

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.6768, -2.1496,  
20.0284)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(43.6768, -2.1496,  
20.0284) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(43.6627, -2.0115,  
20.0786)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B7741
RGB	139, 119, 65
RGB Percent	55%, 47%, 25%
CMY	0.4549, 0.5333, 0.7451
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.53, 0.45
HSL	44°, 36%, 40%
HSV	44°, 53%, 55%
XYZ	18.1985, 19.0643, 7.7216
YIQ	118.8240, 29.2540, -12.5540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

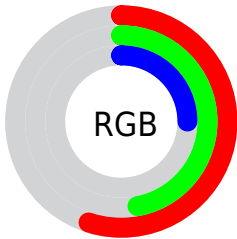
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	92, 139, 65
Decimal	9140033
CIE Lab	50.76, 0.41, 32.32
CIE LCh	51, 32.327, 89.269
Yxy	19.0652, 0.4045, 0.4238
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287330113 (0xFF8B7741)
YUV	118.8240, -26.5352, 17.6944
Hunter-Lab	43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786

# Details

The HunterLab color  $43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666633$ . A complement of this color would be  $30.7971, 4.5787, -27.9676$ , and the grayscale version is  $42.9748, -2.2930, 2.3349$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $64.6607, -3.1524, 25.1911$ , and  $25.6510, -1.0400, 14.3638$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $42.4817, -1.2051, 21.7684$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $44.8982, -2.6034, 17.8771$ .

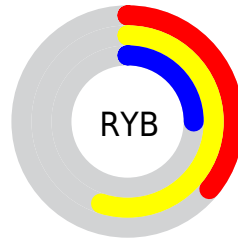
# Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (47%)

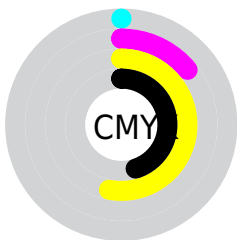
Blue (25%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (25%)

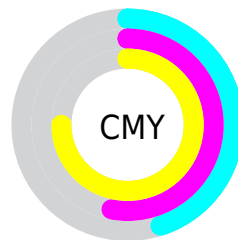


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (75%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 43.6627, -2.0115,  
20.0786

■ 43.6627, -2.0115,  
20.0786

■ 157.1014, -7.9026,  
40.7606

■ 34.2307, -1.5341,  
17.3235

■ 64.6871, -3.0915,  
25.1635

■ 25.5960, -1.1000,  
14.3642

■ 76.1868, -3.6854,  
27.5539

■ 17.8417, -0.7160,  
11.6819

■ 88.2972, -4.3129,  
29.8707

■ 11.0822, -0.3895,  
7.7575

■ 100.9888, -4.9724,  
32.1284

■ 2.9071, 0.4629,  
2.0350

■ 114.2362, -5.6623,  
34.3383

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 128.0171, -6.3814,

36.5092

0.0000, NaN, NaN

142.3114, -7.1285,  
38.6480

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.6627, -2.0115,  
20.0786

■ 43.6627, -2.0115,  
20.0786

■ 42.4817, -1.2051,  
21.7684

■ 44.8982, -2.6034,  
17.8771

■ 41.3525, -0.1821,  
22.9447

■ 46.1842, -2.9764,  
15.1708

■ 40.2759, 1.0480,  
23.6194

■ 47.5205, -3.1354,  
11.9746

■ 39.2506, 2.4705,  
23.8214

■ 48.9057, -3.0858,  
8.3064

■ 38.5769, 3.4883,  
23.8320

■ 50.3382, -2.8345,  
4.1869

■ 51.8164, -2.3891,  
-0.3617

■ 53.3385, -1.7583,  
-5.3168

■ 54.9028, -0.9506,  
-10.6553

■ 56.5076, 0.0248,  
-16.3549

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.6637, 11.1714, 18.2590



43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786



43.6637, -13.8796, 18.4325

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.6637, -2.0132, 20.0790



43.6637, -22.0454, -10.9012



43.6637, 21.2658, -11.5837

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786



30.7971, 4.5787, -27.9676

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.6637, 10.5561, -23.8293



43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786



43.6637, -14.3710, -23.3610

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.6637, -2.0132, 20.0790



43.6637, -24.5959, 2.6786



43.6637, -2.6502, -28.6621



43.6637, 25.5395, 2.0727



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786



43.6637, -19.6853, 15.2066



43.6637, -2.6502, -28.6621



43.6637, 18.2418, -16.1323

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.6637, -2.0132, 20.0790



64.8629, -4.1796, 12.7093



31.5295, 25.3068, 3.3284



30.9754, -2.0144, 6.5296



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.6637, -2.0132, 20.0790



56.5180, -1.3416, 29.5280



48.0161, -15.8102, 23.1350



23.7070, -1.4405, 3.1976



36.6888, 3.2422, 22.6642



3.3720, -0.3832, 2.0711



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.7971, 4.5787, -27.9676



35.9492, 10.4023, -49.8101



27.1950, 17.6970, -36.1859



22.5786, -0.9525, -0.8244



17.1289, 20.3768, -65.3973



2.0272, 0.2300, -3.0303



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

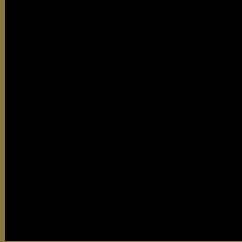
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.6627, -2.0115,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786

### Protanopia

43.6516, -4.8556, 19.8121

### Deuteranopia

43.5324, 3.0659, 19.8582



## Tritanopia

43.7264, 8.6249, 2.5674

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786

## Protanomaly

43.5628, -3.7434, 19.7626

## Deuteranomaly

43.4786, 1.5297, 19.7894

## Tritanomaly

43.5337, 4.3249, 10.1330

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786

## Achromatopsia

42.9506, -2.2917, 2.3336

## Achromatomaly

43.0466, -2.9593, 10.2146

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 119, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 119, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 119, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 119, 65) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 119, 65) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 119, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 119, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 119, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 119, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 119,  
65) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.6627, -2.0115, 20.0786 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 119, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
119, 65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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