

Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.3974, -2.3156,
2.3579)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(43.3974, -2.3156, 2.3579)
contains.

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Color

HunterLab(43.3383, -2.3124,
2.3547)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	787878
RGB	120, 120, 120
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 47%
CMY	0.5294, 0.5294, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	116°, 0%, 47%
HSV	116°, 0%, 47%
XYZ	17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537
YIQ	120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	120, 120, 120
Decimal	7895160
CIE Lab	50.43, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	50, 0.005, 289.598
Yxy	18.7829, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286085240 (0xFF787878)
YUV	120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547

Details

The HunterLab color $43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43.3388, -2.3115, 2.3540$, and the grayscale version is $43.3391, -2.3125, 2.3547$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897$, and $25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42.1424, -7.1852, 5.8818$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44.6485, 2.8671, -1.4265$.

Distribution



- Red (47%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43.3383, -2.3124,
2.3547

■ 43.3383, -2.3124,
2.3547

■ 156.6038, -8.3623,
8.5187

■ 33.9316, -1.8111,
1.8436

■ 64.3171, -3.4337,
3.4968

■ 25.3246, -1.3515,
1.3754

■ 75.7960, -4.0467,
4.1213

■ 17.6012, -0.9391,
0.9554

■ 87.8866, -4.6924,
4.7792

■ 10.8771, -0.5801,
0.5898

■ 100.5594, -5.3692,
5.4689

■ 2.1875, -0.1133,
0.1096

■ 113.7888, -6.0757,
6.1888

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 127.5523, -6.8107,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.9377

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.8300, -7.5732,
7.7147

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.3383, -2.3124,
2.3547

■ 43.3383, -2.3124,
2.3547

■ 42.1424, -7.1852,
5.8818

■ 44.6485, 2.8671,
-1.4265

■ 41.0624, -11.7020,
9.1188

■ 46.0653, 8.3115,
-5.4305

■ 40.1027, -15.8183,
12.0336

■ 47.5842, 13.9783,
-9.6249

■ 39.2656, -19.4915,
14.5967

■ 49.1998, 19.8296,
-13.9806

■ 38.5523, -22.6855,
16.7842

■ 50.9066, 25.8322,
-18.4717

■ 37.9618, -25.3737,
18.5805

■ 52.6991, 31.9572,
-23.0754

■ 37.4915, -27.5423,
19.9806

■ 54.5721, 38.1803,
-27.7721

■ 37.1364, -29.1933,
20.9927

■ 56.5204, 44.4809,
-32.5451

■ 36.8887, -30.3472,
21.6404

■ 58.5395, 50.8422,
-37.3805

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.3392, -2.3155, 2.3552



43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547



43.3392, -2.3117, 2.3565

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.3392, -2.3134, 2.3554



43.3392, -2.3121, 2.3620



43.3392, -2.3188, 2.3598

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547



43.3388, -2.3115, 2.3540

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.3392, -2.3179, 2.3616



43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547



43.3392, -2.3141, 2.3629

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.3392, -2.3134, 2.3554



43.3392, -2.3109, 2.3604



43.3392, -2.3162, 2.3627



43.3392, -2.3187, 2.3578

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547



43.3392, -2.3109, 2.3577



43.3392, -2.3162, 2.3627



43.3392, -2.3186, 2.3604

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.3392, -2.3134, 2.3554



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



43.3393, -2.3127, 2.3555



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.3392, -2.3134, 2.3554



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



43.3392, -2.3133, 2.3550



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774



38.3581, -32.4975, 23.0672



83.6879, -71.3543, 50.3189

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.3388, -2.3115, 2.3540



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



43.3388, -2.3116, 2.3544



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774



22.7601, 45.4771, -35.6777



49.5487, 99.0954, -78.3830

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

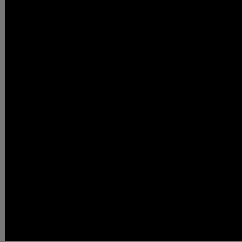
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

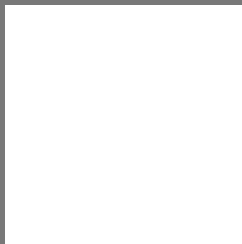
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.3383, -2.3124,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547

Protanopia

43.2288, -1.2712, 2.2438

Deuteranopia

43.2395, 2.9999, 1.8927



Tritanopia

43.3787, -0.2876, -1.1882

Trichromacy



Original Color

43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547

Protanomaly

43.1447, -1.5619, 2.1394

Deuteranomaly

43.1452, 1.3024, 1.7506

Tritanomaly

43.2889, -0.7759, 0.0871

Monochromacy



Original Color

43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547

Achromatopsia

43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547

Achromatomaly

43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 120, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 120, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 120, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 120, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 120, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 120, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 120, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 120, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 120, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 120,  
120) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.3383, -2.3124, 2.3547 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 120, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
120, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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