

Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.4786, -2.5614,
1.6381)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(43.4786, -2.5614, 1.6381)
contains.

HunterLab(43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(43.5911, -2.7487,
1.7691)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	77797A
RGB	119, 121, 122
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 48%
CMY	0.5333, 0.5255, 0.5216
CMYK	0.02, 0.01, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	200°, 1%, 47%
HSV	200°, 2%, 48%
XYZ	17.9580, 19.0018, 21.1336
YIQ	120.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

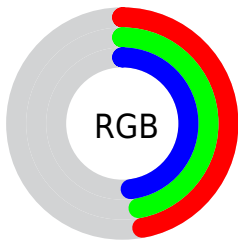
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 120, 122
Decimal	7829882
CIE Lab	50.69, -0.55, -0.82
CIE LCh	51, 0.982, 236.149
Yxy	19.0027, 0.3091, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286019962 (0xFF77797A)
YUV	120.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295
Hunter-Lab	43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691

Details

The HunterLab color $43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43.4768, -1.8857, 2.9561$, and the grayscale version is $43.5371, -2.3230, 2.3655$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $64.4989, -3.8945, 2.8653$, and $25.6627, -1.8983, 1.2170$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $41.5070, -4.2284, -0.7989$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $45.7486, -1.0667, 4.3087$.

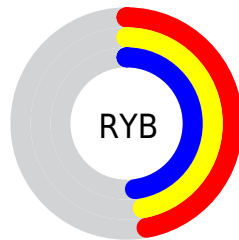
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (47%)

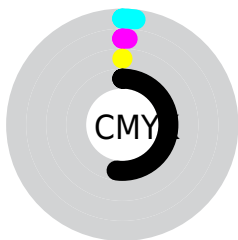
Blue (48%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (48%)

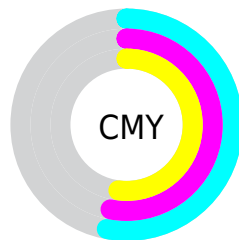


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43.5911, -2.7487,
1.7691

■ 43.5911, -2.7487,
1.7691

■ 156.9915, -9.0317,
7.6249

■ 34.1646, -2.2131,
1.3030

■ 64.6054, -3.9313,
2.8302

■ 25.5360, -1.7162,
0.8839

■ 76.1005, -4.5723,
3.4178

■ 17.7885, -1.2622,
0.5184

■ 88.2065, -5.2446,
4.0406

■ 11.0368, -0.8553,
0.2152

■ 100.8940, -5.9467,
4.6967

■ 2.7644, -1.0099,
-1.0723

■ 114.1374, -6.6775,
5.3844

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 127.9144, -7.4359,

6.1025

0.0000, NaN, NaN

142.2051, -8.2209,
6.8497

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.5911, -2.7487,
1.7691

■ 43.5911, -2.7487,
1.7691

■ 41.5070, -4.2284,
-0.7989

■ 45.7486, -1.0667,
4.3087

■ 39.4988, -5.4789,
-3.3954

■ 47.9717, 0.7988,
6.8170

■ 37.5733, -6.4748,
-6.0157

■ 50.2567, 2.8274,
9.2952

■ 35.7364, -7.1887,
-8.6536

■ 52.5994, 5.0021,
11.7444

■ 33.9941, -7.5922,
-11.3000

■ 54.9961, 7.3078,
14.1660

■ 32.3521, -7.6587,
-13.9428

■ 57.4431, 9.7314,
16.5619

■ 30.8156, -7.3655,
-16.5669

■ 59.9375, 12.2615,
18.9341

■ 29.3881, -6.6979,
-19.1557

■ 62.4763, 14.8879,
21.2846

■ 28.0703, -5.6557,
-21.6935

■ 65.0570, 17.6021,
23.6155

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.5920, -3.0066, 2.0539



43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691



43.5920, -2.3792, 1.6473

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.5920, -2.7497, 1.7698



43.5920, -1.5695, 2.3244



43.5920, -2.6618, 3.0151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691



43.4768, -1.8857, 2.9561

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.5920, -2.2774, 3.0861



43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691



43.5920, -1.6459, 2.6894

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.5920, -2.7497, 1.7698



43.5920, -1.6971, 1.9693



43.5920, -1.9053, 2.9674



43.5920, -2.9560, 2.7725

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691



43.5920, -2.1173, 1.6746



43.5920, -1.9053, 2.9674



43.5920, -2.5389, 3.0597

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.5920, -2.7497, 1.7698



58.2242, -3.3428, 2.8331



43.8135, -3.5243, 2.9110



27.8518, -1.5905, 1.3672



78.7982, -4.2045, 4.2813



27.9800, -1.4929, 1.5202

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.5920, -2.7497, 1.7698



57.6470, -3.7755, 2.1395



43.1884, -2.0799, 1.2988



21.2923, -1.4411, 0.7226



27.7935, -4.8306, -24.3116



59.3597, -8.4599, -55.9321

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.2575, -1.1170, 1.8406



57.0936, -1.0710, 2.2583



43.8796, -2.5561, 3.4111



21.0506, -0.2587, 0.7751



22.3309, 41.0656, -7.4558



48.6048, 89.0897, -13.9604

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

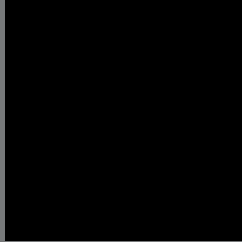
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

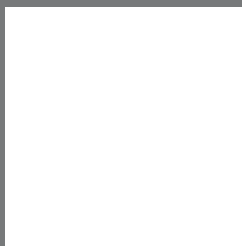
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.5911, -2.7487,

1.7691.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691

Protanopia

43.5327, -1.5815, 2.1602

Deuteranopia

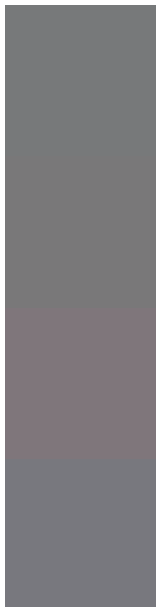
43.5637, 2.8301, 1.3897



Tritanopia

43.6016, -0.8744, -1.3900

Trichromacy



Original Color

43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691

Protanomaly

43.4492, -1.8708, 2.0563

Deuteranomaly

43.4729, 1.1398, 1.2510

Tritanomaly

43.5113, -1.3663, -0.1090

Monochromacy



Original Color

43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691

Achromatopsia

43.7266, -2.3331, 2.3758

Achromatomaly

43.6443, -2.6196, 2.2738

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 121, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 121, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 121, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 121, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 121, 122) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 121, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 121, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 121, 122); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 121, 122); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 121, 122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.5911, -2.7487, 1.7691 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 121, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
121, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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