

Converting Colors

HunterLab(44.1628, -6.3545,
1.4863)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(44.1628, -6.3545, 1.4863)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(44.1610, -6.4362,
1.4977)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F7D7C
RGB	111, 125, 124
RGB Percent	44%, 49%, 49%
CMY	0.5647, 0.5098, 0.5137
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.01, 0.51
HSL	176°, 6%, 46%
HSV	176°, 11%, 49%
XYZ	17.5272, 19.5019, 21.9092
YIQ	120.7000, -8.0230, -3.2790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	111, 118, 125
Decimal	7306620
CIE _{Lab}	51.27, -5.36, -1.22
CIE _{LCh}	51, 5.495, 192.774
Yxy	19.5028, 0.2974, 0.3309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285496700 (0xFF6F7D7C)
YUV	120.7000, 1.6269, -8.5069
Hunter-Lab	44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977

Details

The HunterLab color $44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $41.1087, 2.1682, 3.2586$, and the grayscale version is $43.6070, -2.3268, 2.3692$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $65.3926, -8.3591, 2.9071$, and $25.9493, -4.7964, 0.6965$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43.2727, -9.6984, 0.7718$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $45.1597, -2.8650, 2.3501$.

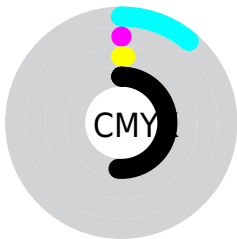
Distribution



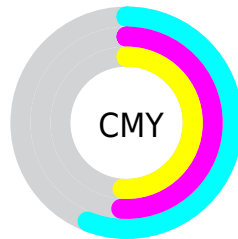
- Red (44%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 44.1610, -6.4362,
1.4977

■ 44.1610, -6.4362,
1.4977

157.8640,
-14.7341, 7.2167

■ 34.6902, -5.6036,
1.0513

■ 65.2548, -8.1503,
2.5231

■ 26.0133, -4.7813,
0.6536

■ 76.7862, -9.0335,
3.0944

■ 18.2120, -3.9631,
0.3117

■ 88.9267, -9.9355,
3.7016

■ 11.3985, -3.1353,
0.0351

■ 101.6471,
-10.8566, 4.3427

■ 3.7501, -6.4279,
-1.1390

114.9221,
-11.7970, 5.0162

0.0000, NaN, NaN

128.7294,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-12.7568, 5.7205

0.0000, NaN, NaN

143.0493,
-13.7359, 6.4544

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 44.1610, -6.4362,
1.4977

■ 44.1610, -6.4362,
1.4977

■ 43.2727, -9.6984,
0.7718

■ 45.1597, -2.8650,
2.3501

■ 42.4933, -12.6229,
0.1767

■ 46.2636, 0.9891,
3.3193

■ 41.8238, -15.1892,
-0.2825

■ 47.4709, 5.0949,
4.3972

■ 41.2630, -17.3824,
-0.6042

■ 48.7777, 9.4225,
5.5745

■ 40.8083, -19.1956,
-0.7894

■ 50.1802, 13.9426,
6.8419

■ 40.4550, -20.6315,
-0.8425

■ 51.6741, 18.6283,
8.1902

■ 40.1968, -21.7043,
-0.7718

■ 53.2550, 23.4545,
9.6107

■ 40.0247, -22.4412,
-0.5892

■ 54.9184, 28.3990,
11.0953

■ 39.9127, -22.9345,
-0.3783

■ 56.6598, 33.4422,
12.6364

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.1619, -6.3545, 3.5872



44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977



44.1619, -5.4425, -0.4377

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.1619, -6.4371, 1.4984



44.1619, 0.5717, -0.6755



44.1619, -1.0901, 6.1020

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977



41.1087, 2.1682, 3.2586

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.1619, 0.8120, 5.0683



44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977



44.1619, 1.7844, 1.1868

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.1619, -6.4371, 1.4984



44.1619, -1.4128, -1.7338



44.1619, 1.8732, 3.2905



44.1619, -3.2967, 6.1762

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977



44.1619, -4.2909, -1.3536



44.1619, 1.8732, 3.2905



44.1619, -0.3928, 5.8577

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.1619, -6.4371, 1.4984



60.1701, -4.7583, 2.9193



43.8992, -8.0786, 6.5971



28.6495, -2.4382, 1.3514



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.1619, -6.4371, 1.4984



58.8321, -9.5720, 1.7853



42.5372, -3.6295, -0.8968



22.0947, -2.8475, 0.8297



40.7740, -23.4329, -0.3789

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.1087, 2.1682, 3.2586



53.9883, 4.0870, 4.5808



42.6522, -0.6953, 5.3641



20.8539, 0.6480, 1.5444



21.3788, 36.7053, 13.0894

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

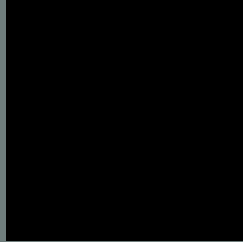
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977

Protanopia

44.0056, -1.3096, 2.2857

Deuteranopia

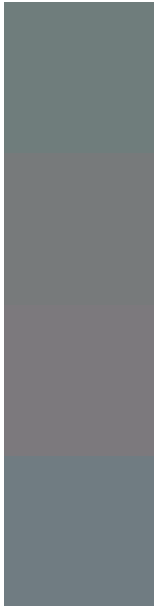
43.9808, 2.9710, 0.9971



Tritanopia

44.2939, -3.9631, -2.4788

Trichromacy



Original Color

44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977

Protanomaly

43.8988, -3.0528, 1.6880

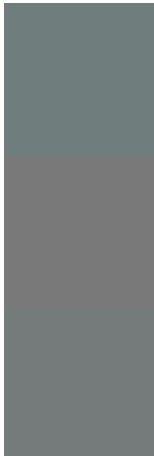
Deuteranomaly

44.0914, -0.8424, 1.0641

Tritanomaly

44.1268, -4.7367, -1.2684

Monochromacy



Original Color

44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977

Achromatopsia

43.7266, -2.3331, 2.3758

Achromatomaly

43.7105, -3.7692, 1.8933

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 125, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 125, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 125, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 125, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 125, 124) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 125, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 125, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 125, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 125, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 125,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 44.1610, -6.4362, 1.4977 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 125, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
125, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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