

Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.4753, 8.5283,
-1.5491)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(43.4753, 8.5283, -1.5491)
contains.

HunterLab(43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(43.5553, 8.5411,
-1.2836)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C7181
RGB	140, 113, 129
RGB Percent	55%, 44%, 51%
CMY	0.4510, 0.5569, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.08, 0.45
HSL	324°, 11%, 50%
HSV	324°, 19%, 55%
XYZ	20.6828, 18.9706, 23.3404
YIQ	122.8970, 10.9560, 10.7000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

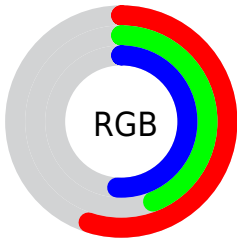
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 113, 129
Decimal	9204097
CIE Lab	50.65, 13.44, -4.78
CIE LCh	51, 14.266, 340.440
Yxy	18.9715, 0.3283, 0.3012
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287394177 (0xFF8C7181)
YUV	122.8970, 3.0088, 14.9993
Hunter-Lab	43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836

Details

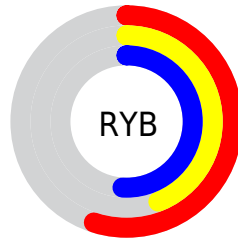
The HunterLab color $43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $48.7059, -12.5723, 6.5783$, and the grayscale version is $44.4513, -2.3718, 2.4151$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $64.6197, 8.8630, -0.6324$, and $25.5606, 8.0266, -1.7135$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39.9215, 14.5156, -3.1213$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47.4300, 2.6441, 0.7552$.

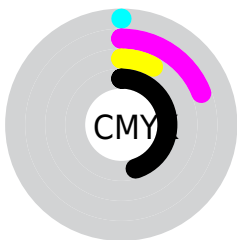
Distribution



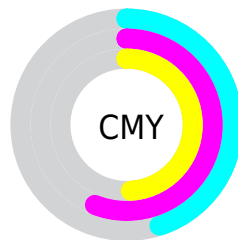
- Red (55%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

43.5553, 8.5411,
-1.2836

43.5553, 8.5411,
-1.2836

156.9367, 7.8393,
3.0721

34.1316, 8.2766,
-1.5350

64.5646, 8.8099,
-0.6122

25.5061, 7.9093,
-1.7224

76.0574, 8.8365,
-0.2040

17.7620, 7.4168,
-1.8345

88.1612, 8.8004,
0.2478

11.0142, 6.7689,
-1.8559

100.8467, 8.7069,
0.7402

2.6904, 21.6295,
-7.2124

114.0881, 8.5606,
1.2708

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.8632, 8.3652,

1.8375

0.0000, NaN, NaN

142.1520, 8.1238,
2.4385

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.5553, 8.5411,
-1.2836

■ 43.5553, 8.5411,
-1.2836

■ 39.9215, 14.5156,
-3.1213

■ 47.4300, 2.6441,
0.7552

■ 36.5668, 20.5058,
-4.6933

■ 51.5090, -3.1431,
2.9433

■ 33.5406, 26.3860,
-5.9101

■ 55.7658, -8.8154,
5.2463

■ 30.8974, 31.9500,
-6.6637

■ 60.1779, -14.3777,
7.6391

■ 28.6930, 36.8993,
-6.8386

■ 64.7272, -19.8408,
10.1039

■ 26.9750, 40.8698,
-6.3408

■ 69.3990, -25.2172,
12.6278

■ 25.7676, 43.5231,
-5.1425

■ 74.1808, -30.5199,
15.2014

■ 24.9549, 45.0372,
-3.4542

■ 79.0625, -35.7610,
17.8180

■ 24.8986, 45.1451,
-3.3340

■ 84.0357, -40.9513,
20.4723

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.5563, 5.0468, -6.3760



43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836



43.5563, 9.0372, 4.2262

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.5563, 8.5398, -1.2828



43.5563, -4.3034, 11.4634



43.5563, -10.3921, -4.9836

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836



48.7059, -12.5723, 6.5783

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.5563, -12.6325, 0.4302



43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836



43.5563, -9.2396, 9.6117

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.5563, 8.5398, -1.2828



43.5563, 1.4207, 11.1293



43.5563, -12.2218, 5.7331



43.5563, -5.9510, -8.6962

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836



43.5563, 7.5768, 7.3498



43.5563, -12.2218, 5.7331



43.5563, -11.4169, -3.2754

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.5563, 8.5398, -1.2828



64.6597, 1.0683, 1.9010



42.3967, 5.4751, -8.4769



30.8956, 0.7181, 0.8362



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.5563, 8.5398, -1.2828



55.7646, 14.6631, -2.7656



43.1747, 6.5361, 4.1523



22.5722, 1.2169, 0.3735



23.4784, 42.5853, -3.2616



1.9883, 3.7381, -1.2971

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.5563, 8.5398, -1.2828



55.7646, 14.6631, -2.7656



49.0735, -10.4912, 1.3242



22.5722, 1.2169, 0.3735



23.4784, 42.5853, -3.2616



1.9883, 3.7381, -1.2971

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

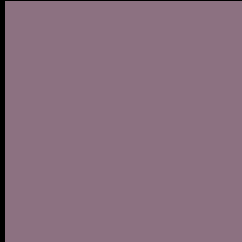
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

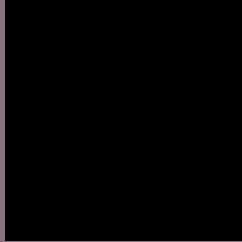
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836.

-1.2836.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836

Protanopia

43.6444, -0.4784, -3.2600

Deuteranopia

43.5296, 3.0105, -0.9407



Tritanopia

43.5358, 6.7976, 1.4257

Trichromacy



Original Color

43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836

Protanomaly

43.4748, 3.0736, -2.9283

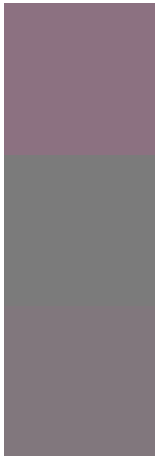
Deuteranomaly

43.6301, 4.7129, -0.7849

Tritanomaly

43.5939, 7.1034, 0.5989

Monochromacy



Original Color

43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836

Achromatopsia

44.5050, -2.3747, 2.4180

Achromatomaly

43.9789, 1.5811, 0.9705

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 113, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 113, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 113, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 113, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 113, 129) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 113, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 113, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 113, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 113, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 113,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.5553, 8.5411, -1.2836 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 113, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
113, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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