

Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.1888, -3.8918,
1.2081)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(45.1888, -3.8918, 1.2081)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(45.2474, -3.8226,
1.0542)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	787E80
RGB	120, 126, 128
RGB Percent	47%, 49%, 50%
CMY	0.5294, 0.5059, 0.4980
CMYK	0.06, 0.02, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	195°, 3%, 49%
HSV	195°, 6%, 50%
XYZ	19.1029, 20.4733, 23.3670
YIQ	124.4340, -4.2180, -0.6500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 123, 128
Decimal	7896704
CIE Lab	52.37, -1.81, -1.86
CIE LCh	52, 2.599, 225.829
Yxy	20.4741, 0.3035, 0.3253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286086784 (0xFF787E80)
YUV	124.4340, 1.7580, -3.8886
Hunter-Lab	45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542

Details

The HunterLab color $[45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[44.5693, -0.8924, 3.8090]$, and the grayscale version is $[45.0598, -2.4043, 2.4482]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[66.5936, -5.3707, 2.0191]$, and $[26.9258, -2.4541, 0.2603]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[43.3759, -5.7731, -1.2882]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[47.2039, -1.6290, 3.4070]$.

Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (49%)

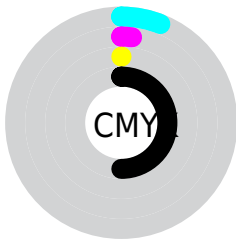
Blue (50%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (50%)

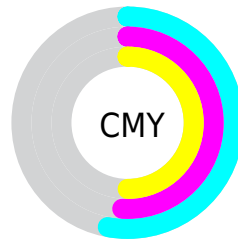


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 45.2474, -3.8226,
1.0542

■ 45.2474, -3.8226,
1.0542

159.5213,
-10.6688, 6.5593

■ 35.6934, -3.2049,
0.6384

■ 66.4911, -5.1530,
2.0242

■ 26.9256, -2.6184,
0.2736

■ 78.0910, -5.8615,
2.5698

■ 19.0233, -2.0649,
-0.0324

■ 90.2966, -6.5980,
3.1526

■ 12.0943, -1.5443,
-0.2690

103.0791, -7.3614,
3.7704

■ 5.1213, -1.8146,
-1.2303

116.4136, -8.1510,
4.4215

0.0000, NaN, NaN

130.2782, -8.9659,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.1042

0.0000, NaN, NaN

144.6533, -9.8054,
5.8172

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.2474, -3.8226,
1.0542

■ 45.2474, -3.8226,
1.0542

■ 43.3759, -5.7731,
-1.2882

■ 47.2039, -1.6290,
3.4070

■ 41.5916, -7.4513,
-3.6146

■ 49.2376, 0.7859,
5.7618

■ 39.9006, -8.8309,
-5.9146

■ 51.3444, 3.3981,
8.1149

■ 38.3078, -9.8852,
-8.1763

■ 53.5198, 6.1871,
10.4628

■ 36.8173, -10.5895,
-10.3866

■ 55.7596, 9.1342,
12.8032

■ 35.4326, -10.9238,
-12.5310

■ 58.0596, 12.2229,
15.1349

■ 34.1553, -10.8755,
-14.5951

■ 60.4163, 15.4389,
17.4569

■ 32.9848, -10.4439,
-16.5669

■ 62.8262, 18.7693,
19.7689

■ 31.9087, -9.6751,
-18.4545

■ 65.2862, 22.2030,
22.0711

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.2484, -4.3546, 1.9327



45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542



45.2484, -2.9130, 0.5491

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.2484, -3.8236, 1.0549



45.2484, -0.4303, 1.9873



45.2484, -2.9695, 4.2829

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542



44.5693, -0.8924, 3.8090

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.2484, -1.9184, 4.2968



45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542



45.2484, -0.4458, 2.9869

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.2484, -3.8236, 1.0549



45.2484, -0.9505, 1.0957



45.2484, -0.9926, 3.8272



45.2484, -3.8646, 3.7889

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542



45.2484, -2.2103, 0.4981



45.2484, -0.9926, 3.8272



45.2484, -2.6229, 4.3435

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.2484, -3.8236, 1.0549



61.1173, -3.8869, 2.7108



45.6438, -5.6912, 4.1646



29.5906, -1.8606, 1.3334



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.2484, -3.8236, 1.0549



59.8084, -5.3231, 1.1159



44.1631, -2.0334, -0.2401



21.8718, -1.9590, 0.3952



31.3824, -9.3305, -19.0834

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.1915, 0.9651, 0.7636



58.2056, 1.9518, 0.6750



45.6434, -2.6919, 4.9957



21.2762, 0.7451, 0.2314



23.2136, 43.3648, -12.9898

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

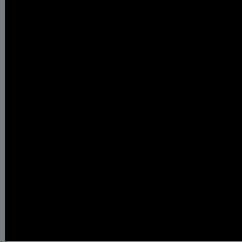
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

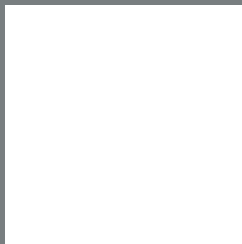
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542

Protanopia

45.1478, -1.3480, 1.4281

Deuteranopia

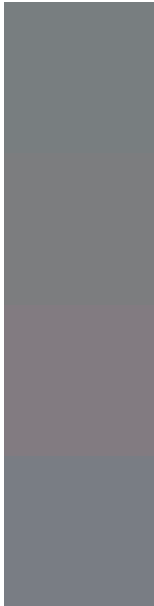
45.1781, 3.0861, 0.6363



Tritanopia

45.2564, -1.9244, -2.1763

Trichromacy



Original Color

45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542

Protanomaly

45.2599, -2.3916, 1.5443

Deuteranomaly

45.2733, 0.6170, 0.7090

Tritanomaly

45.1643, -2.4288, -0.8699

Monochromacy



Original Color

45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542

Achromatopsia

44.8950, -2.3955, 2.4392

Achromatomaly

45.1208, -2.9908, 2.2560

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 126, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 126, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 126, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 126, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 126, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 126, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 126, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 126, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 126, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 126,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 45.2474, -3.8226, 1.0542 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 126, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
126, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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