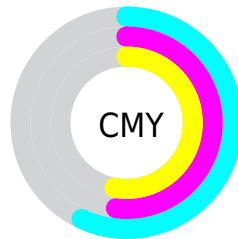
- Red (43%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 43.0883, -6.1403,  
2.4280

■ 43.0883, -6.1403,  
2.4280

156.2199,  
-14.3037, 8.6314

■ 33.7012, -5.3265,  
1.9111

■ 64.0319, -7.8200,  
3.5804

■ 25.1156, -4.5241,  
1.4366

■ 75.4947, -8.6871,  
4.2097

■ 17.4162, -3.7272,  
1.0095

■ 87.5700, -9.5738,  
4.8721

■ 10.7196, -2.9219,  
0.6357

■ 100.2283,  
-10.4802, 5.5660

■ 1.3978, -2.4461,  
0.4137

113.4438,  
-11.4065, 6.2900

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.1939,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-12.3526, 7.0429

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.4586,  
-13.3184, 7.8237

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.0883, -6.1403,  
2.4280

■ 43.0883, -6.1403,  
2.4280

■ 42.1488, -9.7064,  
2.5809

■ 44.1345, -2.2891,  
2.3974

■ 41.3150, -12.9558,  
2.8545

■ 45.2819, 1.8189,  
2.4846

■ 40.5887, -15.8639,  
3.2478

■ 46.5282, 6.1519,  
2.6863

■ 39.9693, -18.4106,  
3.7564

■ 47.8694, 10.6797,  
2.9971

■ 39.4551, -20.5830,  
4.3733

■ 49.3016, 15.3741,  
3.4111

■ 39.0423, -22.3775,  
5.0886

■ 50.8203, 20.2090,  
3.9217

■ 38.7253, -23.8018,  
5.8898

■ 52.4212, 25.1612,  
4.5220

■ 38.4963, -24.8763,  
6.7616

■ 54.0999, 30.2102,  
5.2054

■ 38.3220, -25.7291,  
7.6613

■ 55.8522, 35.3383,  
5.9652

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.0892, -5.5923, 4.2325



43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280



43.0892, -5.6772, 0.5198

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.0892, -6.1412, 2.4287



43.0892, -0.4066, -1.0457



43.0892, -0.2523, 5.4046

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280



40.5983, 1.8654, 2.2323

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.0892, 1.1815, 4.0946



43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280



43.0892, 1.0912, 0.3690

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.0892, -6.1412, 2.4287



43.0892, -2.3889, -1.5412



43.0892, 1.6776, 2.2621



43.0892, -2.2139, 5.9007



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280



43.0892, -4.8509, -0.5442



43.0892, 1.6776, 2.2621



43.0892, 0.3087, 5.0479

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.0892, -6.1412, 2.4287



58.0744, -4.7282, 3.1758



43.0926, -6.6075, 6.1406



27.7216, -2.4375, 1.5192



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.0892, -6.1412, 2.4287



56.8326, -9.3416, 3.2558



42.3818, -4.4032, 0.2791



21.2041, -2.8765, 1.1897



39.3158, -26.4241, 7.9006



85.7854, -58.2150, 18.4451



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.5983, 1.8654, 2.2323



52.7175, 3.8917, 2.9344



41.2670, 0.1224, 4.2356



20.0748, 0.7529, 1.1005



21.1104, 36.6270, 9.9595



45.9783, 79.5232, 23.6330



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

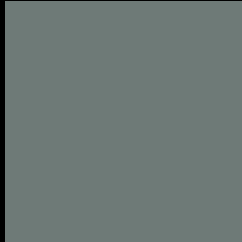
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

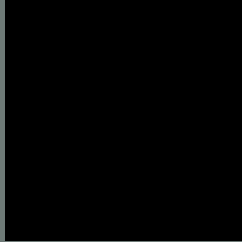
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

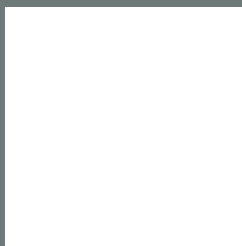
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.0883, -6.1403,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280

### Protanopia

43.1458, -1.7244, 3.4291

### Deuteranopia

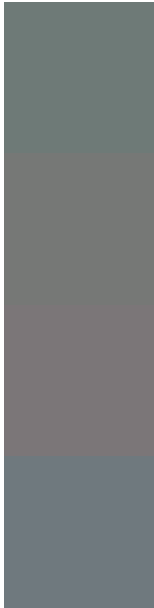
42.8525, 3.0138, 1.8730



## Tritanopia

42.9993, -2.9018, -2.6751

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280

## Protanomaly

43.1190, -3.1886, 2.9465

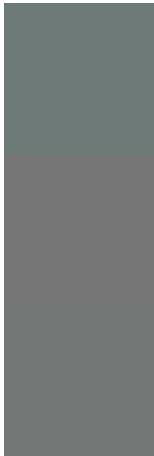
## Deuteranomaly

43.0394, -0.5130, 2.0331

## Tritanomaly

43.0820, -4.3001, -0.6929

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280

## Achromatopsia

42.5634, -2.2711, 2.3126

## Achromatomaly

42.5987, -3.5769, 2.3312

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 122, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 122, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 122, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 122, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 122, 119) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 122, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 122, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 122, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 122, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 122,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.0883, -6.1403, 2.4280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 122, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
122, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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