

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.0296, -5.8183,
-1.6479)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.0296, -5.8183,
-1.6479) contains.

HunterLab(46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

HunterLab(46.1739, -5.9387,
-1.5609)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	728288
RGB	114, 130, 136
RGB Percent	45%, 51%, 53%
CMY	0.5529, 0.4902, 0.4667
CMYK	0.16, 0.04, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	196°, 9%, 49%
HSV	196°, 16%, 53%
XYZ	19.3660, 21.3203, 26.3871
YIQ	125.9000, -11.4620, -1.5260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

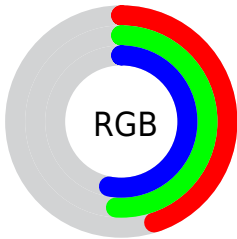
Format	Color
R_{YB}	114, 123, 136
Decimal	7504520
CIE _{Lab}	53.30, -4.48, -5.21
CIE _{LCh}	53, 6.874, 229.311
Yxy	21.3212, 0.2887, 0.3179
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285694600 (0xFF728288)
YUV	125.9000, 4.9793, -10.4363
Hunter-Lab	46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609

Details

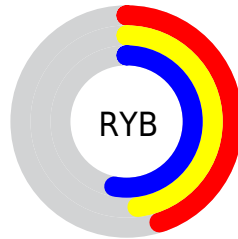
The HunterLab color $46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $44.5893, 1.6614, 6.3361$, and the grayscale version is $45.6229, -2.4343, 2.4788$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67.5634, -7.6837, -0.7510$, and $27.7759, -4.4652, -1.7559$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44.1669, -7.6060, -4.1864$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48.2767, -3.9855, 1.0713$.

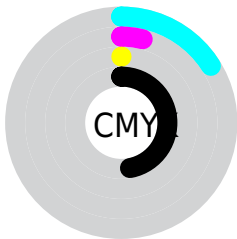
Distribution



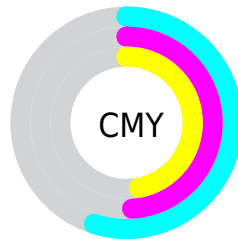
- Red (45%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.1739, -5.9387,
-1.5609

■ 46.1739, -5.9387,
-1.5609

160.9287,
-13.9063, 2.7324

■ 36.5499, -5.1569,
-1.8061

■ 67.5436, -7.5636,
-0.9032

■ 27.7060, -4.3914,
-1.9880

■ 79.2012, -8.4068,
-0.5020

■ 19.7192, -3.6388,
-2.0960

■ 91.4616, -9.2711,
-0.0573

■ 12.6940, -2.8902,
-2.1162

■ 104.2964,
-10.1566, 0.4281

■ 6.0435, -3.5539,
-3.2458

117.6811,
-11.0630, 0.9517

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.5940,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-11.9903, 1.5115

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.0156,
-12.9382, 2.1056

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.1739, -5.9387,
-1.5609

■ 46.1739, -5.9387,
-1.5609

■ 44.1669, -7.6060,
-4.1864

■ 48.2767, -3.9855,
1.0713

■ 42.2587, -8.9549,
-6.7978

■ 50.4665, -1.7725,
3.7008

■ 40.4559, -9.9563,
-9.3824

■ 52.7388, 0.6727,
6.3228

■ 38.7639, -10.5820,
-11.9261

■ 55.0881, 3.3258,
8.9336

■ 37.1869, -10.8081,
-14.4126

■ 57.5095, 6.1648,
11.5310

■ 35.7277, -10.6188,
-16.8253

■ 59.9984, 9.1702,
14.1134

■ 34.3863, -10.0112,
-19.1491

■ 62.5504, 12.3249,
16.6803

■ 33.1522, -9.0257,
-21.3873

■ 65.1617, 15.6136,
19.2317

■ 32.6900, -8.6188,
-22.2540

■ 67.8286, 19.0232,
21.7680

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.1749, -7.4601, 0.7796



46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609



46.1749, -3.4651, -2.8331

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.1749, -5.9395, -1.5601



46.1749, 2.9691, 1.5489



46.1749, -4.2411, 7.1098

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609



44.5893, 1.6614, 6.3361

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.1749, -1.4588, 7.2884



46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609



46.1749, 2.7493, 4.1825

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.1749, -5.9395, -1.5601



46.1749, 1.7065, -0.9680



46.1749, 1.1128, 6.2467



46.1749, -6.4959, 5.7433

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609



46.1749, -1.5880, -2.8571



46.1749, 1.1128, 6.2467



46.1749, -3.3380, 7.3075

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.1749, -5.9395, -1.5601



64.3924, -4.9928, 1.7951



47.4752, -11.1704, 6.9195



30.9038, -2.4851, 0.7611



83.1908, -4.4389, 4.5199



31.6988, -1.6914, 1.7223

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.1749, -5.9395, -1.5601



60.4207, -8.6443, -3.2006



43.1055, -0.9111, -5.4931



23.3707, -2.2556, 0.1398



31.8277, -8.4212, -21.6030



3.0283, -1.2791, -1.0238

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.4524, 6.9408, -1.9214



56.1330, 11.8045, -3.7355



47.5882, -3.4243, 9.4290



22.5967, 1.3482, 0.0257



24.0974, 44.8063, -11.8613



2.0258, 3.8706, -1.8015

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

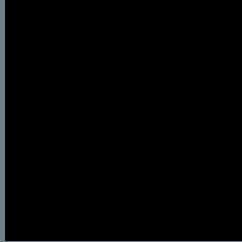
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

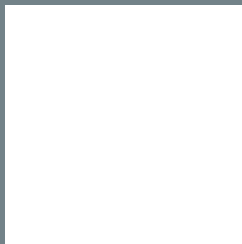
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609.

-1.5609.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609

Protanopia

45.9945, -0.8687, -0.7475

Deuteranopia

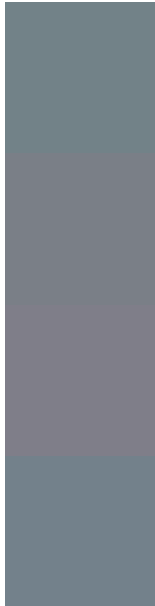
45.9597, 3.4225, -2.1512



Tritanopia

46.0856, -4.5249, -3.6013

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609

Protanomaly

45.8973, -2.5822, -1.3737

Deuteranomaly

46.0867, -0.3672, -2.0552

Tritanomaly

46.0537, -4.7010, -3.1506

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609

Achromatopsia

45.6768, -2.4372, 2.4817

Achromatomaly

45.7472, -3.4063, 0.7584

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 130, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 130, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 130, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 130, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 130, 136) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 130, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 130, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 130, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 130, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 130,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.1739, -5.9387, -1.5609 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 130, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
130, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor