

Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.5349, 25.4008,
-34.0747)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(43.5349, 25.4008,
-34.0747) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(43.5420, 25.1623,
-33.7318)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 8F67B7 |
| RGB | 143, 103, 183 |
| RGB Percent | 56%, 40%, 72% |
| CMY | 0.4392, 0.5961, 0.2824 |
| CMYK | 0.22, 0.44, 0.00, 0.28 |
| HSL | 270°, 36%, 56% |
| HSV | 270°, 44%, 72% |
| XYZ | 24.7252, 18.9591, 47.1561 |
| YIQ | 124.0800, -1.8400, 33.3600 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

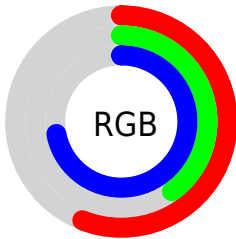
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 143, 103, 183 |
| Decimal | 9398199 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 50.64, 31.94, -36.42 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 51, 48.444, 311.251 |
| Yxy | 18.9598, 0.2722, 0.2087 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287588279 (0xFF8F67B7) |
| YUV | 124.0800, 29.0476, 16.5928 |
| Hunter-Lab | 43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318 |

Details

The HunterLab color $43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $9966CC$. A complement of this color would be $63.7858, -25.6859, 26.9266$, and the grayscale version is $44.8179, -2.3914, 2.4350$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $64.5604, 26.8933, -34.7423$, and $25.6286, 22.7779, -32.6667$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $38.6334, 32.1007, -44.3862$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48.8441, 18.3062, -23.9631$.

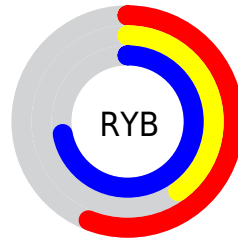
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (40%)

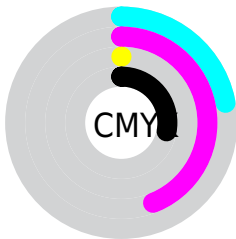
Blue (72%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (72%)

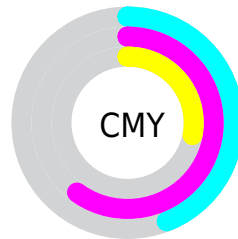


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

43.5420, 25.1623,
-33.7318

43.5420, 25.1623,
-33.7318

156.9162, 31.2192,
-38.2176

34.1193, 24.0008,
-33.1212

64.5494, 27.1254,
-35.0021

25.4949, 22.7055,
-32.6336

76.0413, 27.9510,
-35.6013

17.7521, 21.2714,
-32.4791

88.1443, 28.6849,
-36.1586

11.0057, 19.7309,
-33.2469

100.8289, 29.3352,
-36.6689

2.6621, 52.1425,
-81.8097

114.0697, 29.9084,
-37.1300

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

127.8441, 30.4102,

-37.5415

0.0000, NaN, NaN

142.1322, 30.8457,
-37.9037

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.5420, 25.1623,
-33.7318

■ 43.5420, 25.1623,
-33.7318

■ 38.6334, 32.1007,
-44.3862

■ 48.8441, 18.3062,
-23.9631

■ 34.2055, 38.9424,
-55.8950

■ 54.4681, 11.6022,
-15.0000

■ 30.3704, 45.3078,
-67.9527

■ 60.3623, 5.0610,
-6.7207

■ 27.2514, 50.5514,
-79.7929

■ 66.4867, -1.3310,
0.9947

■ 24.9505, 53.8450,
-90.1419

■ 72.8107, -7.5960,
8.2517

■ 23.8089, 55.1329,
-95.9270

■ 79.3101, -13.7575,
15.1383

■ 85.9659, -19.8373,
21.7263

■ 92.7629, -25.8544,
28.0732

■ 95.3955, -25.7290,
30.4878

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.5429, 5.2097, -48.9106



43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318



43.5429, 39.0214, -10.6767

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.5429, 25.1616, -33.7305



43.5429, 10.3509, 24.3857



43.5429, -33.2550, -5.1537

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318



63.7858, -25.6859, 26.9266

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.5429, -32.3678, 12.3196



43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318



43.5429, -9.3811, 24.8097

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.5429, 25.1616, -33.7305



43.5429, 29.4889, 19.9007



43.5429, -24.3317, 21.5235



43.5429, -27.0141, -28.1957

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318



43.5429, 41.6972, 3.1396



43.5429, -24.3317, 21.5235



43.5429, -33.7472, 1.5865

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.5429, 25.1616, -33.7305



81.1838, 6.3410, -8.4615



50.9393, -5.1702, -20.8464



37.3208, 3.8784, -5.0887



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.5429, 25.1616, -33.7305



52.2407, 42.1654, -58.1339



48.1532, 37.7874, -24.8280



29.8900, 1.0660, -1.5569



19.9883, 46.1626, -79.5789



4.2148, 9.2128, -12.7401

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.6386, 30.6644, -3.7611



57.5687, 50.4410, -5.6739



61.4250, -34.9145, 24.8519



30.1415, 1.6574, 0.7769



27.5135, 49.1051, 2.3725



5.2854, 9.6526, -1.2446

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318.

-33.7318.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318

Protanopia

43.7219, 7.8283, -43.7419

Deuteranopia

43.7734, 3.6235, -31.4498



Tritanopia

43.5408, 4.2376, 0.4838

Trichromacy



Original Color

43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318

Protanomaly

43.3855, 13.0085, -40.3975

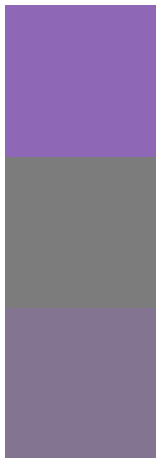
Deuteranomaly

43.3769, 10.6715, -32.8381

Tritanomaly

43.3158, 11.5163, -10.3303

Monochromacy



Original Color

43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318

Achromatopsia

44.8950, -2.3955, 2.4392

Achromatomaly

44.0005, 7.0405, -8.8604

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 103, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 103, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 103, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 103, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 103, 183) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 103, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 103, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 103, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 103, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 103,  
183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.5420, 25.1623, -33.7318 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 103, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
103, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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