

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.5152, -1.2146,  
4.2962)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(45.5152, -1.2146, 4.2962)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(45.5999, -1.5466,  
4.5515)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	827D79
RGB	130, 125, 121
RGB Percent	51%, 49%, 47%
CMY	0.4902, 0.5098, 0.5255
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.07, 0.49
HSL	27°, 4%, 49%
HSV	27°, 7%, 51%
XYZ	19.9907, 20.7935, 21.0490
YIQ	126.0390, 4.2640, -0.1840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

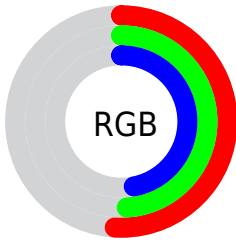
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	130, 128, 121
Decimal	8551801
CIE Lab	52.72, 1.13, 2.85
CIE LCh	53, 3.061, 68.359
Yxy	20.7944, 0.3233, 0.3363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286741881 (0xFF827D79)
YUV	126.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738
Hunter-Lab	45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515

# Details

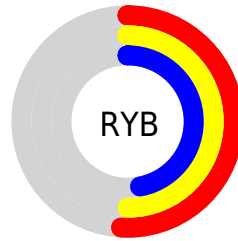
The HunterLab color  $45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $45.3850, -3.2207, 0.3198$ , and the grayscale version is  $45.7011, -2.4385, 2.4830$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $67.0263, -2.8034, 6.2802$ , and  $27.2016, -0.4842, 3.0139$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $43.2837, -0.0063, 7.2370$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $47.9895, -2.9303, 1.6539$ .

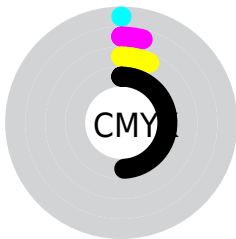
# Distribution



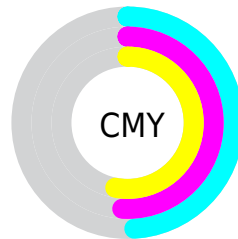
- Red (51%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 45.5999, -1.5466,  
4.5515

■ 45.5999, -1.5466,  
4.5515

160.0575, -7.2025,  
11.9016

■ 36.0192, -1.1026,  
3.8663

■ 66.8918, -2.5649,  
6.0060

■ 27.2223, -0.7053,  
3.2075

■ 78.5137, -3.1306,  
6.7730

■ 19.2876, -0.3618,  
2.5748

■ 90.7402, -3.7314,  
7.5662

■ 12.3218, -0.0811,  
1.9644

103.5427, -4.3653,  
8.3847

■ 5.4912, 0.6024,  
2.4465

116.8964, -5.0307,  
9.2281

0.0000, NaN, NaN

130.7794, -5.7261,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

10.0958

0.0000, NaN, NaN

145.1722, -6.4504,  
10.9871

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.5999, -1.5466,  
4.5515

■ 45.5999, -1.5466,  
4.5515

■ 43.2837, -0.0063,  
7.2370

■ 47.9895, -2.9303,  
1.6539

■ 41.0445, 1.7075,  
9.6819

■ 50.4436, -4.1668,  
-1.4350

■ 38.8906, 3.6059,  
11.8574

■ 52.9580, -5.2702,  
-4.6945

■ 36.8304, 5.6996,  
13.7308

■ 55.5283, -6.2522,  
-8.1072

■ 34.8729, 7.9952,  
15.2674

■ 58.1503, -7.1238,  
-11.6583

■ 33.0279, 10.4933,  
16.4325

■ 60.8204, -7.8949,  
-15.3349

■ 31.3058, 13.1852,  
17.1950

■ 63.5354, -8.5747,  
-19.1260

■ 29.7169, 16.0481,  
17.5343

■ 66.2926, -9.1713,  
-23.0218

■ 28.2667, 19.0218,  
17.5099

■ 69.0893, -9.6921,  
-27.0141

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.6009, -0.5398, 3.8754



45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515



45.6009, -2.7837, 4.6821

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.6009, -1.5478, 4.5522



45.6009, -4.7841, 2.1493



45.6009, -0.9377, 0.6568

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515



45.3850, -3.2207, 0.3198

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.6009, -2.0864, 0.1669



45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515



45.6009, -4.3009, 1.0436

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.6009, -1.5478, 4.5522



45.6009, -4.6434, 3.3155



45.6009, -3.3167, 0.3103



45.6009, -0.1850, 1.6328



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515



45.6009, -3.5691, 4.4445



45.6009, -3.3167, 0.3103



45.6009, -1.2909, 0.4286

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.6009, -1.5478, 4.5522



62.0495, -2.9741, 4.1984



44.6428, 1.1071, 1.2679



29.5425, -1.4277, 1.9707



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.6009, -1.5478, 4.5522



60.1224, -1.8085, 6.5056



46.8323, -3.5912, 5.8936



21.5280, -0.5867, 2.4589



27.2899, 19.4533, 17.1565

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.3850, -3.2207, 0.3198



59.7842, -4.4287, -0.1238



44.1565, -1.1741, -1.1689



21.3931, -1.6320, -0.1860



24.5483, 1.4239, -33.7571

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

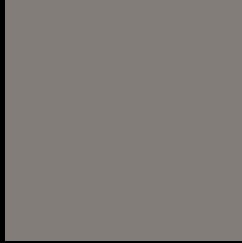
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

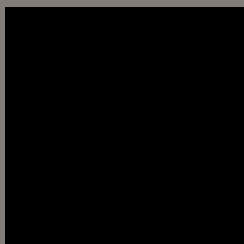
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

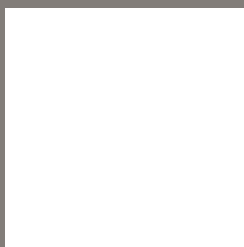
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515

### Protanopia

45.5136, -1.8456, 4.4484

### Deuteranopia

45.6215, 2.7966, 4.2319



## Tritanopia

45.5685, 1.8590, -0.7605

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515

## Protanomaly

45.5136, -1.8456, 4.4484

## Deuteranomaly

45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971

## Tritanomaly

45.6350, 0.4418, 1.1445

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515

## Achromatopsia

45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817

## Achromatomaly

45.7045, -2.4528, 3.3830

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 125, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 125, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 125, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 125, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 125, 121) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 125, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 125, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 125, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 125, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 125,  
121) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 45.5999, -1.5466, 4.5515 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 125, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
125, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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