

Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.5771, -54.3021,
-51.5355)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(45.5771, -54.3021,
-51.5355) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(54.5390,
-16.6341, -32.2608)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A0D1
RGB	0, 160, 209
RGB Percent	0%, 63%, 82%
CMY	0.9998, 0.3725, 0.1804
CMYK	1.00, 0.23, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	194°, 100%, 41%
HSV	194°, 100%, 82%
XYZ	24.0794, 29.7450, 64.7938
YIQ	117.7460, -111.0890, -18.6810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

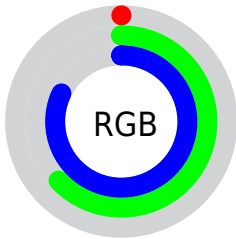
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 91, 209
Decimal	41169
CIE _{Lab}	61.43, -17.39, -34.72
CIE _{LCh}	61, 38.827, 243.397
Yxy	29.7460, 0.2030, 0.2508
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278231249 (0xFF00A0D1)
YUV	117.7460, 44.9882, -103.2632
Hunter-Lab	54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608

Details

The HunterLab color **54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **39.6940, 53.7296, 25.3978**, and the grayscale version is **42.3335, -2.2588, 2.3001**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.5805, -22.5299, -26.4530**, and **36.1362, -7.9374, -28.0325** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.5361, -16.6296, -32.2667**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.2473, -18.2880, -29.2461**.

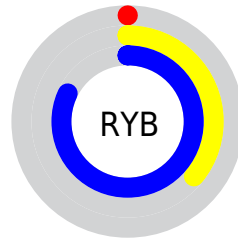
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (63%)

Blue (82%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (82%)

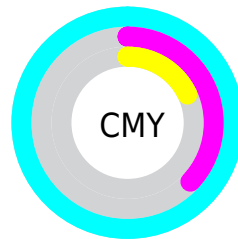


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54.5390, -16.6341,
-32.2608

■ 54.5390, -16.6341,
-32.2608

173.4125,
-30.0181, -36.0020

■ 44.3237, -15.0710,
-31.6350

■ 76.9807, -19.6705,
-33.4263

■ 34.8395, -13.4607,
-31.0215

■ 89.1309, -21.1623,
-33.9440

■ 26.1489, -11.7795,
-30.4913

■ 101.8606,
-22.6441, -34.4121

■ 18.3325, -9.9892,
-30.2141

■ 115.1446,
-24.1201, -34.8293

■ 11.5016, -8.0424,
-30.6582

■ 128.9605,
-25.5932, -35.1959

■ 3.9850, -6.9738,
-52.2491

143.2886,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-27.0660, -35.5127

0.0000, NaN, -NF

158.1113,
-28.5405, -35.7809

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.5390, -16.6341,
-32.2608

■ 54.5390, -16.6341,
-32.2608

■ 54.5361, -16.6296,
-32.2667

■ 56.2473, -18.2880,
-29.2461

■ 58.1107, -19.3857,
-26.0782

■ 60.1641, -19.7958,
-22.7195

■ 62.4145, -19.4949,
-19.1841

■ 64.8625, -18.4906,
-15.4954

■ 67.5043, -16.8109,
-11.6803

■ 70.3333, -14.4973,
-7.7655

■ 73.3414, -11.5984,
-3.7755

■ 76.5195, -8.1658,
0.2683

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.5399, -27.3398, -16.7915



54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608



54.5399, -0.9863, -37.4605

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.5399, -16.6336, -32.2598



54.5399, 33.2113, 4.7579



54.5399, -19.5743, 22.8923

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608



39.6940, 53.7296, 25.3978

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.5399, -4.8134, 25.5929



54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608



54.5399, 26.7506, 17.3154

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.5399, -16.6336, -32.2598



54.5399, 29.0684, -12.6567



54.5399, 12.3142, 23.9124



54.5399, -28.8878, 15.0112

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608



54.5399, 10.5120, -33.4192



54.5399, 12.3142, 23.9124



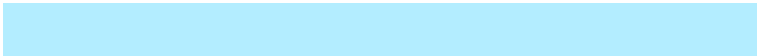
54.5399, -15.1533, 24.3064

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.5399, -16.6336, -32.2598



87.9476, -18.2755, -9.9069



67.6918, -56.8837, 38.1894



39.9782, -9.0645, -5.5561

0.0000, NaN, NaN



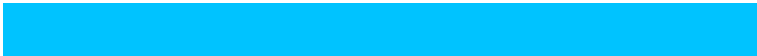
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.5399, -16.6336, -32.2598



68.0744, -20.5102, -40.8114



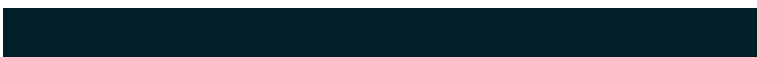
27.2209, 37.0354, -113.9662



35.9409, -3.7278, 0.2339



43.0060, -13.3160, -25.0083



10.7278, -3.9178, -4.9514

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.1181, 75.0232, -23.1184



50.2089, 93.8498, -28.5286



60.3571, 5.9640, 37.2948



34.5827, 2.3853, -0.2435



31.5252, 59.0013, -18.4931



7.5331, 14.2302, -5.4388

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

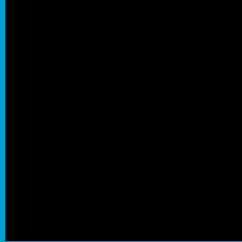
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608.



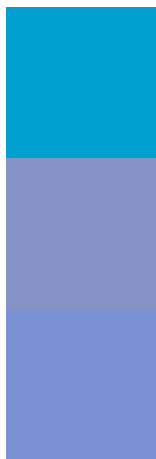
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.5390,

-16.6341, -32.2608.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608

Protanopia

54.4257, 3.6210, -24.6008

Deuteranopia

54.2668, 4.3327, -34.5383



Tritanopia

54.5209, -25.9663, -12.0925

Trichromacy



Original Color

54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608



Protanomaly

53.2248, -7.7126, -29.5827



Deuteranomaly

53.3442, -6.4640, -35.7398



Tritanomaly

54.6521, -22.8640, -18.9537

Monochromacy



Original Color

54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608



Achromatopsia

42.5634, -2.2711, 2.3126



Achromatomaly

45.2828, -12.7249, -10.6545

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 160, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 160, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 160, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 160, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 160, 209) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 160, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 160, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 160, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 160, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 160,  
209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 54.5390, -16.6341, -32.2608 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 160, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 160,  
209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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