

Converting Colors

HunterLab(44.2457, -24.8936,
-53.1749)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(44.2457, -24.8936,
-53.1749) contains.

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Color

HunterLab(48.5838, -8.1967,
-43.0312)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008DD0
RGB	0, 141, 208
RGB Percent	0%, 55%, 82%
CMY	0.9998, 0.4471, 0.1843
CMYK	1.00, 0.32, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	199°, 100%, 41%
HSV	199°, 100%, 82%
XYZ	20.9101, 23.6039, 63.1285
YIQ	106.4790, -105.5430, -9.0550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

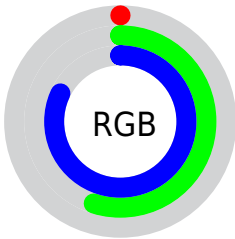
Format	Color
RYB	0, 84, 208
Decimal	36304
CIELab	55.69, -7.16, -43.17
CIELCh	56, 43.758, 260.577
Yxy	23.6046, 0.1943, 0.2193
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278226384 (0xFF008DD0)
YUV	106.4790, 50.0499, -93.3821
Hunter-Lab	48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312

Details

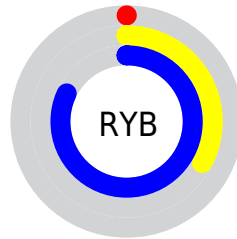
The HunterLab color **48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **41.7494, 46.7510, 26.5423**, and the grayscale version is **37.9967, -2.0274, 2.0644**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.6512, -12.7225, -37.8380**, and **31.2763, -0.5674, -37.8678** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.5796, -8.1898, -43.0407**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.7924, -10.7470, -38.5490**.

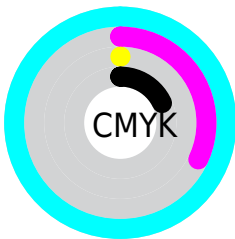
Distribution



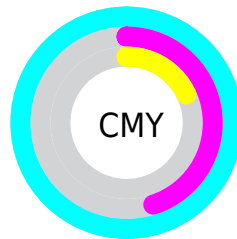
- Red (0%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.5838, -8.1967,
-43.0312

■ 48.5838, -8.1967,
-43.0312

164.5647,
-17.3111, -48.4308

■ 38.7822, -7.2475,
-42.4187

■ 70.2739, -10.1200,
-44.4108

■ 29.7454, -6.3019,
-41.9831

■ 82.0784, -11.1008,
-45.0977

■ 21.5455, -5.3506,
-41.9498

■ 94.4785, -12.0960,
-45.7568

■ 14.2788, -4.3778,
-42.8794

■ 107.4469,
-13.1065, -46.3789

■ 7.9366, -4.3572,
-47.6112

■ 120.9598,
-14.1330, -46.9592

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

134.9959,

-15.1757, -47.4952

0.0000, NaN, -NF

149.5365,
-16.2351, -47.9858

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.5838, -8.1967,
-43.0312

■ 48.5838, -8.1967,
-43.0312

■ 48.5796, -8.1898,
-43.0407

■ 50.7924, -10.7470,
-38.5490

■ 53.1826, -12.6906,
-33.9793

■ 55.7849, -13.9059,
-29.2936

■ 58.5992, -14.3890,
-24.5219

■ 61.6192, -14.1664,
-19.6980

■ 64.8353, -13.2825,
-14.8525

■ 68.2362, -11.7910,
-10.0109

■ 71.8101, -9.7484,
-5.1924

■ 75.5451, -7.2106,
-0.4105

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.5846, -22.8926, -30.7665



48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312



48.5846, 10.3355, -40.0194

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.5846, -8.1960, -43.0302



48.5846, 34.7268, 12.9562



48.5846, -26.7943, 19.3991

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312



41.7494, 46.7510, 26.5423

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.5846, -14.3003, 24.6364



48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312



48.5846, 21.7021, 21.9813

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.5846, -8.1960, -43.0302



48.5846, 37.0008, -3.1312



48.5846, 3.2719, 25.3657



48.5846, -32.5389, 7.7882

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312



48.5846, 22.3457, -30.0691



48.5846, 3.2719, 25.3657



48.5846, -23.3393, 21.7521

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.5846, -8.1960, -43.0302



85.7522, -14.9300, -12.8341



67.4572, -55.7679, 36.0738



38.8167, -7.3139, -7.1399

0.0000, NaN, NaN



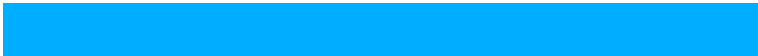
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.5846, -8.1960, -43.0302



60.8661, -9.8450, -54.8249



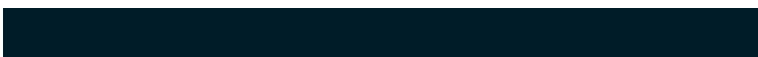
24.3962, 45.7259, -129.1951



35.6904, -3.3229, -0.0667



38.5878, -6.8296, -33.4881



9.8637, -2.7142, -6.4696

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.1589, 71.9649, -12.7654



49.2656, 90.4806, -15.5423



64.8947, -2.5387, 39.9421



34.5565, 2.2450, 0.1287



30.9426, 56.9219, -10.4844



7.4129, 13.8036, -3.8052

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

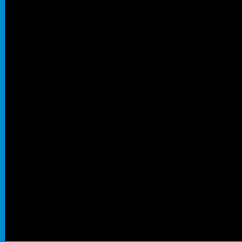
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312.

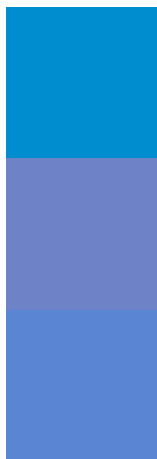


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312

Protanopia

48.3115, 6.3394, -36.4312

Deuteranopia

48.5817, 4.0334, -44.4058



Tritanopia

48.6297, -23.5773, -9.8863

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312

Protanomaly

47.5181, -1.8667, -40.4721

Deuteranomaly

48.0433, -2.3367, -44.8794

Tritanomaly

48.3584, -18.3267, -20.8818

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312

Achromatopsia

37.9643, -2.0257, 2.0627

Achromatomaly

40.4600, -9.6161, -13.3178

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 141, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 141, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 141, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 141, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 141, 208) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 141, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 141, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 141, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 141, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 141,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.5838, -8.1967, -43.0312 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 141, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 141,  
208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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