

Converting Colors

HunterLab(45.9984, -47.7520,
15.1133)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(45.9984, -47.7520,
15.1133) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(48.4981,
-36.1532, 17.4261)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00995A
RGB	0, 153, 90
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 35%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4000, 0.6471
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.41, 0.40
HSL	155°, 100%, 30%
HSV	155°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	13.2367, 23.5207, 13.5152
YIQ	100.0710, -70.9650, -52.0290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

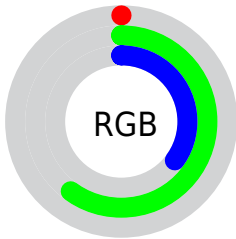
Format	Color
RYB	0, 96, 153
Decimal	39258
CIELab	55.61, -49.47, 23.69
CIELCh	56, 54.851, 154.412
Yxy	23.5216, 0.2633, 0.4679
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229338 (0xFF00995A)
YUV	100.0710, -4.9650, -87.7623
Hunter-Lab	48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261

Details

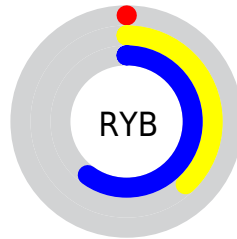
The HunterLab color **48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **26.7054, 47.0760, 6.8359**, and the grayscale version is **35.7640, -1.9083, 1.9431**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.0095, -42.9639, 21.0464**, and **30.4775, -24.0914, 13.9122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.4989, -36.1543, 17.4274**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.7213, -34.9999, 15.8533**.

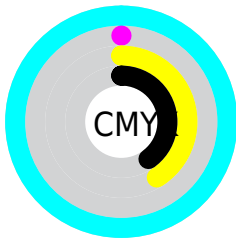
Distribution



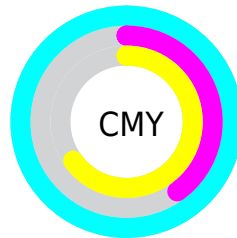
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.4981, -36.1532,
17.4261

■ 48.4981, -36.1532,
17.4261

164.4363,
-64.1014, 33.7909

■ 38.7029, -32.3542,
15.3732

■ 70.1772, -43.1275,
21.3012

■ 29.6728, -28.2575,
13.2038

■ 81.9765, -46.3865,
23.1597

■ 21.4803, -23.7522,
10.8703

■ 94.3717, -49.5312,
24.9821

■ 14.2219, -19.4364,
9.0181

■ 107.3355,
-52.5814, 26.7769

■ 7.8776, -13.7859,
5.5144

■ 120.8438,
-55.5525, 28.5505

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 134.8757,

-58.4566, 30.3081

0.0000, NaN, NaN

149.4121,
-61.3036, 32.0538

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.4981, -36.1532,
17.4261

■ 48.4981, -36.1532,
17.4261

■ 48.4989, -36.1543,
17.4274

■ 48.7213, -34.9999,
15.8533

■ 49.0305, -33.4760,
14.2354

■ 49.4612, -31.4514,
12.6169

■ 50.0246, -28.8977,
11.0223

■ 50.7284, -25.8065,
9.4747

■ 51.5774, -22.1866,
7.9949

■ 52.5739, -18.0604,
6.6008

■ 53.7182, -13.4608,
5.3075

■ 55.0086, -8.4284,
4.1264

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.4991, -24.9757, 25.9908



48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261



48.4991, -39.0371, -0.6811

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.4991, -36.1537, 17.4264



48.4991, 0.8304, -60.1204



48.4991, 39.1671, 20.7979

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261



26.7054, 47.0760, 6.8359

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.4991, 49.3565, 5.7415



48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261



48.4991, 24.7748, -45.9495

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.4991, -36.1537, 17.4264



48.4991, -20.1204, -52.0952



48.4991, 43.6567, -19.0638



48.4991, 17.8483, 27.2106

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261



48.4991, -36.4216, -17.9680



48.4991, 43.6567, -19.0638



48.4991, 44.1700, 16.9140

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.4991, -36.1537, 17.4264



70.2698, -24.5177, 8.9415



48.8520, -36.1990, 29.4683



32.7699, -12.5494, 4.5335



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.4991, -36.1537, 17.4264



64.8730, -48.5614, 23.7444



45.9677, -21.5545, -10.9250



26.4263, -3.8479, 1.9374



44.0977, -32.8205, 15.7318



5.4583, -3.6056, 0.9610

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.7054, 47.0760, 6.8359



35.6878, 62.8193, 9.8600



26.5599, 42.7587, 17.1141



25.0255, 1.2056, 0.9164



24.2903, 42.8452, 6.0269



3.0852, 5.6564, -0.8973

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261.

-36.1532, 17.4261.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261

Protanopia

48.0952, -4.5524, 19.7156

Deuteranopia

48.1574, 3.2199, 16.1062



Tritanopia

48.5035, -19.2195, -9.4409

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261



Protanomaly

46.5697, -22.3489, 17.3629



Deuteranomaly

45.9628, -17.9868, 14.3470



Tritanomaly

48.2165, -26.8080, 1.9549

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261



Achromatopsia

35.6984, -1.9048, 1.9396



Achromatomaly

38.8949, -18.3986, 6.7757

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 153, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 153, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 153, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 153, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 153, 90) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 153, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 153, 90)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 153, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 90)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 48.4981, -36.1532, 17.4261 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 153, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 153,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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