

Converting Colors

HunterLab(43.7001, -2.5618,
-1.7942)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(43.7001, -2.5618,
-1.7942) contains.

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Color

HunterLab(43.5884, -2.2843,
-1.9078)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	747982
RGB	116, 121, 130
RGB Percent	45%, 47%, 51%
CMY	0.5451, 0.5255, 0.4902
CMYK	0.11, 0.07, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	219°, 6%, 48%
HSV	219°, 11%, 51%
XYZ	18.0691, 18.9995, 23.8341
YIQ	120.5310, -5.8690, 1.7390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

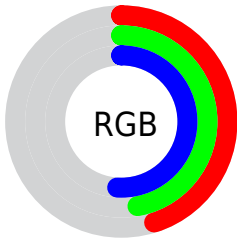
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 120, 130
Decimal	7633282
CIE Lab	50.69, 0.06, -5.56
CIE LCh	51, 5.556, 270.574
Yxy	19.0003, 0.2967, 0.3120
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285823362 (0xFF747982)
YUV	120.5310, 4.6682, -3.9737
Hunter-Lab	43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078

Details

The HunterLab color $[43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[45.4686, -2.2633, 6.4318]$, and the grayscale version is $[43.5294, -2.3226, 2.3650]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[64.5220, -3.2515, -1.4658]$, and $[25.6673, -1.4416, -2.1911]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[40.2828, -1.8613, -6.2950]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[46.9831, -2.5109, 2.2553]$.

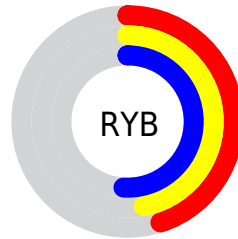
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (47%)

Blue (51%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (51%)

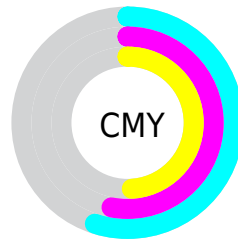


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43.5884, -2.2843,
-1.9078

■ 43.5884, -2.2843,
-1.9078

156.9874, -8.3190,
2.1627

■ 34.1621, -1.7850,
-2.1195

■ 64.6023, -3.4015,
-1.3097

■ 25.5337, -1.3278,
-2.2645

■ 76.0972, -4.0127,
-0.9354

■ 17.7865, -0.9181,
-2.3312

■ 88.2030, -4.6567,
-0.5161

■ 11.0351, -0.5622,
-2.3042

100.8904, -5.3318,
-0.0549

■ 2.7589, -0.0594,
-8.1978

114.1337, -6.0368,
0.4457

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

127.9106, -6.7703,

0.9834

0.0000, NaN, NaN

142.2011, -7.5314,
1.5562

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.5884, -2.2843,
-1.9078

■ 43.5884, -2.2843,
-1.9078

■ 40.2828, -1.8613,
-6.2950

■ 46.9831, -2.5109,
2.2553

■ 37.0741, -1.2026,
-10.9510

■ 50.4556, -2.5687,
6.2283

■ 33.9759, -0.2641,
-15.9235

■ 53.9998, -2.4829,
10.0425

■ 31.0041, 1.0081,
-21.2652

■ 57.6096, -2.2736,
13.7235

■ 28.1780, 2.6765,
-27.0278

■ 61.2800, -1.9572,
17.2926

■ 25.5219, 4.8095,
-33.2520

■ 65.0068, -1.5473,
20.7676

■ 23.0647, 7.4718,
-39.9465

■ 68.7861, -1.0551,
24.1634

■ 20.8398, 10.7040,
-47.0569

■ 72.6149, -0.4901,
27.4923

■ 18.9754, 14.0515,
-54.0507

■ 76.4902, 0.1399,
30.7650

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.5893, -4.4152, -1.3323



43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078



43.5893, -0.1252, -1.2879

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.5893, -2.2852, -1.9071



43.5893, 1.4260, 4.3972



43.5893, -6.0010, 4.3298

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078



45.4686, -2.2633, 6.4318

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.5893, -4.4882, 5.7410



43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078



43.5893, -0.2011, 5.7785

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.5893, -2.2852, -1.9071



43.5893, 2.0437, 2.4135



43.5893, -2.3711, 6.2582



43.5893, -6.5342, 2.3318

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078



43.5893, 1.0343, -0.2985



43.5893, -2.3711, 6.2582



43.5893, -5.5917, 4.8849

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.5893, -2.2852, -1.9071



61.3037, -3.2843, 1.7468



45.9956, -7.2279, 3.2628



29.0083, -1.5541, 0.6413



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.5893, -2.2852, -1.9071



56.7254, -2.9170, -3.9711



42.3617, 0.5684, -3.4460



21.0800, -1.1153, -0.5680



18.6132, 13.6795, -52.7950

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.1481, 2.6910, 1.7770



56.0238, 5.2178, 2.1488



46.7185, -5.1222, 7.7283



20.8990, 0.8907, 0.9016



21.7813, 38.1906, 7.1798

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

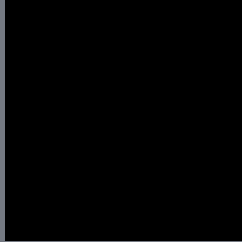
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

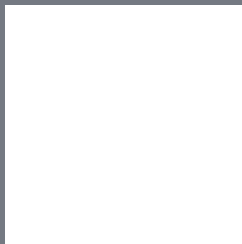
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078.

-1.9078.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078

Protanopia

43.6016, -0.8744, -1.3900

Deuteranopia

43.5321, 3.2033, -2.3651



Tritanopia

43.6193, -2.1149, -2.3460

Trichromacy



Original Color

43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078

Protanomaly

43.5199, -1.1559, -1.4982

Deuteranomaly

43.4519, 1.5483, -2.4976

Tritanomaly

43.6193, -2.1149, -2.3460

Monochromacy



Original Color

43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078

Achromatopsia

43.7266, -2.3331, 2.3758

Achromatomaly

43.6485, -2.4338, 0.9513

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 121, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 121, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 121, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 121, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 121, 130) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 121, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 121, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 121, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 121, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 121,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 43.5884, -2.2843, -1.9078 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 121, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
121, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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