

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.6548, -5.5397,  
9.0072)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(45.6548, -5.5397, 9.0072)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

HunterLab(45.8255, -5.6487,  
9.0523)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7E806E
RGB	126, 128, 110
RGB Percent	49%, 50%, 43%
CMY	0.5059, 0.4980, 0.5686
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.14, 0.50
HSL	67°, 8%, 47%
HSV	67°, 14%, 50%
XYZ	19.1378, 20.9998, 17.7965
YIQ	125.3500, 4.5860, -6.0220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

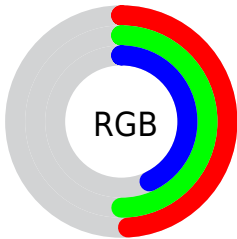
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	110, 128, 112
Decimal	8290414
CIE Lab	52.95, -4.14, 9.53
CIE LCh	53, 10.388, 113.473
Yxy	21.0007, 0.3303, 0.3625
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286480494 (0xFF7E806E)
YUV	125.3500, -7.5676, 0.5700
Hunter-Lab	45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523

# Details

The HunterLab color  $45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $40.1941, 1.4043, -5.3341$ , and the grayscale version is  $45.4507, -2.4251, 2.4694$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $67.2608, -7.2109, 11.1879$ , and  $27.4181, -4.1932, 6.9664$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $45.4249, -7.6517, 13.0313$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $46.2699, -3.4377, 4.5226$ .

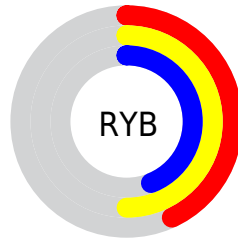
# Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (50%)

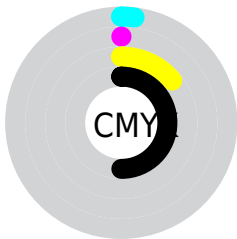
Blue (43%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (44%)

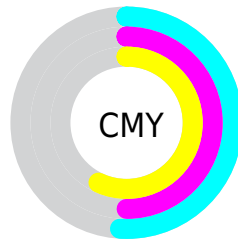


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



45.8255, -5.6487,  
9.0523

45.8255, -5.6487,  
9.0523

160.4002,  
-13.4678, 19.1602

36.2278, -4.8889,  
7.9520

67.1481, -7.2351,  
11.2429

27.4123, -4.1469,  
6.8345

78.7841, -8.0604,  
12.3429

19.4571, -3.4202,  
5.6828

91.0239, -8.9077,  
13.4505

12.4678, -2.7011,  
4.4719

103.8391, -9.7769,  
14.5680

5.7150, -3.4600,  
4.0005

117.2050,  
-10.6678, 15.6967

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.0998,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-11.5802, 16.8378

0.0000, NaN, NaN

145.5040,  
-12.5136, 17.9922

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.8255, -5.6487,  
9.0523

■ 45.8255, -5.6487,  
9.0523

■ 45.4249, -7.6517,  
13.0313

■ 46.2699, -3.4377,  
4.5226

■ 45.0642, -9.4424,  
16.4593

■ 46.7555, -1.0176,  
-0.5564

■ 44.7433, -11.0235,  
19.3439

■ 47.2837, 1.6062,  
-6.1765

■ 44.4610, -12.3989,  
21.6981

■ 47.8547, 4.4283,  
-12.3262

■ 44.2153, -13.5748,  
23.5417

■ 48.4682, 7.4420,  
-18.9909

■ 44.0042, -14.5608,  
24.9019

■ 49.1242, 10.6396,  
-26.1531

■ 43.8251, -15.3698,  
25.8150

■ 49.8221, 14.0128,  
-33.7934

■ 43.6740, -16.0220,  
26.3350

■ 50.5616, 17.5526,  
-41.8904

■ 43.5898, -16.3798,  
26.5731

■ 51.3418, 21.2497,  
-50.4219

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.8265, -1.5173, 9.5498



45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523



45.8265, -8.8164, 6.8744

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.8265, -5.6499, 9.0529



45.8265, -7.1997, -4.1852



45.8265, 5.9364, 1.6042

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523



40.1941, 1.4043, -5.3341

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.8265, 4.2891, -2.3656



45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523



45.8265, -3.3706, -5.8986

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.8265, -5.6499, 9.0529



45.8265, -9.6882, -0.7033



45.8265, 0.8450, -5.2043



45.8265, 5.2724, 5.4772



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523



45.8265, -10.0042, 4.6461



45.8265, 0.8450, -5.2043



45.8265, 5.6327, 0.2331

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.8265, -5.6499, 9.0529



61.3919, -4.5700, 6.0188



41.5449, 2.4405, 4.5893



29.6858, -2.3096, 3.1161



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.8265, -5.6499, 9.0529



60.6220, -8.4114, 13.8497



45.1231, -8.1660, 8.2779



22.3516, -2.2219, 3.3355



43.4049, -16.3085, 26.4604

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.1941, 1.4043, -5.3341



51.4156, 3.1412, -9.7260



40.9407, 3.9123, -4.2808



20.5739, 0.0001, -1.1933



12.8071, 33.9988, -85.2594

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

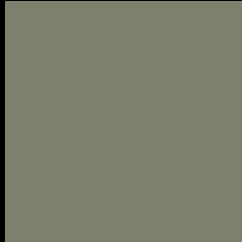
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

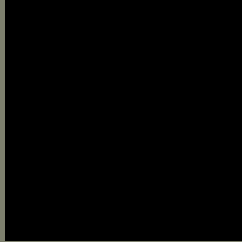
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

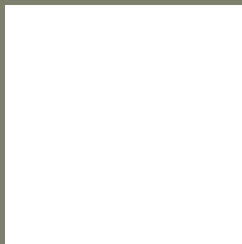
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523

### Protanopia

45.8393, -2.7505, 9.4844

### Deuteranopia

45.8215, 2.9061, 8.8264



## Tritanopia

45.8864, 0.1837, -0.8643

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523

## Protanomaly

45.8571, -4.1290, 9.4785

## Deuteranomaly

45.6961, -0.3067, 8.6396

## Tritanomaly

45.8166, -2.0078, 3.0891

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523

## Achromatopsia

45.2856, -2.4163, 2.4605

## Achromatomaly

45.4288, -3.6330, 4.7383

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 128, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 128, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 128, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 128, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 128, 110) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 128, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 128, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 128, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 128, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 128,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 45.8255, -5.6487, 9.0523 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 128, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
128, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor