

Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.9407, -4.6894,
1.6965)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(45.9407, -4.6894, 1.6965)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(45.8148, -4.7423,
1.7191)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	788080
RGB	120, 128, 128
RGB Percent	47%, 50%, 50%
CMY	0.5294, 0.4980, 0.4980
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	180°, 3%, 49%
HSV	180°, 6%, 50%
XYZ	19.3612, 20.9900, 23.4531
YIQ	125.6080, -4.7680, -1.6960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

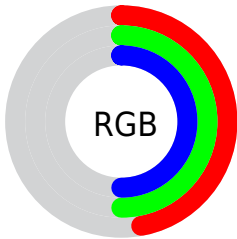
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 124, 128
Decimal	7897216
CIE _{Lab}	52.94, -2.96, -1.03
CIE _{LCh}	53, 3.129, 199.180
Yxy	20.9908, 0.3034, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286087296 (0xFF788080)
YUV	125.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182
Hunter-Lab	45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191

Details

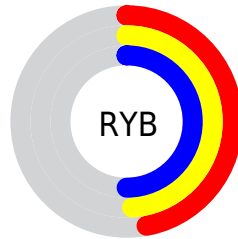
The HunterLab color $45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $44.0213, 0.0435, 3.1926$, and the grayscale version is $45.5211, -2.4289, 2.4733$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67.1972, -6.3529, 2.7234$, and $27.4485, -3.2952, 0.8778$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.8730, -8.1060, 0.5263$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46.8702, -1.0654, 3.0271$.

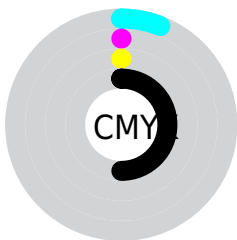
Distribution



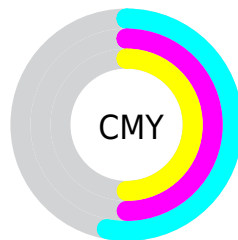
- Red (47%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 45.8148, -4.7423,
1.7191

■ 45.8148, -4.7423,
1.7191

160.3839,
-12.0725, 7.5605

■ 36.2178, -4.0540,
1.2547

■ 67.1359, -6.1997,
2.7769

■ 27.4032, -3.3904,
0.8372

■ 78.7712, -6.9664,
3.3628

■ 19.4490, -2.7513,
0.4730

■ 91.0104, -7.7580,
3.9840

■ 12.4609, -2.1328,
0.1708

103.8250, -8.5741,
4.6384

■ 5.7045, -2.5621,
-0.4365

117.1904, -9.4141,
5.3246

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.0845,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.2775, 6.0412

0.0000, NaN, NaN

145.4882,
-11.1638, 6.7868

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.8148, -4.7423,
1.7191

■ 45.8148, -4.7423,
1.7191

■ 44.8730, -8.1060,
0.5263

■ 46.8702, -1.0654,
3.0271

■ 44.0437, -11.1262,
-0.5442

■ 48.0338, 2.8975,
4.4378

■ 43.3283, -13.7805,
-1.4837

■ 49.3030, 7.1145,
5.9415

■ 42.7262, -16.0518,
-2.2867

■ 50.6742, 11.5548,
7.5274

■ 42.2351, -17.9305,
-2.9500

■ 52.1429, 16.1891,
9.1854

■ 41.8510, -19.4166,
-3.4741

■ 53.7047, 20.9900,
10.9061

■ 41.5682, -20.5209,
-3.8628

■ 55.3550, 25.9326,
12.6807

■ 41.3785, -21.2666,
-4.1247

■ 57.0892, 30.9945,
14.5015

■ 41.2649, -21.7150,
-4.2814

■ 58.9028, 36.1563,
16.3615

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.8158, -4.8340, 2.9302



45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191



45.8158, -4.0412, 0.6908

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.8158, -4.7433, 1.7198



45.8158, -0.5740, 0.9405



45.8158, -1.9852, 4.7294

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191



44.0213, 0.0435, 3.1926

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.8158, -0.8309, 4.2266



45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191



45.8158, -0.0102, 2.0532

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.8158, -4.7433, 1.7198



45.8158, -1.6376, 0.2324



45.8158, -0.1047, 3.2547



45.8158, -3.2510, 4.6456

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191



45.8158, -3.3166, 0.2564



45.8158, -0.1047, 3.2547



45.8158, -1.5710, 4.6239

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.8158, -4.7433, 1.7198



61.3617, -4.2901, 2.9938



45.6048, -5.9335, 4.8956



29.7006, -2.0420, 1.4606



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.8158, -4.7433, 1.7198



60.5378, -7.1897, 1.9638



44.7225, -2.9609, 0.4303



22.1063, -2.7830, 0.6643



41.0521, -21.7707, -4.3149

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.0213, 0.0435, 3.1926



57.4274, 1.1098, 4.5175



45.0865, -1.7632, 4.3837



20.8429, 0.5885, 1.7018



21.3321, 36.5322, 13.7817

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

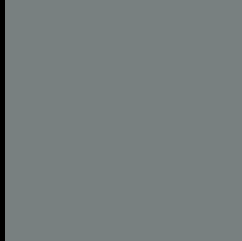
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

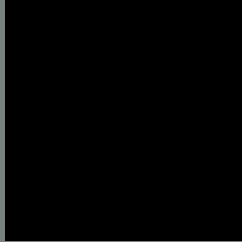
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

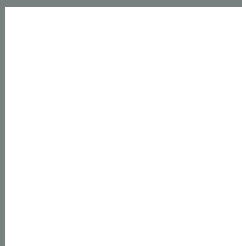
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191

Protanopia

45.8729, -1.7000, 2.2855

Deuteranopia

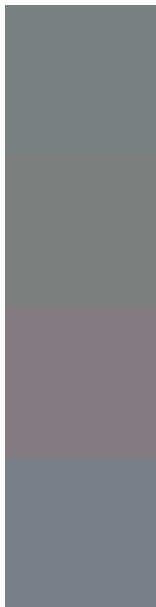
45.6316, 3.2248, 1.1890



Tritanopia

45.8801, -2.5180, -2.3573

Trichromacy



Original Color

45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191

Protanomaly

45.9032, -3.0342, 2.2980

Deuteranomaly

45.6350, 0.4418, 1.1445

Tritanomaly

45.7875, -3.0261, -1.0444

Monochromacy



Original Color

45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191

Achromatopsia

45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817

Achromatomaly

45.8215, -3.3195, 2.1964

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 128, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 128, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 128, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 128, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 128, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 128, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 128, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 128, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 128, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 128,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 45.8148, -4.7423, 1.7191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 128, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
128, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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