

Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.1262, -56.4527,
-7.8919)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(45.1262, -56.4527,
-7.8919) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(51.1151,
-29.7676, 0.3703)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009D90
RGB	0, 157, 144
RGB Percent	0%, 62%, 56%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3843, 0.4353
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.08, 0.38
HSL	175°, 100%, 31%
HSV	175°, 100%, 62%
XYZ	17.0910, 26.1275, 30.5279
YIQ	108.5750, -89.3990, -37.3270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

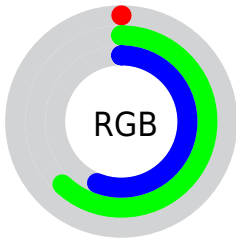
Format	Color
RYB	0, 82, 157
Decimal	40336
CIELab	58.16, -37.43, -3.04
CIELCh	58, 37.555, 184.646
Yxy	26.1285, 0.2318, 0.3543
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278230416 (0xFF009D90)
YUV	108.5750, 17.4645, -95.2203
Hunter-Lab	51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703

Details

The HunterLab color **51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **26.8289, 46.0494, 16.4949**, and the grayscale version is **38.9067, -2.0760, 2.1139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.0328, -35.0461, 1.0161**, and **33.0323, -19.5910, 1.0038** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.1159, -29.7686, 0.3715**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.2602, -29.1130, -0.0489**.

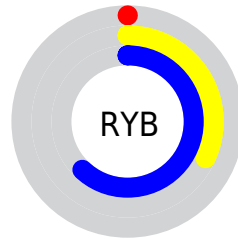
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (62%)

Blue (56%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (62%)

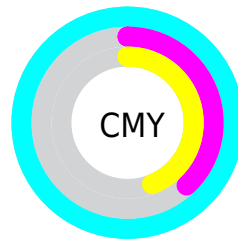


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.1151, -29.7676,
0.3703

■ 51.1151, -29.7676,
0.3703

168.3486,
-51.9639, 5.6221

■ 41.1337, -26.8720,
-0.0122

■ 73.1315, -35.1664,
1.2771

■ 31.9019, -23.7880,
-0.3423

■ 85.0858, -37.7240,
1.7929

■ 23.4876, -20.4437,
-0.6123

■ 97.6287, -40.2116,
2.3469

■ 15.9797, -16.7192,
-0.8125

■ 110.7336,
-42.6419, 2.9368

■ 9.5045, -16.6328,
-0.9273

■ 124.3775,
-45.0251, 3.5609

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 138.5399,

-47.3691, 4.2173

0.0000, NaN, NaN

153.2024,
-49.6803, 4.9048

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.1151, -29.7676,
0.3703

■ 51.1151, -29.7676,
0.3703

■ 51.1159, -29.7686,
0.3715

■ 51.2602, -29.1130,
-0.0489

■ 51.4847, -28.1403,
-0.3683

■ 51.8237, -26.7198,
-0.5412

■ 52.2896, -24.8140,
-0.5503

■ 52.8912, -22.4038,
-0.3842

■ 53.6347, -19.4858,
-0.0362

■ 54.5235, -16.0702,
0.4956

■ 55.5593, -12.1782,
1.2091

■ 56.7416, -7.8399,
2.0989

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.1161, -27.5234, 13.7332



51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703



51.1161, -25.5244, -16.6616

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.1161, -29.7678, 0.3709



51.1161, 15.8332, -27.3845



51.1161, 11.0284, 22.7012

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703



26.8289, 46.0494, 16.4949

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.1161, 24.9251, 16.7060



51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703



51.1161, 27.9283, -11.3005

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.1161, -29.7678, 0.3709



51.1161, -0.2309, -35.5113



51.1161, 31.4426, 5.0818



51.1161, -5.1823, 24.1074

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703



51.1161, -19.2417, -27.0669



51.1161, 31.4426, 5.0818



51.1161, 16.1861, 21.2699

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.1161, -29.7678, 0.3709



72.8889, -21.7939, 0.6143



49.1946, -41.7329, 29.5822



33.9650, -11.0885, 0.1470



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



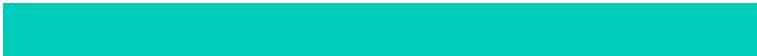
36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.1161, -29.7678, 0.3709



68.3945, -39.8973, 0.6395



31.6522, 0.3166, -40.2434



27.3861, -3.6162, 1.0461



46.0683, -26.8103, 0.2945



6.1804, -3.4631, -0.2491

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.8289, 46.0494, 16.4949



35.8853, 61.5665, 22.3210



33.1641, 27.1129, 20.9091



25.7966, 0.9003, 1.8990



24.1825, 41.5213, 14.7888



3.2691, 5.6834, 1.4540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703.



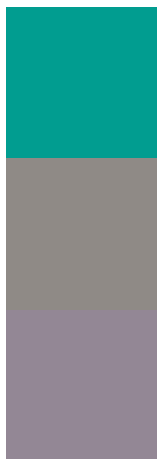
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703.

-29.7676, 0.3703.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703

Protanopia

50.7051, -1.9578, 5.2626

Deuteranopia

50.7876, 3.5622, -1.8365



Tritanopia

51.2606, -22.7157, -10.5386

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703

Protanomaly

49.2758, -17.5684, 1.5793

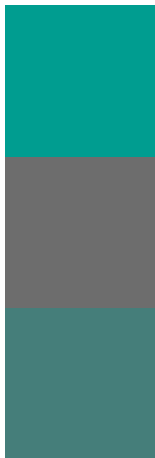
Deuteranomaly

49.1235, -14.3641, -3.2984

Tritanomaly

51.0935, -25.5872, -6.5013

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703

Achromatopsia

39.1058, -2.0866, 2.1247

Achromatomaly

41.9429, -16.2536, -0.4670

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 157, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 157, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 157, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 157, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 157, 144) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 157, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 157, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 157, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 157, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 157,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 51.1151, -29.7676, 0.3703 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 157, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 157,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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