

Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.5182, 2.9926,
-1.9398)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(45.5182, 2.9926, -1.9398)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(45.4476, 2.9680,
-1.8465)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	857A87
RGB	133, 122, 135
RGB Percent	52%, 48%, 53%
CMY	0.4784, 0.5216, 0.4706
CMYK	0.01, 0.10, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	291°, 5%, 50%
HSV	291°, 10%, 53%
XYZ	21.0055, 20.6548, 25.8013
YIQ	126.7710, 2.3830, 6.3750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

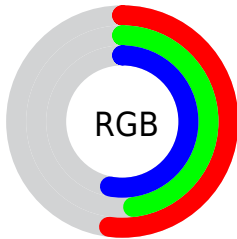
Format	Color
R_{YB}	133, 122, 135
Decimal	8747655
CIE _{Lab}	52.57, 6.74, -5.54
CIE _{LCh}	53, 8.722, 320.580
Yxy	20.6557, 0.3114, 0.3062
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286937735 (0xFF857A87)
YUV	126.7710, 4.0569, 5.4628
Hunter-Lab	45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465

Details

The HunterLab color $45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $47.9778, -7.7296, 6.6735$, and the grayscale version is $45.9635, -2.4525, 2.4973$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66.5898, 2.6545, -1.2826$, and $26.9443, 3.1263, -2.2538$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $41.7133, 8.8938, -6.7212$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49.3714, -2.8403, 2.8458$.

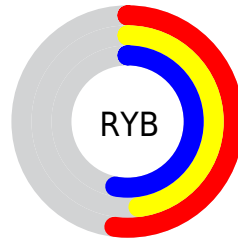
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (48%)

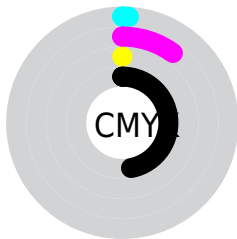
Blue (53%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (53%)

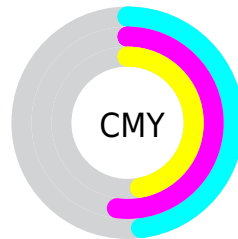


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 45.4476, 2.9680,
-1.8465

■ 45.4476, 2.9680,
-1.8465

159.8259, -0.4382,
2.3015

■ 35.8784, 3.0885,
-2.0707

■ 66.7187, 2.5360,
-1.2266

■ 27.0940, 3.1353,
-2.2301

■ 78.3311, 2.2394,
-0.8429

■ 19.1734, 3.0933,
-2.3136

■ 90.5486, 1.8950,
-0.4147

■ 12.2234, 2.9406,
-2.3067

103.3424, 1.5064,
0.0548

■ 5.3347, 5.2186,
-4.0131

116.6879, 1.0764,
0.5632

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

130.5629, 0.6076,

1.1083

0.0000, NaN, NaN

144.9481, 0.1021,
1.6883

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.4476, 2.9680,
-1.8465

■ 45.4476, 2.9680,
-1.8465

■ 41.7133, 8.8938,
-6.7212

■ 49.3714, -2.8403,
2.8458

■ 38.1960, 14.9187,
-11.7833

■ 53.4572, -8.5255,
7.3678

■ 34.9335, 20.9856,
-17.0104

■ 57.6859, -14.0961,
11.7397

■ 31.9698, 26.9832,
-22.3381

■ 62.0413, -19.5644,
15.9816

■ 29.3552, 32.7201,
-27.6351

■ 66.5099, -24.9440,
20.1128

■ 27.1422, 37.9084,
-32.6827

■ 71.0808, -30.2481,
24.1505

■ 25.3777, 42.1791,
-37.1766

■ 75.7448, -35.4892,
28.1099

■ 24.0889, 45.1629,
-40.7836

■ 80.4940, -40.6783,
32.0041

■ 23.1477, 47.0768,
-43.6241

■ 85.3220, -45.8253,
35.8444

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.4486, -0.0030, -4.0347



45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465



45.4486, 4.5045, 1.3982

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.4486, 2.9669, -1.8457



45.4486, -1.3048, 8.4249



45.4486, -8.6430, 0.1317

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465



47.9778, -7.7296, 6.6735

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.4486, -8.9674, 3.5239



45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465



45.4486, -4.8021, 8.1428

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.4486, 2.9669, -1.8457



45.4486, 1.9889, 7.2097



45.4486, -7.5814, 6.4071



45.4486, -6.6813, -2.8337

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465



45.4486, 4.4791, 3.6500



45.4486, -7.5814, 6.4071



45.4486, -8.9448, 1.2654

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.4486, 2.9669, -1.8457



64.2374, -1.1467, 1.6757



45.1053, -1.2560, -2.3587



30.7232, -0.2725, 0.5813



83.1908, -4.4389, 4.5199



31.6988, -1.6914, 1.7223

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.4486, 2.9669, -1.8457



59.4735, 6.0500, -4.1685



45.4978, 2.8693, 0.2572



21.7429, 1.2690, -0.7617



22.2049, 45.2908, -41.9622



1.3968, 2.7922, -2.1985

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.3057, 1.8374, 2.9934



59.2317, 4.1289, 4.1527



47.9385, -7.6415, 4.8524



21.6784, 0.7596, 1.4162



21.9096, 37.7516, 12.3693



1.3159, 2.3188, 0.3438

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

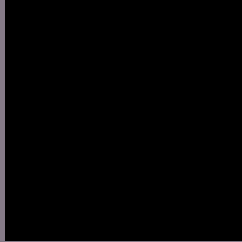
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.4476, 2.9680,

-1.8465.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465

Protanopia

45.5615, -0.7455, -2.7365

Deuteranopia

45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465



Tritanopia

45.3559, 2.4757, -0.5449

Trichromacy



Original Color

45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465

Protanomaly

45.5026, 0.4121, -2.3045

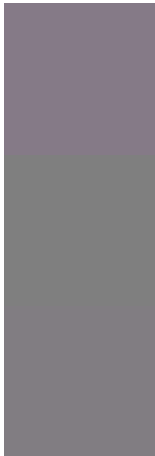
Deuteranomaly

45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465

Tritanomaly

45.3862, 2.6385, -0.9752

Monochromacy



Original Color

45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465

Achromatopsia

46.0685, -2.4581, 2.5030

Achromatomaly

45.7669, -0.4650, 0.8339

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 122, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 122, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 122, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 122, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 122, 135) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 122, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 122, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 122, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 122, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 122,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 45.4476, 2.9680, -1.8465 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 122, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
122, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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