

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.2080, 77.4785,  
0.9169)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(43.2080, 77.4785,  
0.9169) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(43.1997, 77.4677,  
0.8851)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E8007E
RGB	232, 0, 126
RGB Percent	91%, 0%, 49%
CMY	0.0902, 0.9998, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.46, 0.09
HSL	327°, 100%, 46%
HSV	327°, 100%, 91%
XYZ	37.0446, 18.6621, 21.3883
YIQ	83.7320, 97.8260, 88.3700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

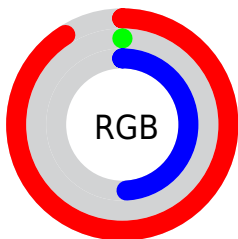
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	232, 0, 126
Decimal	15204478
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.29, 79.49, -1.97
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 79.519, 358.582
Yxy	18.6632, 0.4805, 0.2421
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293394558 (0xFFE8007E)
YUV	83.7320, 20.8381, 130.0310
Hunter-Lab	43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851

# Details

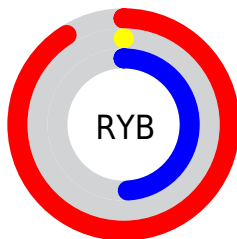
The HunterLab color **43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3399**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **76.6518, -60.8763, 35.6088**, and the grayscale version is **29.5895, -1.5788, 1.6077**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.1479, 66.6853, -7.3166**, and **30.1361, 53.3870, 5.6909** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.1990, 77.4651, 0.8950**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.2418, 76.2038, -2.9213**.

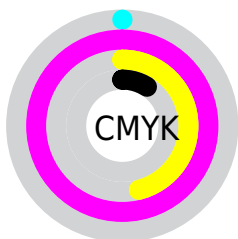
# Distribution



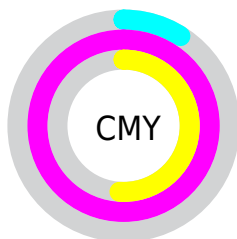
- Red (91%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



43.1997, 77.4677,  
0.8851

43.1997, 77.4677,  
0.8851

156.3916, 97.0963,  
6.2853

33.8041, 75.0511,  
0.4859

64.1594, 82.3466,  
1.8275

25.2090, 72.8435,  
0.1388

75.6294, 84.7103,  
2.3604

17.4988, 71.2255,  
-0.1469

87.7116, 86.9939,  
2.9311

10.7900, 71.2917,  
-0.3596

100.3764, 89.1904,  
3.5375

1.7944, 250.6756,  
-4.4468

113.5981, 91.2978,  
4.1777

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.3542, 93.3164,

4.8499

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.6246, 95.2484,  
5.5529

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.1997, 77.4677,  
0.8851

■ 43.1997, 77.4677,  
0.8851

■ 43.1990, 77.4651,  
0.8950

■ 44.2418, 76.2038,  
-2.9213

■ 46.1067, 72.4523,  
-5.9259

■ 48.9434, 66.0743,  
-7.7652

■ 52.7265, 57.6542,  
-8.3834

■ 57.3704, 47.9137,  
-7.8911

■ 62.7653, 37.4758,  
-6.4775

■ 68.8012, 26.7781,  
-4.3401

■ 75.3797, 16.0847,  
-1.6497

■ 82.4177, 5.5338,  
1.4598

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.2010, 63.2971, -40.3268



43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851



43.2010, 65.6284, 21.9594

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.2010, 77.4631, 0.8865



43.2010, -27.8582, 28.5983



43.2010, -29.8016, -82.6561

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851



76.6518, -60.8763, 35.6088

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.2010, -43.9801, -35.7956



43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851



43.2010, -43.1078, 23.0207

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.2010, 77.4631, 0.8865



43.2010, -0.7830, 29.5485



43.2010, -48.0400, 3.7670



43.2010, -3.8109, -105.6985



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851



43.2010, 46.0838, 27.1897



43.2010, -48.0400, 3.7670



43.2010, -35.7932, -68.0366

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.2010, 77.4631, 0.8865



76.4654, 30.0215, -4.8795



29.6582, 70.4246, -133.1116



34.0242, 16.2300, -2.7612

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.2010, 77.4631, 0.8865



48.0713, 86.1688, 1.2551



41.4519, 71.0426, 26.3046



38.0766, 2.2910, 0.7512



32.2272, 57.8638, 0.0983



8.8667, 16.1136, -1.4724



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.2010, 77.4631, 0.8865



48.0713, 86.1688, 1.2551



79.3108, -44.6524, -2.7376



38.0766, 2.2910, 0.7512



32.2272, 57.8638, 0.0983



8.8667, 16.1136, -1.4724



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

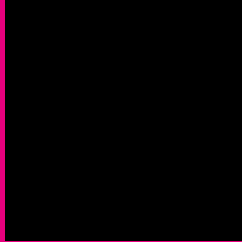
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.1997, 77.4677,

0.8851.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851

### Protanopia

43.8625, 5.4162, -31.9694

### Deuteranopia

43.7429, 3.0446, 4.6119



## Tritanopia

43.6053, 61.7784, 23.6924

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851



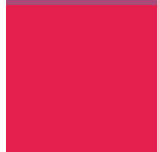
## Protanomaly

37.4673, 35.5762, -29.6473



## Deuteranomaly

38.4703, 36.6881, -3.0383



## Tritanomaly

42.7096, 68.2132, 17.5058

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851



## Achromatopsia

29.7751, -1.5887, 1.6177



## Achromatomaly

29.7495, 31.9786, -4.6345

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 0, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 0, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 0, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 0, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 0, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 0, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 0, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 0, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 0, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 0,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.1997, 77.4677, 0.8851 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 0, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232, 0,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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