Converting Colors

HunterLab(44.7264, 6.3868, 11.9251)

Have a look what the booklet for HunterLab(44.7264, 6.3868, 11.9251) contains.

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Color

HunterLab(44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	967463
RGB	150, 116, 99
RGB Percent	59%, 45%, 39%
CMY	0.4118, 0.5451, 0.6118
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.34, 0.41
HSL	20°, 20%, 49%
HSV	20°, 34%, 59%
XYZ	21.0752, 19.8756, 14.5300
YIQ	124.2280, 25.7210, 1.9210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

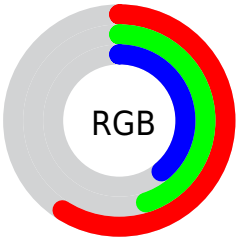
Format	Color
RYB	150, 125, 99
Decimal	9860195
CIELab	51.70, 10.83, 14.52
CIELCh	52, 18.113, 53.261
Yxy	19.8766, 0.3799, 0.3582
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288050275 (0xFF967463)
YUV	124.2280, -12.4374, 22.6020
Hunter-Lab	44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840

Details

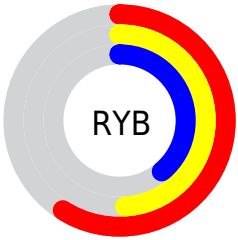
The HunterLab color 44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840 is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666. A complement of this color would be 46.5069, -8.3173, -8.2734, and the grayscale version is 45.0248, -2.4024, 2.4463.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 65.7164, 6.3692, 14.5731, and 26.4175, 5.9592, 9.0912 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 41.7531, 9.5810, 13.9851, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 47.5620, 3.3716, 9.5210.

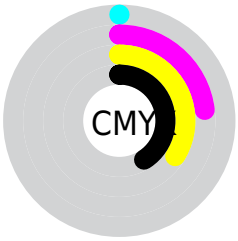
Distribution



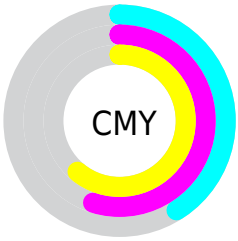
- Red (59%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840

158.5075, 4.6000, 24.1573

65.7344, 6.3566, 14.6639

77.2925, 6.2565, 16.0271

89.4583, 6.0994, 17.3820

102.2029, 5.8901, 18.7330

115.5011, 5.6325, 20.0838

129.3307, 5.3299,

44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840

35.0790, 6.2489, 10.4465

26.3666, 6.0435, 8.9511

18.5259, 5.7267, 7.3650

11.6673, 5.2702, 6.1589

4.3349, 10.6601, 3.0344

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

21.4368

0.0000, NaN, NaN

143.6720, 4.9849, 22.7942

0.0000, NaN, NaN

44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840

44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840

41.7531, 9.5810, 13.9851

47.5620, 3.3716, 9.5210

39.0903, 13.0341, 15.7756

50.6734, 0.5996, 6.9343

36.6156, 16.7100, 17.2035

53.9034, -1.9710, 4.1578

34.3518, 20.5760, 18.2146

57.2400, -4.3581, 1.2187

32.3225, 24.5678, 18.7618

60.6730, -6.5799, -1.8608

30.5500, 28.5810, 18.8235

29.6075, 30.8950, 18.7849

64.1935, -8.6536, -5.0627

67.7940, -10.5950, -8.3724

71.4679, -12.4185, -11.7779

75.2096, -14.1370, -15.2693

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

44.5831, 11.3118, 7.4008

44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840

44.5831, -0.7161, 13.7883

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.

44.5831, 6.3614, 11.8846

44.5831, -15.5252, 3.9708

44.5831, 3.3190, -11.7221

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.

44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840

46.5069, -8.3173, -8.2734

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.

44.5831, -4.0223, -13.0363

44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840

44.5831, -14.5982, -3.1958

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.

44.5831, 6.3614, 11.8846

44.5831, -13.1170, 9.7210

44.5831, -10.4981, -9.7018

44.5831, 9.4775, -6.3556

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.

44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840

44.5831, -5.5665, 13.5982

44.5831, -10.4981, -9.7018

44.5831, 0.8960, -12.6847

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.

44.5831, 6.3614, 11.8846

68.9310, -0.5322, 7.8370

41.3538, 19.4551, -5.9924

32.1957, -0.0443, 3.9067

86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003

34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.

44.5831, 6.3614, 11.8846

56.2727, 11.7640, 18.0000

51.5582, -5.6523, 18.0961

24.7236, -0.3127, 2.6618

27.0640, 27.8601, 17.1644

3.7369, 1.3224, 2.3258

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.

46.5069, -8.3173, -8.2734

59.3609, -11.9431, -14.4916

39.3380, 3.5818, -19.1861

24.9794, -2.2474, -0.0034

30.7318, -5.1371, -27.3226

4.1226, -1.5994, -1.7002

Previews

White Background

This preview shows how the HunterLab color 44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass
Any Text WCAG AAA ✕ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the Color Contrast Checker.

HunterLab 44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840 Background

This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840.

This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 44.5821, 6.3631,

11.8840.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their article about color blindness.

Dichromacy

Original Color
44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840

Protanopia
44.5770, -3.1805, 10.6931

Deuteranopia
44.7480, 2.8696, 11.9832

Tritanopia
44.5714, 11.3281, 3.6004

Trichromacy

Original Color
44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840

Protanomaly
44.3744, 0.3104, 10.8984

Deuteranomaly
44.6864, 4.0243, 11.9439

Tritanomaly
44.5041, 9.3959, 6.7745

Monochromacy

Original Color
44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840

Achromatopsia
44.8950, -2.3955, 2.4392

Achromatomaly
44.6084, 0.3835, 5.9363

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(150, 116, 99) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{
    color:rgb(150, 116, 99)
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our CSS Text Shadow Generator.

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 116, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 116, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 116, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 116, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 116, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 116, 99); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 116, 99); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 116, 99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 44.5821, 6.3631, 11.8840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{ background:rgb(150, 116, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:rgb(150, 116, 99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our online CSS compressor and optimizer based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our CSS Gradient Generator.

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