

Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.5208, -1.0526,
0.4438)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(45.5208, -1.0526, 0.4438)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(45.5971, -1.0492,
0.6172)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F7D82
RGB	127, 125, 130
RGB Percent	50%, 49%, 51%
CMY	0.5020, 0.5098, 0.4902
CMYK	0.02, 0.04, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	264°, 2%, 50%
HSV	264°, 4%, 51%
XYZ	20.1153, 20.7910, 24.0719
YIQ	126.1680, -0.4130, 1.9790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	127, 125, 130
Decimal	8355202
CIELab	52.72, 1.76, -2.45
CIELCh	53, 3.015, 305.654
Yxy	20.7918, 0.3096, 0.3200
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286545282 (0xFF7F7D82)
YUV	126.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297
Hunter-Lab	45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172

Details

The HunterLab color $[45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[46.9421, -3.8651, 4.3509]$, and the grayscale version is $[45.7364, -2.4404, 2.4849]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[67.0544, -2.1065, 1.6695]$, and $[27.1711, -0.1733, -0.2471]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[41.3965, 2.8377, -4.6902]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[49.9242, -4.8523, 5.5967]$.

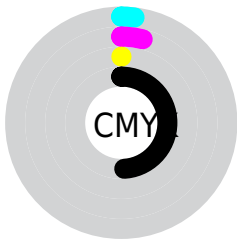
Distribution



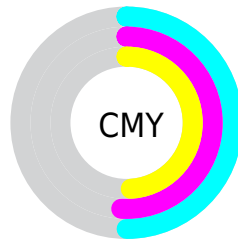
- Red (50%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 45.5971, -1.0492,
0.6172

■ 45.5971, -1.0492,
0.6172

■ 160.0532, -6.4505,
5.9121

■ 36.0166, -0.6419,
0.2313

■ 66.8886, -2.0008,
1.5327

■ 27.2199, -0.2847,
-0.1012

■ 78.5103, -2.5361,
2.0532

■ 19.2855, 0.0145,
-0.3718

■ 90.7366, -3.1078,
2.6121

■ 12.3200, 0.2449,
-0.5693

■ 103.5390, -3.7140,
3.2070

■ 5.4884, 1.1022,
-1.5516

■ 116.8925, -4.3528,
3.8359

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 130.7754, -5.0227,

4.4974

0.0000, NaN, NaN

145.1681, -5.7223,
5.1899

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.5971, -1.0492,
0.6172

■ 45.5971, -1.0492,
0.6172

■ 41.3965, 2.8377,
-4.6902

■ 49.9242, -4.8523,
5.5967

■ 37.3378, 6.8316,
-10.4091

■ 54.3605, -8.5866,
10.3118

■ 33.4462, 10.9508,
-16.6372

■ 58.8955, -12.2688,
14.8155

■ 29.7532, 15.2070,
-23.4851

■ 63.5201, -15.9118,
19.1493

■ 26.3016, 19.5889,
-31.0582

■ 68.2267, -19.5262,
23.3461

■ 23.1482, 24.0305,
-39.4089

■ 73.0090, -23.1206,
27.4322

■ 20.3673, 28.3548,
-48.4325

■ 77.8617, -26.7018,
31.4286

■ 18.0487, 32.2003,
-57.6917

■ 82.7803, -30.2756,
35.3524

■ 16.2747, 35.0306,
-66.2977

■ 87.7607, -33.8465,
39.2172

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.5981, -2.2025, 0.1886



45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172



45.5981, -0.2631, 1.5458

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.5981, -1.0503, 0.6180



45.5981, -1.4574, 4.4824



45.5981, -4.7626, 2.2601

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172



46.9421, -3.8651, 4.3509

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.5981, -4.5679, 3.3988



45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172



45.5981, -2.6679, 4.6622

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.5981, -1.0503, 0.6180



45.5981, -0.4999, 3.7726



45.5981, -3.8043, 4.2706



45.5981, -4.3392, 1.1526

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172



45.5981, -0.0558, 2.3114



45.5981, -3.8043, 4.2706



45.5981, -4.7672, 2.6520

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.5981, -1.0503, 0.6180



62.1150, -2.8279, 2.7245



46.2952, -3.0643, 1.4258



29.5715, -1.3630, 1.3195



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.5981, -1.0503, 0.6180



59.7938, -0.7459, -0.0476



45.8035, -0.3434, 0.8801



21.4424, -0.2066, -0.1000



14.9947, 35.9848, -70.1997

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.7957, -0.4862, 1.7696



60.1447, 0.2506, 2.0039



46.7445, -4.5599, 4.1133



21.5771, 0.1754, 0.6883



22.5382, 40.9453, -3.6371

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

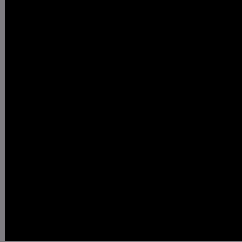
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.5971, -1.0492,

0.6172.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172

Protanopia

45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172

Deuteranopia

45.5982, 3.2307, 0.2337



Tritanopia

45.5255, 0.3665, -1.3144

Trichromacy

**Original Color**

45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172

Protanomaly

45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172

Deuteranomaly

45.5973, 1.8363, 0.2081

Tritanomaly

45.4950, 0.2011, -0.8815

Monochromacy

**Original Color**

45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172

Achromatopsia

45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817

Achromatomaly

45.7052, -2.2817, 2.0768

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 125, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 125, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 125, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 125, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 125, 130) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 125, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 125, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 125, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 125, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 125,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 45.5971, -1.0492, 0.6172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 125, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
125, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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