

Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.6022, 52.9835,
-67.3515)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(45.6022, 52.9835,
-67.3515) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(45.5497, 52.8721,
-67.4970)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | A956E5 |
| RGB | 169, 86, 229 |
| RGB Percent | 66%, 34%, 90% |
| CMY | 0.3372, 0.6627, 0.1020 |
| CMYK | 0.26, 0.62, 0.00, 0.10 |
| HSL | 275°, 73%, 62% |
| HSV | 275°, 62%, 90% |
| XYZ | 33.8329, 20.7478, 76.3503 |
| YIQ | 127.1190, 3.5650, 62.0690 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

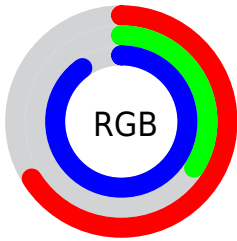
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 169, 86, 229 |
| Decimal | 11097829 |
| CIE Lab | 52.67, 58.35, -59.28 |
| CIE LCh | 53, 83.182, 314.547 |
| Yxy | 20.7485, 0.2584, 0.1585 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289287909 (0xFFA956E5) |
| YUV | 127.1190, 50.2273, 36.7296 |
| Hunter-Lab | 45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970 |

Details

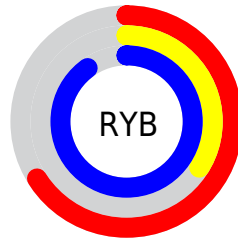
The HunterLab color $45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC66FF$. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be $79.2603, -45.1241, 41.4636$, and the grayscale version is $45.9245, -2.4504, 2.4952$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $65.1691, 48.7152, -45.0631$, and $27.1853, 48.8755, -68.6173$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40.7859, 61.2443, -81.5564$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51.0991, 43.6745, -53.7601$.

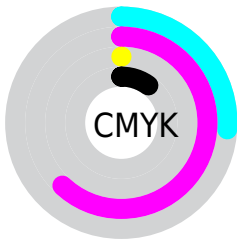
Distribution



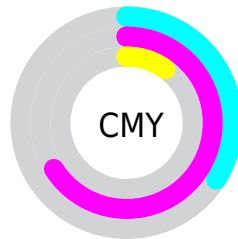
- Red (66%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

45.5497, 52.8721,
-67.4970

45.5497, 52.8721,
-67.4970

159.9810, 67.0219,
-74.0306

35.9726, 50.8200,
-67.4673

66.8346, 56.6959,
-68.5295

27.1799, 48.7186,
-68.1592

78.4534, 58.4532,
-69.2665

19.2499, 46.6755,
-70.3008

90.6769, 60.1089,
-70.0611

12.2893, 45.0127,
-75.7762

103.4765, 61.6671,
-70.8782

5.4400, 57.2537,
-109.7418

116.8275, 63.1327,
-71.6958

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

130.7079, 64.5105,

-72.4994

0.0000, NaN, -NF

145.0982, 65.8054,
-73.2798

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.5497, 52.8721,
-67.4970

■ 45.5497, 52.8721,
-67.4970

■ 40.7859, 61.2443,
-81.5564

■ 51.0991, 43.6745,
-53.7601

■ 36.9490, 67.9355,
-94.9940

■ 57.2936, 34.2045,
-40.8094

■ 34.1445, 71.9527,
-106.4218

■ 64.0183, 24.7551,
-28.7729

■ 32.6146, 73.1985,
-113.3809

■ 71.1818, 15.4561,
-17.6125

■ 78.7131, 6.3485,
-7.2234

■ 86.5578, -2.5698,
2.5149

■ 94.6735, -11.3196,
11.7153

■ 98.3597, -12.6787,
15.7026

■ 99.2155, -9.6506,
16.6685

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.5506, 15.1135, -107.5509



45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970



45.5506, 78.9072, -17.3181

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.5506, 52.8716, -67.4952



45.5506, 16.2588, 30.9171



45.5506, -49.8973, -15.9959

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970



79.2603, -45.1241, 41.4636

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.5506, -49.7557, 16.0947



45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970



45.5506, -17.6692, 30.9480

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.5506, 52.8716, -67.4952



45.5506, 53.9185, 28.0492



45.5506, -39.7185, 28.2247



45.5506, -40.1863, -65.9426

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970



45.5506, 82.4054, 7.1241



45.5506, -39.7185, 28.2247



45.5506, -50.8844, -2.7125

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.5506, 52.8716, -67.4952



83.2071, 14.0083, -15.8965



53.6709, 1.0811, -48.7995



37.3787, 7.8596, -8.9502

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.5506, 52.8716, -67.4952



44.6593, 71.7072, -96.8277



53.3416, 68.9141, -40.7751



37.8130, 1.7103, -1.9839



24.8074, 55.5213, -85.0384



7.1350, 15.5687, -21.3567

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.3880, 56.4606, 0.0385



51.8768, 74.6954, 3.1212



76.7161, -55.2653, 37.8383



38.0366, 2.0763, 1.3206



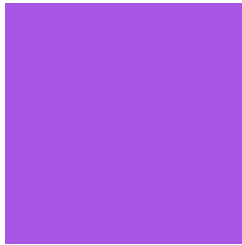
31.6714, 55.8376, 8.0677



8.7146, 15.5623, 0.6827

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

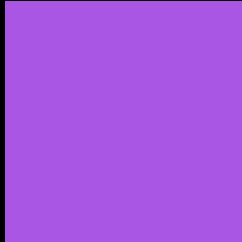
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

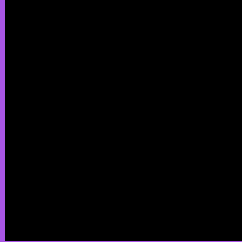
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970.

-67.4970.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970

Protanopia

45.9504, 17.9199, -93.4448

Deuteranopia

46.0616, 4.0761, -59.5980



Tritanopia

45.3329, 10.0870, 2.7350

Trichromacy



Original Color

45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970

Protanomaly

43.5874, 26.6716, -91.2736

Deuteranomaly

44.0065, 18.6185, -67.5704

Tritanomaly

44.7399, 24.4924, -17.9218

Monochromacy



Original Color

45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970

Achromatopsia

46.0685, -2.4581, 2.5030

Achromatomaly

44.7431, 16.0512, -18.6893

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 86, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 86, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 86, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 86, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 86, 229) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 86, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 86, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 86, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 86, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 86,  
229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 45.5497, 52.8721, -67.4970 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 86, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169, 86,  
229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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