

Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.6104, 9.4796,
9.3898)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(43.6104, 9.4796, 9.3898)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(43.5289, 9.7166,
9.1536)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	976F68
RGB	151, 111, 104
RGB Percent	59%, 44%, 41%
CMY	0.4078, 0.5647, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.31, 0.41
HSL	9°, 18%, 50%
HSV	9°, 31%, 59%
XYZ	20.9456, 18.9477, 15.6500
YIQ	122.1620, 26.0870, 6.3030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

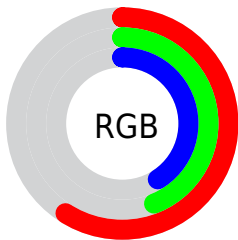
Format	Color
R_{YB}	151, 112, 104
Decimal	9924456
CIE _{Lab}	50.63, 14.83, 10.11
CIE _{LCh}	51, 17.945, 34.284
Yxy	18.9485, 0.3771, 0.3411
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288114536 (0xFF976F68)
YUV	122.1620, -8.9539, 25.2909
Hunter-Lab	43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536

Details

The HunterLab color $43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $50.1230, -11.9755, -3.9570$, and the grayscale version is $44.2060, -2.3587, 2.4018$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $64.5622, 9.9580, 11.4792$, and $25.5011, 9.0020, 6.8715$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40.0788, 14.2318, 10.9963$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47.2148, 5.4155, 7.2321$.

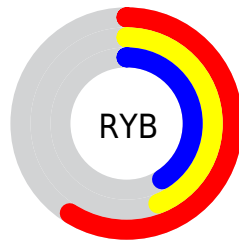
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (44%)

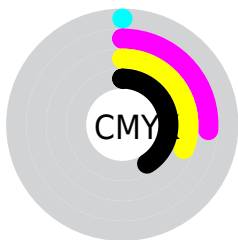
Blue (41%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (41%)

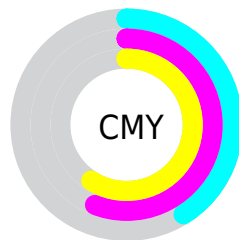


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43.5289, 9.7166,
9.1536

■ 43.5289, 9.7166,
9.1536

156.8963, 9.5468,
19.4941

■ 34.1073, 9.3776,
8.0121

■ 64.5346, 10.1214,
11.4122

■ 25.4841, 8.9316,
6.8455

■ 76.0257, 10.2114,
12.5411

■ 17.7425, 8.3552,
5.6327

■ 88.1279, 10.2359,
13.6753

■ 10.9975, 7.6185,
4.6023

■ 100.8118, 10.2007,
14.8173

■ 2.6345, 24.3838,
1.8442

114.0518, 10.1105,
15.9691

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.8255, 9.9693,

17.1318

0.0000, NaN, NaN

142.1130, 9.7805,
18.3066

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.5289, 9.7166,
9.1536

■ 43.5289, 9.7166,
9.1536

■ 40.0788, 14.2318,
10.9963

■ 47.2148, 5.4155,
7.2321

■ 36.8998, 18.9400,
12.7159

■ 51.1013, 1.3338,
5.2580

■ 34.0376, 23.7697,
14.2532

■ 55.1630, -2.5439,
3.2500

■ 31.5413, 28.5871,
15.5304

■ 59.3780, -6.2374,
1.2195

■ 29.4601, 33.1798,
16.4592

■ 63.7286, -9.7683,
-0.8268

■ 27.8352, 37.2645,
16.9641

■ 68.2000, -13.1576,
-2.8850

■ 26.7814, 40.1723,
17.2058

■ 72.7802, -16.4245,
-4.9529

■ 77.4590, -19.5864,
-7.0294

■ 82.2278, -22.6580,
-9.1143

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.5299, 12.3589, 3.3418



43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536



43.5299, 3.8466, 12.6432

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.5299, 9.7148, 9.1543



43.5299, -14.1092, 7.7054



43.5299, -1.2860, -12.9157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536



50.1230, -11.9755, -3.9570

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.5299, -8.1708, -11.2443



43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536



43.5299, -15.2883, 1.3741

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.5299, 9.7148, 9.1543



43.5299, -9.8522, 11.9070



43.5299, -13.1836, -5.7210



43.5299, 5.7512, -9.9772

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536



43.5299, -0.9375, 13.5424



43.5299, -13.1836, -5.7210



43.5299, -3.6953, -12.8774

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.5299, 9.7148, 9.1543



69.4255, 0.7550, 6.5167



43.0305, 19.2894, -9.9090



32.7524, 0.7017, 3.2796



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.5299, 9.7148, 9.1543



55.1600, 16.9683, 13.8964



49.5628, -1.1843, 14.8522



25.2268, 0.2851, 2.3744



24.7584, 36.8711, 15.9015



3.5344, 3.0539, 2.2313

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.1230, -11.9755, -3.9570



65.7132, -17.9385, -7.1303



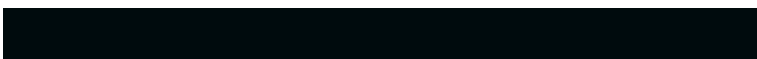
43.4847, -1.5500, -13.1520



26.2100, -2.9204, 0.4253



38.9596, -15.9899, -14.1785



5.1414, -2.4355, -1.1687

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

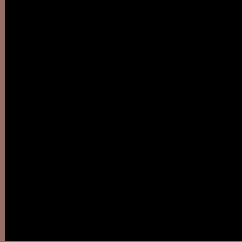
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536.

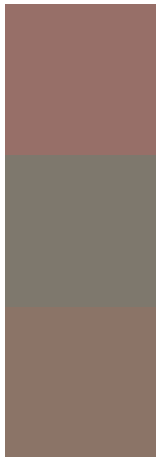


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.5289, 9.7166,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536

Protanopia

43.5576, -2.1297, 7.1091

Deuteranopia

43.5420, 3.0900, 9.4115



Tritanopia

43.4707, 12.7371, 4.0554

Trichromacy



Original Color

43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536

Protanomaly

43.5144, 1.8175, 7.8924

Deuteranomaly

43.4207, 5.3826, 9.3281

Tritanomaly

43.5857, 11.5688, 6.2073

Monochromacy



Original Color

43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536

Achromatopsia

44.1155, -2.3539, 2.3969

Achromatomaly

43.7964, 1.7961, 5.0610

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 111, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 111, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 111, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 111, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 111, 104) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 111, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 111, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 111, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 111, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 111,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.5289, 9.7166, 9.1536 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 111, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
111, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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