

Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.6778, -2.4440,
2.4872)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(45.6778, -2.4440, 2.4872)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(45.6768, -2.4372,
2.4817)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E7E7E
RGB	126, 126, 126
RGB Percent	49%, 49%, 49%
CMY	0.5059, 0.5059, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	122°, 0%, 49%
HSV	122°, 0%, 49%
XYZ	19.8309, 20.8637, 22.7206
YIQ	126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	126, 126, 126
Decimal	8289918
CIELab	52.80, 0.00, -0.01
CIELCh	53, 0.006, 289.026
Yxy	20.8646, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286479998 (0xFF7E7E7E)
YUV	126.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817

Details

The HunterLab color $45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $45.6774, -2.4362, 2.4811$, and the grayscale version is $45.6777, -2.4372, 2.4818$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67.1406, -3.5825, 3.6479$, and $27.2422, -1.4536, 1.4801$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.3522, -7.7845, 5.9750$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47.1347, 3.2571, -1.2207$.

Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (49%)

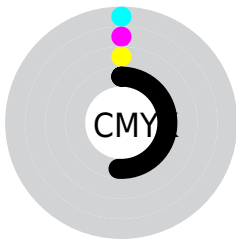
Blue (49%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (49%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 45.6768, -2.4372,
2.4817

■ 45.6768, -2.4372,
2.4817

160.1743, -8.5529,
8.7127

■ 36.0903, -1.9263,
1.9609

■ 66.9792, -3.5758,
3.6414

■ 27.2870, -1.4562,
1.4820

■ 78.6059, -4.1967,
4.2740

■ 19.3454, -1.0322,
1.0501

■ 90.8369, -4.8499,
4.9395

■ 12.3715, -0.6599,
0.6709

103.6437, -5.5338,
5.6364

■ 5.5685, -0.2960,
0.2992

117.0016, -6.2472,
6.3633

0.0000, NaN, NaN

130.8886, -6.9889,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.1190

0.0000, NaN, NaN

145.2853, -7.7577,
7.9025

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.6768, -2.4372,
2.4817

■ 45.6768, -2.4372,
2.4817

■ 44.3522, -7.7845,
5.9750

■ 47.1347, 3.2571,
-1.2207

■ 43.1633, -12.7252,
9.2204

■ 48.7170, 9.2475,
-5.0994

■ 42.1154, -17.2049,
12.1818

■ 50.4179, 15.4829,
-9.1216

■ 41.2112, -21.1722,
14.8248

■ 52.2307, 21.9183,
-13.2590

■ 40.4516, -24.5841,
17.1197

■ 54.1487, 28.5148,
-17.4869

■ 39.8350, -27.4104,
19.0447

■ 56.1651, 35.2390,
-21.7845

■ 39.3575, -29.6380,
20.5881

■ 58.2736, 42.0631,
-26.1348

■ 39.0117, -31.2747,
21.7512

■ 60.4681, 48.9642,
-30.5237

■ 38.7869, -32.3526,
22.5499

■ 62.7429, 55.9240,
-34.9403

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.6778, -2.4405, 2.4823



45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817



45.6778, -2.4364, 2.4836

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.6778, -2.4383, 2.4824



45.6778, -2.4368, 2.4895



45.6778, -2.4440, 2.4872

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817



45.6774, -2.4362, 2.4811

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.6778, -2.4430, 2.4891



45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817



45.6778, -2.4389, 2.4904

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.6778, -2.4383, 2.4824



45.6778, -2.4356, 2.4877



45.6778, -2.4411, 2.4903



45.6778, -2.4438, 2.4850

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817



45.6778, -2.4356, 2.4849



45.6778, -2.4411, 2.4903



45.6778, -2.4438, 2.4879

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.6778, -2.4383, 2.4824



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



45.6780, -2.4376, 2.4827



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.6778, -2.4383, 2.4824



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



45.6778, -2.4381, 2.4820



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255



39.1382, -33.4718, 23.3365

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.6774, -2.4362, 2.4811



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



45.6774, -2.4364, 2.4815



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255



24.4570, 47.7339, -29.5491

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

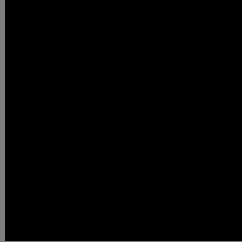
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

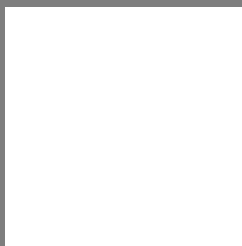
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817

Protanopia

45.5662, -1.3870, 2.3698

Deuteranopia

45.6669, 3.2278, 2.1278



Tritanopia

45.7477, -0.2301, -1.5215

Trichromacy



Original Color

45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817

Protanomaly

45.4814, -1.6802, 2.2645

Deuteranomaly

45.5703, 1.5115, 1.9830

Tritanomaly

45.6565, -0.7256, -0.2277

Monochromacy



Original Color

45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817

Achromatopsia

45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817

Achromatomaly

45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 126, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 126, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 126, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 126, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 126, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 126, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 126, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 126, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 126, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 126,  
126) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 126, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
126, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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