

Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.5965, -0.1874,
3.1758)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(43.5965, -0.1874, 3.1758)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(43.5444, -0.2403,
3.0640)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E7777
RGB	126, 119, 119
RGB Percent	49%, 47%, 47%
CMY	0.5059, 0.5333, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.06, 0.51
HSL	0°, 3%, 48%
HSV	0°, 6%, 49%
XYZ	18.5307, 18.9611, 20.1359
YIQ	121.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

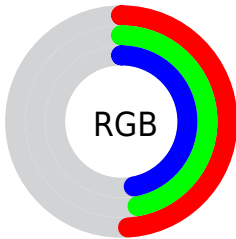
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 119, 119
Decimal	8288119
CIE Lab	50.64, 2.68, 0.95
CIE LCh	51, 2.841, 19.618
Yxy	18.9620, 0.3216, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286478199 (0xFF7E7777)
YUV	121.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034
Hunter-Lab	43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640

Details

The HunterLab color $43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $45.1106, -4.4167, 1.7763$, and the grayscale version is $43.7663, -2.3353, 2.3779$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $64.5367, -0.9103, 4.3554$, and $25.5718, 0.2804, 1.9406$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39.8457, 3.8404, 4.1672$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47.4180, -4.1595, 2.0294$.

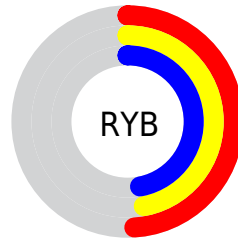
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (47%)

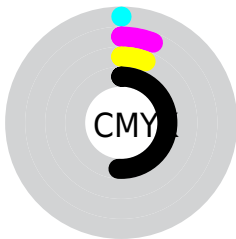
Blue (47%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (47%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43.5444, -0.2403,
3.0640

■ 43.5444, -0.2403,
3.0640

156.9200, -5.2027,
9.6113

■ 34.1216, 0.1023,
2.4966

■ 64.5522, -1.0762,
4.3071

■ 25.4970, 0.3889,
1.9667

■ 76.0443, -1.5588,
4.9777

■ 17.7539, 0.6091,
1.4778

■ 88.1474, -2.0805,
5.6793

■ 11.0073, 0.7485,
1.0328

100.8322, -2.6389,
6.4105

■ 2.6674, 4.2298,
1.6277

114.0731, -3.2320,
7.1704

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.8476, -3.8580,

7.9577

0.0000, NaN, NaN

142.1359, -4.5153,
8.7716

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.5444, -0.2403,
3.0640

■ 43.5444, -0.2403,
3.0640

■ 39.8457, 3.8404,
4.1672

■ 47.4180, -4.1595,
2.0294

■ 36.3484, 8.0960,
5.3424

■ 51.4404, -7.9316,
1.0536

■ 33.0902, 12.5176,
6.5902

■ 55.5936, -11.5774,
0.1296

■ 30.1163, 17.0626,
7.8995

■ 59.8628, -15.1159,
-0.7502

■ 27.4805, 21.6280,
9.2397

■ 64.2356, -18.5645,
-1.5925

■ 25.2428, 26.0233,
10.5510

■ 68.7020, -21.9382,
-2.4030

■ 23.4621, 29.9586,
11.7406

■ 73.2537, -25.2501,
-3.1867

■ 22.1816, 33.0855,
12.6947

■ 77.8838, -28.5110,
-3.9477

■ 21.3784, 35.1969,
13.3434

■ 82.5863, -31.7303,
-4.6896

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.5453, -0.1483, 1.9928



43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640



43.5453, -0.8963, 3.9292

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.5453, -0.2414, 3.0647



43.5453, -3.9833, 3.6999



43.5453, -2.7202, 0.2686

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640



45.1106, -4.4167, 1.7763

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.5453, -3.7371, 0.7516



43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640



43.5453, -4.4613, 2.7444

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.5453, -0.2414, 3.0647



43.5453, -3.0594, 4.2893



43.5453, -4.3717, 1.6642



43.5453, -1.5873, 0.3597

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640



43.5453, -1.5596, 4.2803



43.5453, -4.3717, 1.6642



43.5453, -3.0867, 0.3697

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.5453, -0.2414, 3.0647



59.5510, -2.1678, 3.5744



43.7446, 0.8424, 0.2166



28.4383, -1.0713, 1.6948



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.5453, -0.2414, 3.0647



56.9669, 0.5355, 4.2950



44.5083, -1.8699, 4.1437



21.1802, 0.2239, 1.6052



21.3340, 36.5245, 13.7853

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.1106, -4.4167, 1.7763



59.6402, -6.5970, 2.0941



44.1256, -2.8073, 0.6185



22.1922, -2.4763, 0.7720



41.0403, -21.7491, -4.3466

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

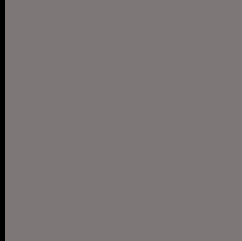
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

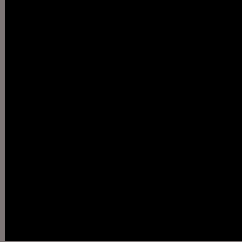
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.5444, -0.2403,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640

Protanopia

43.5889, -1.4431, 2.6641

Deuteranopia

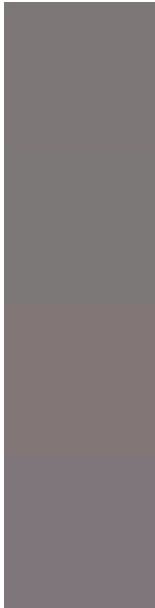
43.6360, 2.8481, 3.2244



Tritanopia

43.5904, 1.7730, -0.4190

Trichromacy



Original Color

43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640

Protanomaly

43.6739, -1.1496, 2.7686

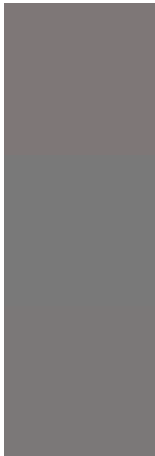
Deuteranomaly

43.6287, 1.4432, 3.1913

Tritanomaly

43.5019, 1.2960, 0.8389

Monochromacy



Original Color

43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640

Achromatopsia

43.7266, -2.3331, 2.3758

Achromatomaly

43.5889, -1.4431, 2.6641

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 119, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 119, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 119, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 119, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 119, 119) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 119, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 119, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 119, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 119, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 119,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.5444, -0.2403, 3.0640 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 119, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
119, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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