

Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.3729, -5.5755,
-114.0866)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(45.3729, -5.5755,
-114.0866) contains.

HunterLab(50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(50.1112, 8.4661,
-80.9104)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0089FF
RGB	0, 137, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 54%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.4627, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.46, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	208°, 100%, 50%
HSV	208°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	26.9957, 25.1113, 98.0319
YIQ	109.4890, -119.5300, 7.6540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

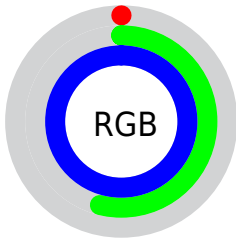
Format	Color
R _{YB}	0, 89, 255
Decimal	35327
CIE _{Lab}	57.18, 13.22, -66.94
CIE _{LCh}	57, 68.235, 281.172
Yxy	25.1120, 0.1798, 0.1673
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278225407 (0xFF0089FF)
YUV	109.4890, 71.7369, -96.0219
Hunter-Lab	50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104

Details

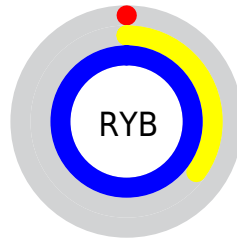
The HunterLab color **50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **58.5109, 43.2102, 36.8084**, and the grayscale version is **39.0690, -2.0846, 2.1227**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.9142, -8.8452, -39.0856**, and **33.1823, 14.9170, -73.6765** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.1011, 8.4851, -80.9388**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.7281, 2.9261, -71.2434**.

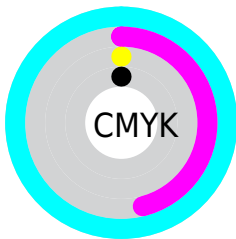
Distribution



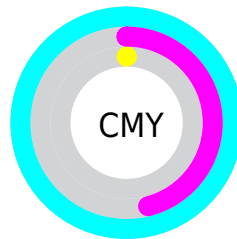
- Red (0%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.1112, 8.4661,
-80.9104

■ 50.1112, 8.4661,
-80.9104

■ 166.8518, 7.3524,
-87.5476

■ 40.2001, 8.2754,
-81.0745

■ 71.9992, 8.6180,
-81.7514

■ 31.0448, 7.9902,
-82.0447

■ 83.8946, 8.5931,
-82.4623

■ 22.7145, 7.5953,
-84.5338

■ 96.3813, 8.5095,
-83.2631

■ 15.3008, 7.0668,
-90.2264

■ 109.4325, 8.3719,
-84.1115

■ 8.9183, 6.4420,
-104.3414

■ 123.0248, 8.1843,
-84.9799

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

137.1375, 7.9500,

-85.8497

0.0000, NaN, -NF

151.7521, 7.6719,
-86.7085

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 50.1112, 8.4661,
-80.9104

■ 50.1112, 8.4661,
-80.9104

■ 50.1011, 8.4851,
-80.9388

■ 53.7281, 2.9261,
-71.2434

■ 57.6876, -1.6416,
-61.7175

■ 62.0017, -5.1268,
-52.3546

■ 66.6480, -7.5665,
-43.2272

■ 71.5993, -9.0414,
-34.3819

■ 76.8276, -9.6500,
-25.8395

■ 82.3064, -9.4929,
-17.6007

■ 88.0117, -8.6652,
-9.6528

■ 93.9221, -7.2523,
-1.9754

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.1118, -19.2681, -76.7113



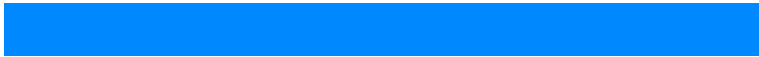
50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104



50.1118, 39.0619, -55.0424

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.1118, 8.4674, -80.9086



50.1118, 45.9827, 26.4380



50.1118, -44.9346, 16.8816

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104



58.5109, 43.2102, 36.8084

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.1118, -34.0706, 28.3345



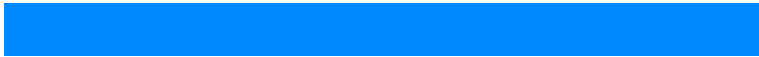
50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104



50.1118, 16.4011, 31.3150

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.1118, 8.4674, -80.9086



50.1118, 63.7487, 11.8683



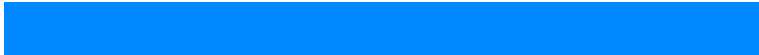
50.1118, -12.9244, 31.7309



50.1118, -46.1292, -8.5437

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104



50.1118, 55.3961, -29.7514



50.1118, -12.9244, 31.7309



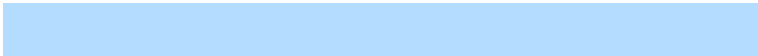
50.1118, -42.4300, 22.0092

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.1118, 8.4674, -80.9086



82.2893, -9.4944, -17.6254



85.2957, -67.9787, 40.1376



36.9889, -4.4631, -9.7447

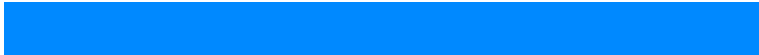
0.0000, NaN, NaN



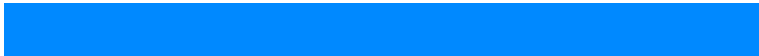
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.1118, 8.4674, -80.9086



50.1011, 8.4851, -80.9388



27.3932, 70.6092, -186.6539



43.5820, -3.3188, -0.7516



36.6308, 5.3565, -57.3485



12.3500, 0.0282, -15.4972

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.0290, 86.0025, 1.8847



48.0262, 86.0048, 1.8980



92.1497, -19.7241, 56.4355



42.6031, 2.6101, 0.8546



34.7599, 62.3287, 0.7466



10.9477, 19.8159, -1.2024

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

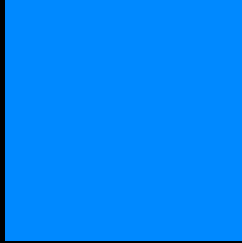
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

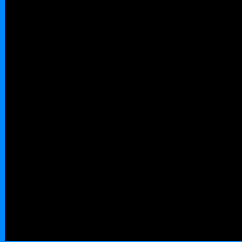
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

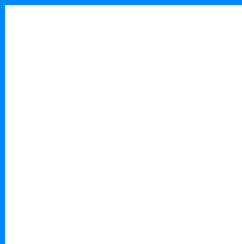
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104.

-80.9104.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104

Protanopia

49.9824, 14.5513, -76.2307

Deuteranopia

50.0578, 4.0921, -71.4015



Tritanopia

50.0651, -24.3293, -10.0569

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104

Protanomaly

49.7307, 11.1840, -78.9585

Deuteranomaly

50.0165, 5.9291, -75.3156

Tritanomaly

49.8527, -14.2080, -31.6405

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104

Achromatopsia

39.4875, -2.1070, 2.1454

Achromatomaly

41.6886, -5.0760, -23.6807

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 137, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 137, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 137, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 137, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 137, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 137, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 137, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 137, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 137, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 137,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.1112, 8.4661, -80.9104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 137, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 137,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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