

Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.6314, 39.5061,
-14.1371)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(45.6314, 39.5061,
-14.1371) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(45.6135, 39.5688,
-14.4300)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BA5DA0
RGB	186, 93, 160
RGB Percent	73%, 36%, 63%
CMY	0.2706, 0.6353, 0.3725
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.14, 0.27
HSL	317°, 40%, 55%
HSV	317°, 50%, 73%
XYZ	30.5093, 20.8059, 35.6657
YIQ	128.4450, 33.9210, 40.5530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

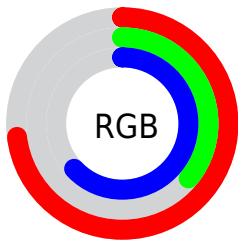
Format	Color
R_{YB}	186, 93, 160
Decimal	12213664
CIE _{Lab}	52.74, 46.07, -19.35
CIE _{LCh}	53, 49.969, 337.211
Yxy	20.8069, 0.3508, 0.2392
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290403744 (0xFFBA5DA0)
YUV	128.4450, 15.5566, 50.4757
Hunter-Lab	45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300

Details

The HunterLab color $45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $CC6699$. A complement of this color would be $62.2717, -36.1559, 21.1199$, and the grayscale version is $46.5681, -2.4848, 2.5301$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66.8559, 42.8044, -15.0687$, and $27.2499, 36.3266, -13.4414$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42.1318, 47.5470, -16.7219$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49.6634, 31.0162, -11.4666$.

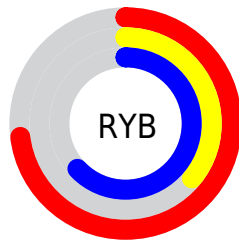
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (36%)

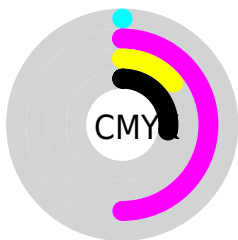
Blue (63%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (63%)

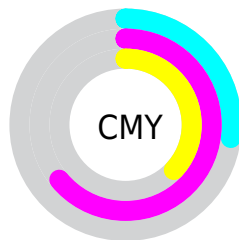


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

45.6135, 39.5688,
-14.4300

45.6135, 39.5688,
-14.4300

160.0783, 50.0845,
-14.7978

36.0318, 37.8859,
-14.0864

66.9074, 42.5808,
-14.9115

27.2338, 36.0956,
-13.6789

78.5301, 43.9233,
-15.0570

19.2979, 34.2336,
-13.2219

90.7574, 45.1650,
-15.1434

12.3307, 32.4397,
-12.7757

103.5607, 46.3129,
-15.1739

5.5051, 40.6701,
-16.3564

116.9151, 47.3732,
-15.1518

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

130.7988, 48.3519,

-15.0801

0.0000, NaN, NaN

145.1924, 49.2541,
-14.9613

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.6135, 39.5688,
-14.4300

■ 45.6135, 39.5688,
-14.4300

■ 42.1318, 47.5470,
-16.7219

■ 49.6634, 31.0162,
-11.4666

■ 39.2910, 54.4817,
-18.1217

■ 54.2002, 22.2399,
-8.0323

■ 37.1497, 59.8311,
-18.4279

■ 59.1535, 13.4535,
-4.2765

■ 35.7234, 63.1564,
-17.5485

■ 64.4620, 4.7752,
-0.3058

■ 34.8719, 64.6542,
-15.7268

■ 70.0747, -3.7410,
3.8082

■ 34.8717, 64.6545,
-15.7263

■ 75.9499, -12.0792,
8.0190

■ 82.0539, -20.2442,
12.2968

■ 88.3592, -28.2511,
16.6228

■ 92.9810, -33.6168,
19.1443

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.6146, 23.7406, -38.2574



45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300



45.6146, 43.2717, 6.9155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.6146, 39.5667, -14.4287



45.6146, -7.2482, 26.1339



45.6146, -29.6192, -26.2748

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300



62.2717, -36.1559, 21.1199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.6146, -35.1451, -2.4446



45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300



45.6146, -23.7829, 23.3012

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.6146, 39.5667, -14.4287



45.6146, 13.7422, 25.2040



45.6146, -33.2134, 14.6823



45.6146, -16.6334, -46.9354

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300



45.6146, 37.8697, 16.4425



45.6146, -33.2134, 14.6823



45.6146, -32.2967, -18.0444

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.6146, 39.5667, -14.4287



82.9779, 12.5395, -3.2479



39.0034, 24.2926, -46.1582



38.2341, 7.0490, -2.0530



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.6146, 39.5667, -14.4287



56.3013, 65.0171, -22.7593



44.1586, 32.8423, 6.1275



30.1973, 1.9565, -0.0161



28.6257, 53.1137, -13.2179



5.4665, 10.2991, -3.7349

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.6146, 39.5667, -14.4287



56.3013, 65.0171, -22.7593



63.3537, -29.7189, 5.5149



30.1973, 1.9565, -0.0161



28.6257, 53.1137, -13.2179



5.4665, 10.2991, -3.7349

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

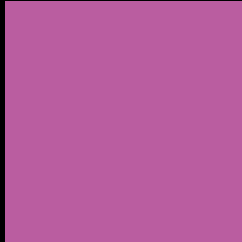
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

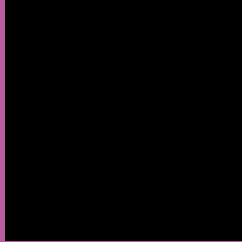
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300.

-14.4300.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300

Protanopia

45.8277, 5.1913, -30.3389

Deuteranopia

45.8987, 3.0426, -11.7220



Tritanopia

45.6860, 25.0554, 9.0730

Trichromacy



Original Color

45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300

Protanomaly

44.8772, 16.1153, -25.6476

Deuteranomaly

45.2190, 15.6985, -13.6856

Tritanomaly

45.5704, 30.1166, 1.5859

Monochromacy



Original Color

45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300

Achromatopsia

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243

Achromatomaly

45.3260, 12.2757, -4.3101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 93, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 93, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 93, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 93, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 93, 160) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 93, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 93, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 93, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 93, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 93,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 45.6135, 39.5688, -14.4300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 93, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186, 93,  
160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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