

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.9040, -4.4116,  
7.3553)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(45.9040, -4.4116, 7.3553)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(46.0306, -4.6792,  
7.3901)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	7F8073
RGB	127, 128, 115
RGB Percent	50%, 50%, 45%
CMY	0.5020, 0.4980, 0.5490
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.10, 0.50
HSL	65°, 5%, 48%
HSV	65°, 10%, 50%
XYZ	19.5661, 21.1882, 19.2781
YIQ	126.2190, 3.5770, -4.2550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

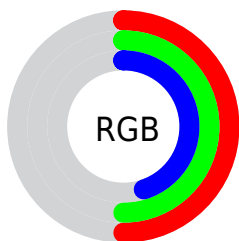
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">115, 128, 116</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8355955</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">53.16, -2.85, 6.93</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">53, 7.493, 112.388</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">21.1891, 0.3259, 0.3529</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286546035</a> (0xFF7F8073)
YUV	<a href="#">126.2190, -5.5310, 0.6849</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color  $46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $41.8731, 0.1728, -3.1131$ , and the grayscale version is  $45.7834, -2.4429, 2.4875$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $67.4841, -6.1545, 9.3556$ , and  $27.5988, -3.3410, 5.5399$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $45.6499, -6.6337, 11.6189$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $46.4551, -2.5149, 2.6043$ .

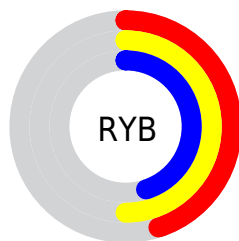
# Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (50%)

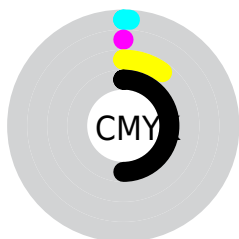
Blue (45%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (45%)

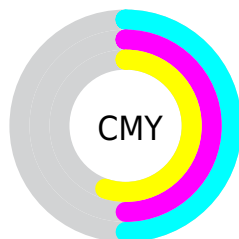


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (50%)


Yellow (55%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 46.0306, -4.6792,  
7.3901


 46.0306, -4.6792,  
7.3901


160.7114,  
-11.9726, 16.4100


 36.4174, -3.9966,  
6.4554


 67.3810, -6.1270,  
9.2885

 27.5852, -3.3392,  
5.5217


 79.0297, -6.8892,  
10.2568

 19.6113, -2.7070,  
4.5791

 91.2816, -7.6766,  
11.2403

 12.6009, -2.0967,  
3.6072

104.1084, -8.4887,  
12.2400

 5.9107, -2.4197,  
4.1375

117.4854, -9.3249,  
13.2565

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.3908,

-10.1846, 14.2902

0.0000, NaN, NaN

145.8053,  
-11.0674, 15.3413

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.0306, -4.6792,  
7.3901

■ 46.0306, -4.6792,  
7.3901

■ 45.6499, -6.6337,  
11.6189

■ 46.4551, -2.5149,  
2.6043

■ 45.3091, -8.3745,  
15.2895

■ 46.9208, -0.1398,  
-2.7364

■ 45.0082, -9.9041,  
18.4086

■ 47.4291, 2.4410,  
-8.6231

■ 44.7458, -11.2263,  
20.9880

■ 47.9802, 5.2221,  
-15.0439

■ 44.5202, -12.3472,  
23.0461

■ 48.5740, 8.1969,  
-21.9835

■ 44.3294, -13.2758,  
24.6080

■ 49.2103, 11.3581,  
-29.4240

■ 44.1708, -14.0244,  
25.7074

■ 49.8887, 14.6971,  
-37.3452

■ 44.0414, -14.6093,  
26.3878

■ 50.6087, 18.2053,  
-45.7256

■ 43.9317, -15.0858,  
26.8064

■ 51.3697, 21.8734,  
-54.5422

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.0316, -1.6758, 7.7201



46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901



46.0316, -7.0318, 5.7955

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.0316, -4.6804, 7.3908



46.0316, -5.9982, -2.1571



46.0316, 3.5258, 1.7573

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901



41.8731, 0.1728, -3.1131

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.0316, 2.3004, -1.0466



46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901



46.0316, -3.2362, -3.4007

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.0316, -4.6804, 7.3908



46.0316, -7.7787, 0.3203



46.0316, -0.1939, -2.9815



46.0316, 3.1146, 4.5888



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901



46.0316, -7.9387, 4.1688



46.0316, -0.1939, -2.9815



46.0316, 3.2905, 0.7780

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.0316, -4.6804, 7.3908



61.4701, -4.2023, 5.3808



42.7640, 1.2451, 3.8847



29.7230, -2.1373, 2.8340



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.0316, -4.6804, 7.3908



60.9657, -6.7828, 11.0568



45.5145, -6.5148, 6.8026



22.3676, -2.1653, 3.3538



43.7453, -15.0205, 26.6927

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.8731, 0.1728, -3.1131



54.3122, 0.9891, -5.7675



42.4086, 1.9931, -2.3862



20.5581, -0.0543, -1.2147



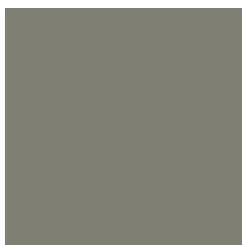
12.6840, 33.9050, -86.2471

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

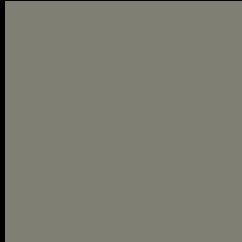
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

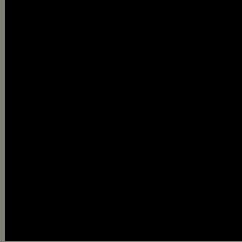
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901

### Protanopia

45.8717, -2.3959, 7.6476

### Deuteranopia

45.8472, 3.2397, 6.9399



## Tritanopia

46.0025, 0.6415, -1.1846

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901

**Protanomaly**  
45.9777, -3.4647, 7.7417

**Deuteranomaly**  
45.8199, 0.3646, 6.8600

**Tritanomaly**  
45.9862, -1.2510, 1.9845

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901

**Achromatopsia**  
45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817

**Achromatomaly**  
45.8470, -3.5077, 4.3782

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(127, 128, 115) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 128, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 128, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 128, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 128, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 128, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 128, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 128, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 128, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 128,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.0306, -4.6792, 7.3901 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 128, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
128, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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