

Converting Colors

HunterLab(44.4756, 8.6511,
-74.2659)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(44.4756, 8.6511,
-74.2659) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(44.4356, 8.7046,
-74.3315)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007AE8
RGB	0, 122, 232
RGB Percent	0%, 48%, 91%
CMY	0.9998, 0.5216, 0.0902
CMYK	1.00, 0.47, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	208°, 100%, 46%
HSV	208°, 100%, 91%
XYZ	21.5250, 19.7452, 79.0206
YIQ	98.0620, -108.0220, 8.3460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

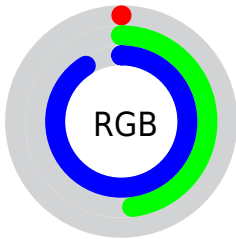
Format	Color
R _Y B	0, 80, 232
Decimal	31464
CIE Lab	51.55, 13.62, -63.27
CIE LCh	52, 64.717, 282.146
Yxy	19.7458, 0.1789, 0.1641
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221544 (0xFF007AE8)
YUV	98.0620, 66.0314, -86.0004
Hunter-Lab	44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315

Details

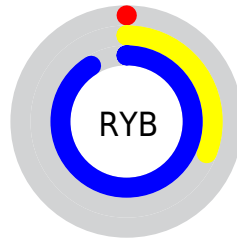
The HunterLab color **44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **53.2174, 37.2181, 33.4419**, and the grayscale version is **34.7681, -1.8551, 1.8890**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.6838, -1.7690, -48.8697**, and **28.5084, 14.3134, -66.5315** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.4279, 8.7196, -74.3542**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.7362, 3.6356, -65.3440**.

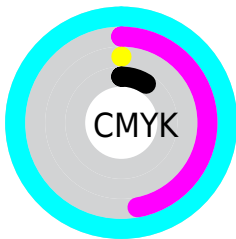
Distribution



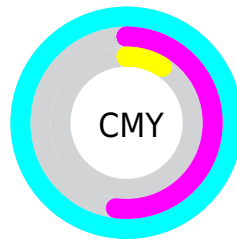
- Red (0%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 44.4356, 8.7046,
-74.3315

■ 44.4356, 8.7046,
-74.3315

■ 158.2831, 8.0254,
-80.7059

■ 34.9433, 8.4422,
-74.6157

■ 65.5672, 8.9792,
-75.0822

■ 26.2433, 8.0751,
-75.8556

■ 77.1159, 9.0079,
-75.7700

■ 18.4163, 7.5844,
-79.0169

■ 89.2729, 8.9740,
-76.5503

■ 11.5734, 6.9407,
-86.6555

■ 102.0091, 8.8829,
-77.3776

■ 4.1404, 14.1089,
-156.5365

■ 115.2992, 8.7390,
-78.2229

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

129.1210, 8.5461,

-79.0672

0.0000, NaN, -NF

143.4549, 8.3074,
-79.8977

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 44.4356, 8.7046,
-74.3315

■ 44.4356, 8.7046,
-74.3315

■ 44.4279, 8.7196,
-74.3542

■ 47.7362, 3.6356,
-65.3440

■ 51.3480, -0.5628,
-56.5220

■ 55.2823, -3.7855,
-47.8804

■ 59.5171, -6.0710,
-39.4852

■ 64.0261, -7.4955,
-31.3757

■ 68.7834, -8.1496,
-23.5661

■ 73.7646, -8.1249,
-16.0524

■ 78.9478, -7.5070,
-8.8190

■ 84.3136, -6.3726,
-1.8438

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.4362, -16.7602, -71.4216



44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315



44.4362, 36.6415, -49.6540

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.4362, 8.7060, -74.3304



44.4362, 41.3808, 24.0302



44.4362, -40.8144, 14.7249

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315



53.2174, 37.2181, 33.4419

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.4362, -31.3256, 25.2738



44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315



44.4362, 14.1143, 28.1066

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.4362, 8.7060, -74.3304



44.4362, 58.2265, 11.3499



44.4362, -12.4635, 28.3719



44.4362, -41.6141, -8.8651

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315



44.4362, 51.3811, -26.2284



44.4362, -12.4635, 28.3719



44.4362, -38.6581, 19.4635

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.4362, 8.7060, -74.3304



82.0127, -9.0513, -18.0180



76.6831, -60.6842, 35.1554



36.8431, -4.2303, -9.9589

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.4362, 8.7060, -74.3304



49.2826, 10.0413, -83.2753



24.4862, 63.9514, -168.6495



38.9037, -2.8972, -0.6827



33.4847, 5.7715, -54.3120



10.0714, -0.1638, -12.2348

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.0840, 77.0363, 2.5586



47.9406, 85.6937, 3.1185



84.0310, -19.5859, 51.4354



38.0710, 2.2608, 0.8314



32.1397, 57.5459, 1.3438



8.8435, 16.0298, -1.1459

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

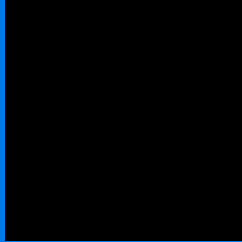
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

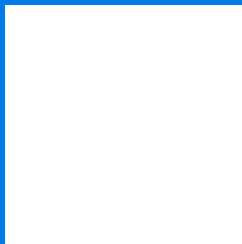
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315

Protanopia

44.5927, 12.8877, -69.8869

Deuteranopia

44.4766, 2.9136, -61.8815



Tritanopia

44.3313, -21.5511, -8.8877

Trichromacy



Original Color

44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315

Protanomaly

44.2284, 10.4765, -71.9359

Deuteranomaly

44.4940, 5.0278, -66.4671

Tritanomaly

44.0533, -12.0515, -29.0470

Monochromacy



Original Color

44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315

Achromatopsia

34.9484, -1.8648, 1.8988

Achromatomaly

36.9406, -4.1932, -21.6150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 122, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 122, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 122, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 122, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 122, 232) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 122, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 122, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 122, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 122, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 122,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 44.4356, 8.7046, -74.3315 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 122, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 122,  
232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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