

Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.4729, -9.7615,
2.3127)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(45.4729, -9.7615, 2.3127)
contains.

HunterLab(45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(45.3844, -9.3671,
2.0151)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B827E
RGB	107, 130, 126
RGB Percent	42%, 51%, 49%
CMY	0.5804, 0.4902, 0.5059
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.03, 0.49
HSL	170°, 10%, 46%
HSV	170°, 18%, 51%
XYZ	17.8119, 20.5974, 22.7756
YIQ	122.6670, -12.4240, -6.1200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

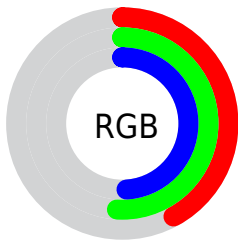
Format	Color
RYB	107, 120, 130
Decimal	7045758
CIELab	52.51, -9.16, -0.61
CIELCh	53, 9.177, 183.798
Yxy	20.5983, 0.2911, 0.3366
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285235838 (0xFF6B827E)
YUV	122.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400
Hunter-Lab	45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151

Details

The HunterLab color $45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $40.5086, 5.4900, 3.0445$, and the grayscale version is $44.3733, -2.3677, 2.4109$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66.7028, -11.3784, 2.9944$, and $27.1118, -7.3788, 1.2226$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.4909, -12.7803, 1.8947$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46.3947, -5.6174, 2.2754$.

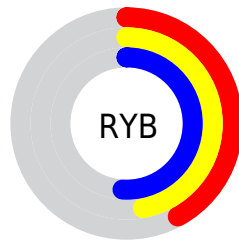
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (51%)

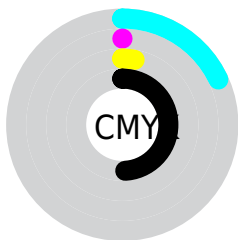
Blue (49%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (51%)

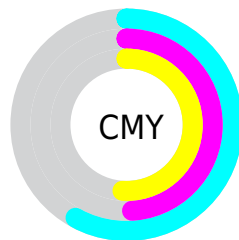


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 45.3844, -9.3671,
2.0151

■ 45.3844, -9.3671,
2.0151

159.7297,
-19.2826, 8.0049

■ 35.8199, -8.2959,
1.5292

■ 66.6468, -11.5083,
3.1116

■ 27.0408, -7.2121,
1.0885

■ 78.2553, -12.5859,
3.7153

■ 19.1259, -6.1015,
0.6988

■ 90.4690, -13.6723,
4.3533

■ 12.1826, -4.9359,
0.3677

■ 103.2593,
-14.7692, 5.0240

■ 5.2682, -7.8557,
-0.1915

116.6013,
-15.8779, 5.7257

0.0000, NaN, NaN

130.4730,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-16.9993, 6.4572

0.0000, NaN, NaN

144.8550,
-18.1340, 7.2173

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.3844, -9.3671,
2.0151

■ 45.3844, -9.3671,
2.0151

■ 44.4909, -12.7803,
1.8947

■ 46.3947, -5.6174,
2.2754

■ 43.7123, -15.8277,
1.9138

■ 47.5169, -1.5593,
2.6697

■ 43.0489, -18.4891,
2.0720

■ 48.7491, 2.7738,
3.1931

■ 42.4989, -20.7512,
2.3651

■ 50.0878, 7.3492,
3.8385

■ 42.0583, -22.6104,
2.7859

■ 51.5287, 12.1349,
4.5982

■ 41.7213, -24.0746,
3.3237

■ 53.0674, 17.1010,
5.4637

■ 41.4797, -25.1655,
3.9642

■ 54.6994, 22.2197,
6.4266

■ 41.3112, -25.9646,
4.6767

■ 56.4198, 27.4664,
7.4785

■ 41.2743, -26.1407,
4.8410

■ 58.2240, 32.8192,
8.6114

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.3853, -8.6878, 5.3837



45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151



45.3853, -8.2375, -1.4952

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.3853, -9.3679, 2.0158



45.3853, 1.6390, -3.5793



45.3853, 0.7897, 8.1810

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151



40.5086, 5.4900, 3.0445

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.3853, 3.6975, 6.1077



45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151



45.3853, 4.1989, -0.6498

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.3853, -9.3679, 2.0158



45.3853, -1.9476, -4.8861



45.3853, 4.9640, 2.9205



45.3853, -2.8986, 8.7704

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151



45.3853, -6.5872, -3.3934



45.3853, 4.9640, 2.9205



45.3853, 1.8947, 7.6432

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.3853, -9.3679, 2.0158



61.9370, -6.1025, 3.1377



45.1899, -11.0636, 9.4016



29.4267, -3.0501, 1.4795



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.3853, -9.3679, 2.0158



59.7605, -14.1991, 2.5924



43.3981, -5.4437, -2.2076



22.0782, -2.9393, 1.0652



40.4162, -25.5900, 4.7247

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.5086, 5.4900, 3.0445



51.9502, 9.6307, 4.2566



42.3163, 1.4943, 6.6114



20.8699, 0.7341, 1.3163



21.4689, 37.0393, 11.7557

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

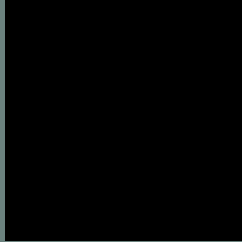
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.3844, -9.3671,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151

Protanopia

45.2046, -1.3781, 3.2530

Deuteranopia

45.2410, 3.2386, 1.1701



Tritanopia

45.3040, -5.9447, -3.6557

Trichromacy



Original Color

45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151

Protanomaly

45.1332, -4.4530, 2.6828

Deuteranomaly

45.0639, -1.6380, 1.3223

Tritanomaly

45.3981, -7.3451, -1.6104

Monochromacy



Original Color

45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151

Achromatopsia

44.5050, -2.3747, 2.4180

Achromatomaly

44.8986, -5.2817, 2.3929

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 130, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 130, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 130, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 130, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 130, 126) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 130, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 130, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 130, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 130, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 130,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 45.3844, -9.3671, 2.0151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 130, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
130, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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