

Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.2219, -14.0053,
3.0412)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(43.2219, -14.0053,
3.0412) contains.

HunterLab(43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(43.3832,
-14.1470, 3.0610)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	588076
RGB	88, 128, 118
RGB Percent	35%, 50%, 46%
CMY	0.6549, 0.4980, 0.5373
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.08, 0.50
HSL	165°, 19%, 42%
HSV	165°, 31%, 50%
XYZ	15.0136, 18.8210, 19.9810
YIQ	114.9000, -20.6300, -11.5900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

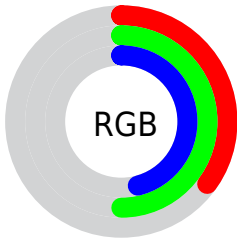
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 111, 128
Decimal	5800054
CIE _{Lab}	50.48, -16.26, 0.96
CIE _{LCh}	50, 16.285, 176.610
Yxy	18.8218, 0.2790, 0.3497
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283990134 (0xFF588076)
YUV	114.9000, 1.5283, -23.5913
Hunter-Lab	43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610

Details

The HunterLab color $[43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $[35.2859, 12.0914, 2.5375]$, and the grayscale version is $[41.3677, -2.2073, 2.2476]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[64.3731, -17.1904, 4.3383]$, and $[25.4662, -11.0857, 2.0078]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[42.6335, -17.1655, 3.4972]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[44.2489, -10.7630, 2.7527]$.

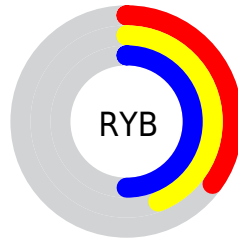
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (50%)

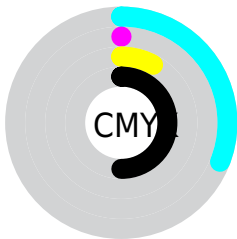
Blue (46%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (50%)

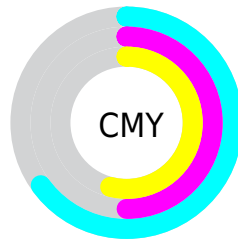


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

43.3832, -14.1470,
3.0610

43.3832, -14.1470,
3.0610

156.6726,
-27.1288, 9.6074

33.9729, -12.6077,
2.4936

64.3683, -17.1124,
4.3038

25.3621, -11.0027,
1.9638

75.8500, -18.5610,
4.9743

17.6344, -9.2955,
1.4749

87.9434, -19.9971,
5.6758

10.9054, -7.5340,
1.0298

100.6188,
-21.4257, 6.4070

2.3005, -4.0259,
1.6104

113.8507,
-22.8506, 7.1667

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.6166,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-24.2747, 7.9539

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.8966,
-25.7001, 8.7678

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.3832, -14.1470,
3.0610

■ 43.3832, -14.1470,
3.0610

■ 42.6335, -17.1655,
3.4972

■ 44.2489, -10.7630,
2.7527

■ 41.9965, -19.7962,
4.0544

■ 45.2274, -7.0382,
2.5728

■ 41.4707, -22.0275,
4.7253

■ 46.3177, -3.0037,
2.5218

■ 41.0520, -23.8576,
5.4988

■ 47.5171, 1.3077,
2.5972

■ 40.7338, -25.2967,
6.3609

■ 48.8221, 5.8629,
2.7950

■ 40.5074, -26.3696,
7.2949

■ 50.2287, 10.6294,
3.1098

■ 40.3528, -27.1314,
8.1313

■ 51.7325, 15.5767,
3.5350

■ 53.3289, 20.6767,
4.0639

■ 55.0132, 25.9041,
4.6890

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.3841, -12.3061, 8.4312



43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610



43.3841, -12.9771, -3.3332

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.3841, -14.1476, 3.0616



43.3841, 3.4483, -9.7255



43.3841, 4.8077, 11.1935

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610



35.2859, 12.0914, 2.5375

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.3841, 9.4830, 7.3757



43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610



43.3841, 8.6661, -4.7357

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.3841, -14.1476, 3.0616



43.3841, -3.0569, -11.3260



43.3841, 10.9347, 1.6496



43.3841, -1.5725, 12.6684

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610



43.3841, -10.6062, -7.2404



43.3841, 10.9347, 1.6496



43.3841, 6.6450, 10.1720

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.3841, -14.1476, 3.0616



60.2945, -8.2769, 3.3861



43.3331, -15.7314, 13.7936



29.0899, -4.3214, 1.6462



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.3841, -14.1476, 3.0616



56.7921, -21.8705, 4.4881



40.9247, -8.4676, -4.5185



22.0660, -3.0068, 1.2384



40.1818, -27.0145, 8.0927

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.2859, 12.0914, 2.5375



43.6509, 20.9394, 3.7661



37.2899, 6.3996, 8.4100



20.8819, 0.7987, 1.1452



21.5735, 37.4255, 10.2168

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

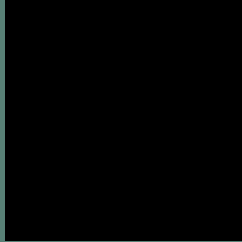
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.3832,

-14.1470, 3.0610.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610

Protanopia

43.1241, -2.0132, 5.0583

Deuteranopia

43.2395, 2.9999, 1.8927



Tritanopia

43.2340, -9.1033, -4.9529

Trichromacy



Original Color

43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610

Protanomaly

42.9789, -6.7499, 3.9900

Deuteranomaly

42.9347, -3.7232, 1.8527

Tritanomaly

43.2791, -10.8301, -1.9734

Monochromacy



Original Color

43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610

Achromatopsia

41.4054, -2.2093, 2.2496

Achromatomaly

42.0680, -7.0249, 2.5118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 128, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 128, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 128, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 128, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 128, 118) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 128, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 128, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 128, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 128, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 128,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.3832, -14.1470, 3.0610 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 128, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 128,  
118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor