

Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.4921, -5.2892,
2.4055)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(45.4921, -5.2892, 2.4055)
contains.

HunterLab(45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

HunterLab(45.6800, -5.3326,
2.4348)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	77807E
RGB	119, 128, 126
RGB Percent	47%, 50%, 49%
CMY	0.5333, 0.4980, 0.5059
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.02, 0.50
HSL	167°, 4%, 48%
HSV	167°, 7%, 50%
XYZ	19.0928, 20.8666, 22.7600
YIQ	125.0810, -4.7220, -2.5300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 124, 128
Decimal	7831678
CIE _{Lab}	52.80, -3.74, -0.07
CIE _{LCh}	53, 3.739, 181.048
Yxy	20.8675, 0.3044, 0.3327
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286021758 (0xFF77807E)
YUV	125.0810, 0.4531, -5.3330
Hunter-Lab	45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348

Details

The HunterLab color $45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43.7765, 0.6636, 2.4856$, and the grayscale version is $45.3177, -2.4180, 2.4622$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67.0525, -6.9843, 3.4845$, and $27.3265, -3.8336, 1.5376$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.6649, -9.1368, 2.4203$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46.8077, -1.2334, 2.5809$.

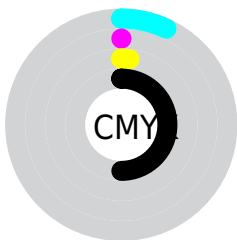
Distribution



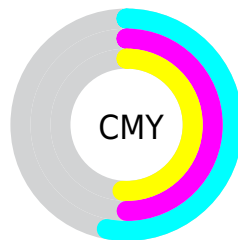
- Red (47%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 45.6800, -5.3326,
2.4348

■ 45.6800, -5.3326,
2.4348

160.1791,
-12.9831, 8.6415

■ 36.0932, -4.5972,
1.9175

■ 66.9828, -6.8745,
3.5881

■ 27.2897, -3.8821,
1.4425

■ 78.6097, -7.6796,
4.2178

■ 19.3478, -3.1853,
1.0148

■ 90.8409, -8.5077,
4.8806

■ 12.3736, -2.5005,
0.6405

103.6479, -9.3587,
5.5748

■ 5.5717, -3.2209,
0.2524

117.0060,
-10.2320, 6.2991

0.0000, NaN, NaN

130.8931,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-11.1275, 7.0524

0.0000, NaN, NaN

145.2900,
-12.0446, 7.8335

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.6800, -5.3326,
2.4348

■ 45.6800, -5.3326,
2.4348

■ 44.6649, -9.1368,
2.4203

■ 46.8077, -1.2334,
2.5809

■ 43.7616, -12.6120,
2.5376

■ 48.0420, 3.1312,
2.8524

■ 42.9721, -15.7315,
2.7871

■ 49.3802, 7.7274,
3.2444

■ 42.2963, -18.4727,
3.1660

■ 50.8183, 12.5238,
3.7504

■ 41.7325, -20.8206,
3.6688

■ 52.3518, 17.4909,
4.3631

■ 41.2771, -22.7694,
4.2867

■ 53.9760, 22.6019,
5.0749

■ 40.9247, -24.3249,
5.0079

■ 55.6863, 27.8328,
5.8781

■ 40.6675, -25.5058,
5.8174

■ 57.4782, 33.1626,
6.7654

■ 40.4859, -26.3827,
6.6874

■ 59.3470, 38.5731,
7.7294

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.6810, -4.9764, 3.8157



45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348



45.6810, -4.9239, 1.0250

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.6810, -5.3336, 2.4355



45.6810, -0.9184, 0.0328



45.6810, -1.0124, 4.8596

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348



43.7765, 0.6636, 2.4856

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.6810, 0.0984, 3.9013



45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348



45.6810, 0.1532, 1.1162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.6810, -5.3336, 2.4355



45.6810, -2.3862, -0.3899



45.6810, 0.5277, 2.5375



45.6810, -2.4935, 5.1873

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348



45.6810, -4.2679, 0.2647



45.6810, 0.5277, 2.5375



45.6810, -0.5826, 4.6021

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.6810, -5.3336, 2.4355



61.3398, -4.4105, 3.3065



45.6545, -5.8094, 5.3647



29.6907, -2.0962, 1.6012



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.6810, -5.3336, 2.4355



60.4497, -7.6788, 3.2204



45.0564, -3.9153, 0.8202



22.0704, -2.9823, 1.1756



40.2639, -26.5144, 6.9106

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.7765, 0.6636, 2.4856



57.5128, 1.5710, 3.2984



44.3778, -0.7606, 4.0143



20.8775, 0.7752, 1.2075



21.5315, 37.2707, 10.8331

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

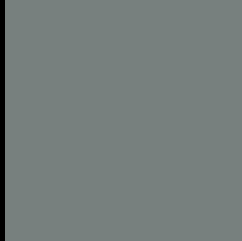
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

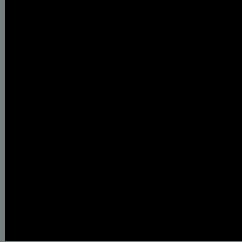
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.6800, -5.3326,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348

Protanopia

45.5101, -1.6934, 3.1708

Deuteranopia

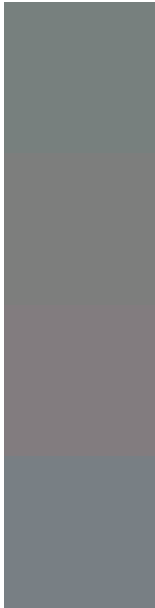
45.5738, 2.9154, 2.0117



Tritanopia

45.5678, -2.2216, -2.2671

Trichromacy



Original Color

45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348

Protanomaly

45.5657, -2.8804, 2.7811

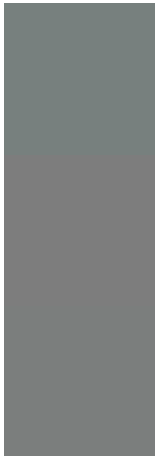
Deuteranomaly

45.4900, -0.1701, 1.8580

Tritanomaly

45.6484, -3.6335, -0.2887

Monochromacy



Original Color

45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348

Achromatopsia

45.2856, -2.4163, 2.4605

Achromatomaly

45.4019, -3.4529, 2.5790

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 128, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 128, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 128, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 128, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 128, 126) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 128, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 128, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 128, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 128, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 128,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 45.6800, -5.3326, 2.4348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 128, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
128, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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