

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.2232, 2.0514,  
-58.4536)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(43.2232, 2.0514,  
-58.4536) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(43.2117, 2.2174,  
-58.7976)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	007AD4
RGB	0, 122, 212
RGB Percent	0%, 48%, 83%
CMY	0.9998, 0.5216, 0.1686
CMYK	1.00, 0.42, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	205°, 100%, 42%
HSV	205°, 100%, 83%
XYZ	18.8432, 18.6725, 64.8983
YIQ	95.7820, -101.6020, 2.1260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

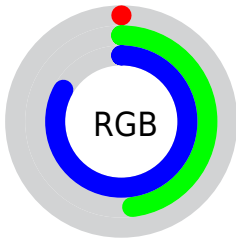
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 77, 212
Decimal	31444
CIELab	50.30, 5.76, -54.00
CIElCh	50, 54.307, 276.093
Yxy	18.6731, 0.1840, 0.1823
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221524 (0xFF007AD4)
YUV	95.7820, 57.2955, -84.0008
Hunter-Lab	43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976

# Details

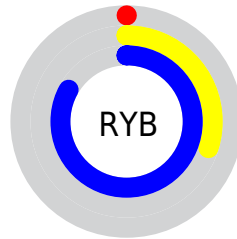
The HunterLab color **43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **46.1714, 38.3208, 29.1196**, and the grayscale version is **33.9458, -1.8113, 1.8443**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.4498, -2.5784, -49.3528**, and **27.0774, 8.8762, -53.0056** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.2059, 2.2279, -58.8131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.9881, -1.6276, -51.9951**.

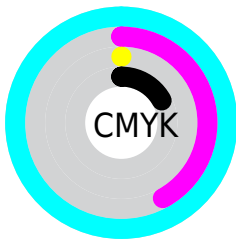
# Distribution



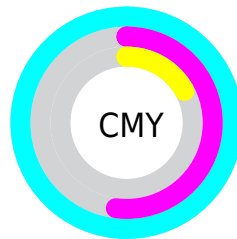
- Red (0%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 43.2117, 2.2174,  
-58.7976

■ 43.2117, 2.2174,  
-58.7976

■ 156.4090, -1.4839,  
-65.1606

■ 33.8146, 2.3800,  
-58.6129

■ 64.1723, 1.7128,  
-59.9591

■ 25.2185, 2.4686,  
-59.0500

■ 75.6431, 1.3811,  
-60.7028

■ 17.5072, 2.4701,  
-60.7957

■ 87.7260, 1.0029,  
-61.4795

■ 10.7971, 2.3621,  
-65.7307

■ 100.3914, 0.5815,  
-62.2606

■ 1.8299, 13.6291,  
-242.8205

■ 113.6137, 0.1200,  
-63.0285

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

127.3704, -0.3795,

-63.7720

0.0000, NaN, -NF

141.6415, -0.9147,  
-64.4841

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.2117, 2.2174,  
-58.7976

■ 43.2117, 2.2174,  
-58.7976

■ 43.2059, 2.2279,  
-58.8131

■ 45.9881, -1.6276,  
-51.9951

■ 49.0029, -4.7578,  
-45.2515

■ 52.2771, -7.0649,  
-38.5544

■ 55.7984, -8.5710,  
-31.9527

■ 59.5503, -9.3299,  
-25.4843

■ 63.5143, -9.4099,  
-19.1725

■ 67.6727, -8.8827,  
-13.0280

■ 72.0084, -7.8179,  
-7.0519

■ 76.5060, -6.2794,  
-1.2385

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.2123, -17.9743, -52.0659



43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976



43.2123, 25.1723, -43.6855

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.2123, 2.2185, -58.7965



43.2123, 36.9156, 19.8304



43.2123, -34.2635, 15.5612

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976



46.1714, 38.3208, 29.1196

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.2123, -24.2759, 23.7242



43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976



43.2123, 15.9669, 25.1987

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.2123, 2.2185, -58.7965



43.2123, 47.5975, 6.3632



43.2123, -6.6555, 26.1512



43.2123, -36.5084, -2.0845



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976



43.2123, 38.1374, -26.2233



43.2123, -6.6555, 26.1512



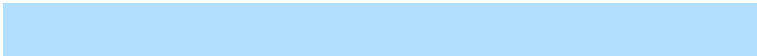
43.2123, -31.8123, 19.1724

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.2123, 2.2185, -58.7965



83.2234, -10.9808, -16.3108



69.1362, -55.6137, 33.6424



37.4813, -5.2435, -9.0285

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.2123, 2.2185, -58.7965



52.9155, 3.3355, -73.3401



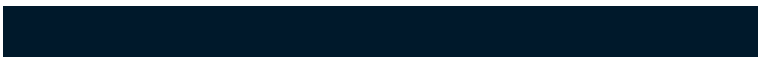
22.7534, 55.0747, -147.3224



36.3088, -2.9244, -0.4370



34.2442, 1.2288, -45.4548



9.3263, -1.2220, -9.0191



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.2471, 70.7850, -2.3925



48.3299, 87.1069, -2.4169



72.6164, -12.7296, 44.5219



35.4110, 2.1485, 0.5694



30.8685, 55.7385, -2.3418



7.6885, 14.0764, -2.0832



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

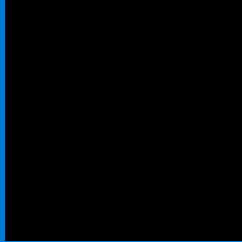
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.2117, 2.2174,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976

### Protanopia

43.1385, 9.7902, -53.5022

### Deuteranopia

43.2661, 3.8519, -58.6282



## Tritanopia

43.2759, -20.9981, -8.7623

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976

## Protanomaly

42.6486, 5.6360, -56.5808

## Deuteranomaly

43.1010, 3.3001, -59.0665

## Tritanomaly

43.0006, -13.7097, -24.1517

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976

## Achromatopsia

34.2010, -1.8249, 1.8582

## Achromatomaly

35.9586, -5.5260, -17.5851

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 122, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 122, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 122, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 122, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 122, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 122, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 122, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 122, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 122, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 122,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.2117, 2.2174, -58.7976 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 122, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 122,  
212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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