

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.6475, 1.2957,  
4.1232)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(45.6475, 1.2957, 4.1232)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(45.6128, 1.3767,  
4.1971)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	887B7A
RGB	136, 123, 122
RGB Percent	53%, 48%, 48%
CMY	0.4667, 0.5176, 0.5216
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.10, 0.47
HSL	4°, 6%, 51%
HSV	4°, 10%, 53%
XYZ	20.7491, 20.8053, 21.3346
YIQ	126.7730, 8.0690, 2.4450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

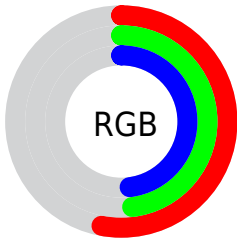
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	136, 123, 122
Decimal	8944506
CIE Lab	52.74, 4.79, 2.35
CIE LCh	53, 5.331, 26.118
Yxy	20.8062, 0.3299, 0.3308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287134586 (0xFF887B7A)
YUV	126.7730, -2.3531, 8.0921
Hunter-Lab	45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971

# Details

The HunterLab color  $45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $48.2106, -6.1204, 0.9543$ , and the grayscale version is  $45.9871, -2.4538, 2.4986$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $66.7344, 0.7882, 5.5578$ , and  $27.1238, 1.8187, 2.9670$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $41.9034, 5.4680, 5.6838$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $49.5022, -2.5353, 2.7383$ .

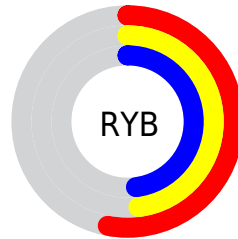
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (48%)

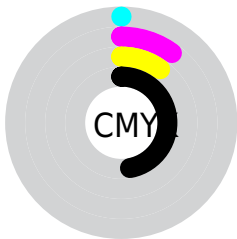
Blue (48%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (48%)

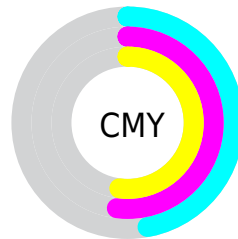


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 45.6128, 1.3767,  
4.1971

■ 45.6128, 1.3767,  
4.1971

160.0771, -2.8100,  
11.3491

■ 36.0311, 1.6087,  
3.5412

■ 66.9065, 0.7417,  
5.5992

■ 27.2331, 1.7763,  
2.9147

■ 78.5292, 0.3518,  
6.3424

■ 19.2973, 1.8665,  
2.3181

■ 90.7564, -0.0815,  
7.1130

■ 12.3302, 1.8615,  
1.7495

103.5597, -0.5553,  
7.9100

■ 5.5043, 3.4953,  
2.0670

116.9141, -1.0670,  
8.7328

0.0000, NaN, NaN

130.7977, -1.6146,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

9.5807

0.0000, NaN, NaN

145.1912, -2.1961,  
10.4530

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.6128, 1.3767,  
4.1971

■ 45.6128, 1.3767,  
4.1971

■ 41.9034, 5.4680,  
5.6838

■ 49.5022, -2.5353,  
2.7383

■ 38.4001, 9.7513,  
7.1897

■ 53.5451, -6.2814,  
1.3066

■ 35.1397, 14.2160,  
8.7005

■ 57.7235, -9.8830,  
-0.0988

■ 32.1655, 18.8183,  
10.1864

■ 62.0220, -13.3600,  
-1.4805

■ 29.5279, 23.4579,  
11.5977

■ 66.4278, -16.7308,  
-2.8416

■ 27.2818, 27.9550,  
12.8595

■ 70.9307, -20.0116,  
-4.1853

■ 25.4800, 32.0421,  
13.8768

■ 75.5219, -23.2165,  
-5.5144

■ 24.1608, 35.3973,  
14.5563

■ 80.1942, -26.3577,  
-6.8318

■ 23.3360, 37.6354,  
15.0384

■ 84.9413, -29.4455,  
-8.1397

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.6138, 1.8067, 2.2131



45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971



45.6138, -0.0841, 5.6602

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.6138, 1.3754, 4.1978



45.6138, -5.8527, 4.6431



45.6138, -2.7187, -1.6624

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971



48.2106, -6.1204, 0.9543

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.6138, -4.7418, -0.9409



45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971



45.6138, -6.5297, 2.7511

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.6138, 1.3754, 4.1978



45.6138, -4.2607, 5.9087



45.6138, -6.1268, 0.6986



45.6138, -0.5827, -1.2312



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971



45.6138, -1.4297, 6.1746



45.6138, -6.1268, 0.6986



45.6138, -3.4342, -1.5458

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.6138, 1.3754, 4.1978



64.2624, -1.9498, 4.1684



45.7217, 3.8889, -1.5144



30.7380, -0.7530, 2.0755



83.1908, -4.4389, 4.5199



31.6988, -1.6914, 1.7223



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.6138, 1.3754, 4.1978



59.5644, 2.8746, 5.9580



47.5259, -1.8933, 6.2818



22.5885, 0.4538, 1.9778



22.7160, 36.5699, 14.6377



2.0208, 2.4526, 1.2882



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.2106, -6.1204, 0.9543



63.6605, -8.9544, 0.8403



46.2290, -2.9114, -1.4385



23.7242, -2.8237, 0.5595



39.8428, -19.0904, -8.5893



3.3758, -1.7128, -0.5220



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

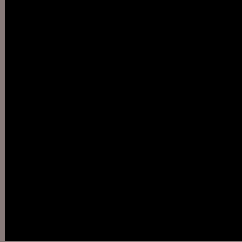
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.6128, 1.3767,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971

### Protanopia

45.5680, -1.5483, 3.6699

### Deuteranopia

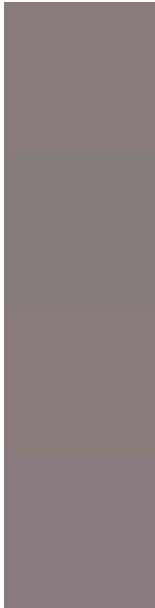
45.6215, 2.7966, 4.2319



## Tritanopia

45.6904, 3.5395, 0.3522

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971

## Protanomaly

45.5532, -0.1783, 3.6768

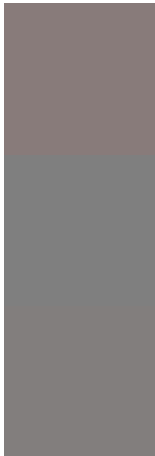
## Deuteranomaly

45.5274, 2.4801, 4.1190

## Tritanomaly

45.6026, 3.0694, 1.6021

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971

## Achromatopsia

46.0685, -2.4581, 2.5030

## Achromatomaly

45.9872, -1.4171, 3.2978

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 123, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 123, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 123, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 123, 122) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 123, 122) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 123, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 123, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 123, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 123, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 123,  
122) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 45.6128, 1.3767, 4.1971 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 123, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
123, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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