

Converting Colors

HunterLab(44.9920, -8.1706,
2.2887)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(44.9920, -8.1706, 2.2887)
contains.

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Color

HunterLab(44.9539, -8.0394,
2.4098)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E807C
RGB	110, 128, 124
RGB Percent	43%, 50%, 49%
CMY	0.5686, 0.4980, 0.5137
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.03, 0.50
HSL	167°, 8%, 47%
HSV	167°, 14%, 50%
XYZ	17.7876, 20.2085, 22.0318
YIQ	122.1620, -9.4440, -5.0600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

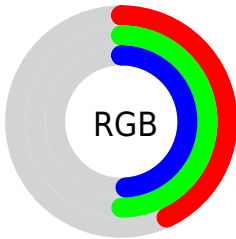
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 120, 128
Decimal	7241852
CIE Lab	52.07, -7.42, -0.05
CIE LCh	52, 7.418, 180.380
Yxy	20.2094, 0.2963, 0.3367
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285431932 (0xFF6E807C)
YUV	122.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661
Hunter-Lab	44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098

Details

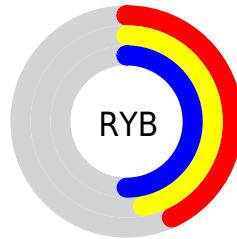
The HunterLab color $44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $41.1782, 3.8666, 2.5186$, and the grayscale version is $44.1786, -2.3573, 2.4003$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66.2297, -10.0880, 3.8634$, and $26.6910, -6.2317, 1.5511$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.0179, -11.6158, 2.4879$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46.0040, -4.1456, 2.4651$.

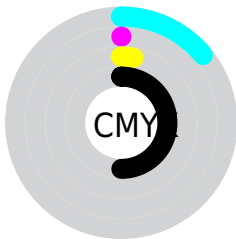
Distribution



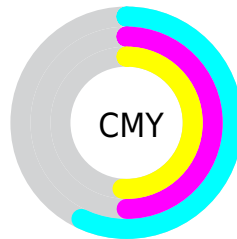
- Red (43%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 44.9539, -8.0394,
2.4098

■ 44.9539, -8.0394,
2.4098

159.0743,
-17.2149, 8.6032

■ 35.4222, -7.0776,
1.8944

■ 66.1573, -9.9850,
3.5596

■ 26.6788, -6.1138,
1.4215

■ 77.7388, -10.9737,
4.1877

■ 18.8036, -5.1375,
0.9962

■ 89.9269, -11.9757,
4.8489

■ 11.9055, -4.1273,
0.6246

■ 102.6927,
-12.9922, 5.5417

■ 4.7907, -7.0026,
0.2182

116.0112,
-14.0239, 6.2647

0.0000, NaN, NaN

129.8604,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-15.0714, 7.0166

0.0000, NaN, NaN

144.2206,
-16.1350, 7.7964

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 44.9539, -8.0394,
2.4098

■ 44.9539, -8.0394,
2.4098

■ 44.0179, -11.6158,
2.4879

■ 46.0040, -4.1456,
2.4651

■ 43.1947, -14.8433,
2.6978

■ 47.1630, 0.0363,
2.6488

■ 42.4853, -17.6985,
3.0384

■ 48.4285, 4.4728,
2.9572

■ 41.8885, -20.1641,
3.5048

■ 49.7968, 9.1315,
3.3842

■ 41.4014, -22.2312,
4.0893

■ 51.2637, 13.9814,
3.9231

■ 41.0191, -23.9020,
4.7809

■ 52.8245, 18.9937,
4.5664

■ 40.7347, -25.1912,
5.5656

■ 54.4748, 24.1426,
5.3066

■ 40.5368, -26.1340,
6.4248

■ 56.2098, 29.4048,
6.1359

■ 40.4356, -26.6275,
6.9402

■ 58.0249, 34.7602,
7.0471

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.9548, -7.3198, 5.0825



44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098



44.9548, -7.2831, -0.4257

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.9548, -8.0402, 2.4105



44.9548, 0.5618, -2.5634



44.9548, 0.4936, 6.9724

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098



41.1782, 3.8666, 2.5186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.9548, 2.6985, 5.1418



44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098



44.9548, 2.7386, -0.3583

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.9548, -8.0402, 2.4105



44.9548, -2.3627, -3.4103



44.9548, 3.5305, 2.4835



44.9548, -2.4395, 7.6089

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098



44.9548, -6.0305, -2.0012



44.9548, 3.5305, 2.4835



44.9548, 1.3473, 6.4825

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.9548, -8.0402, 2.4105



61.0370, -5.5160, 3.2703



44.8952, -8.9891, 8.0247



29.4869, -2.8408, 1.5775



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.9548, -8.0402, 2.4105



59.2188, -12.2960, 3.2130



43.6919, -5.2311, -0.8829



22.0704, -2.9823, 1.1754



40.2642, -26.5129, 6.9069

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.1782, 3.8666, 2.5186



53.0501, 7.1704, 3.3987



42.3455, 1.0340, 5.4561



20.8775, 0.7751, 1.2077



21.5314, 37.2703, 10.8349

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

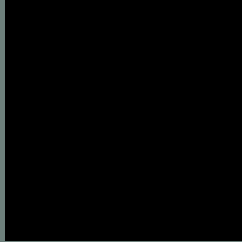
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 44.9539, -8.0394,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098

Protanopia

44.7866, -1.5088, 3.6239

Deuteranopia

44.8221, 3.0974, 1.5634



Tritanopia

44.8821, -4.6220, -3.1946

Trichromacy



Original Color

44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098

Protanomaly

44.8746, -4.0209, 3.2541

Deuteranomaly

44.8132, -1.1935, 1.9229

Tritanomaly

44.9713, -6.0247, -1.1747

Monochromacy



Original Color

44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098

Achromatopsia

44.1155, -2.3539, 2.3969

Achromatomaly

44.3812, -4.2500, 2.2393

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 128, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 128, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 128, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 128, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 128, 124) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 128, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 128, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 128, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 128, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 128,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 44.9539, -8.0394, 2.4098 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 128, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
128, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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