

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.0922, 2.4494,
9.6879)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.0922, 2.4494, 9.6879)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(46.1409, 2.5068,
9.8846)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	917B6D
RGB	145, 123, 109
RGB Percent	57%, 48%, 43%
CMY	0.4314, 0.5176, 0.5725
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.25, 0.43
HSL	23°, 14%, 50%
HSV	23°, 25%, 57%
XYZ	21.5204, 21.2898, 17.4431
YIQ	127.9820, 17.6060, 0.3100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

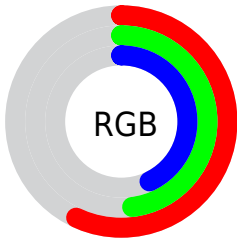
Format	Color
R_{YB}	145, 132, 109
Decimal	9534317
CIE _{Lab}	53.27, 6.19, 10.80
CIE _{LCh}	53, 12.449, 60.190
Yxy	21.2908, 0.3572, 0.3533
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287724397 (0xFF917B6D)
YUV	127.9820, -9.3581, 14.9248
Hunter-Lab	46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846

Details

The HunterLab color $46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $46.3978, -6.0471, -5.7473$, and the grayscale version is $46.4853, -2.4803, 2.5256$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67.3351, 2.0604, 12.2435$, and $27.6135, 2.9661, 7.2818$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43.4788, 5.0096, 12.2772$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48.9163, 0.2105, 7.2329$.

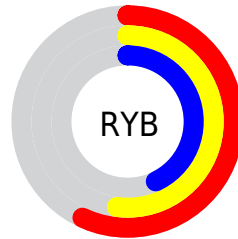
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (48%)

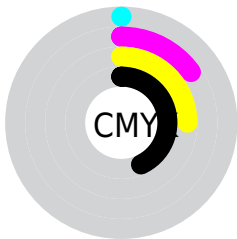
Blue (43%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (43%)

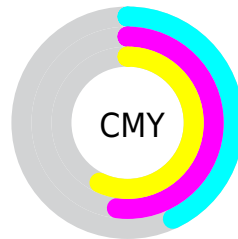


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.1409, 2.5068,
9.8846

■ 46.1409, 2.5068,
9.8846

160.8788, -1.1441,
20.5375

■ 36.5195, 2.6625,
8.7019

■ 67.5063, 2.0102,
12.2213

■ 27.6782, 2.7481,
7.4931

■ 79.1618, 1.6844,
13.3871

■ 19.6944, 2.7491,
6.2383

■ 91.4202, 1.3121,
14.5570

■ 12.6726, 2.6453,
4.9223

■ 104.2533, 0.8969,
15.7334

■ 6.0133, 4.1634,
4.2093

117.6362, 0.4414,
16.9185

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.5473, -0.0519,

18.1135

0.0000, NaN, NaN

145.9673, -0.5810,
19.3195

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.1409, 2.5068,
9.8846

■ 46.1409, 2.5068,
9.8846

■ 43.4788, 5.0096,
12.2772

■ 48.9163, 0.2105,
7.2329

■ 40.9391, 7.7359,
14.3702

■ 51.7911, -1.8900,
4.3536

■ 38.5365, 10.6910,
16.1213

■ 54.7570, -3.8127,
1.2758

■ 36.2862, 13.8722,
17.4846

■ 57.8058, -5.5737,
-1.9764

■ 34.2047, 17.2617,
18.4158

■ 60.9306, -7.1888,
-5.3826

■ 32.3088, 20.8202,
18.8800

■ 64.1250, -8.6721,
-8.9259

■ 30.6138, 24.4765,
18.8754

■ 67.3837, -10.0369,
-12.5919

■ 29.8113, 26.3332,
18.8306

■ 70.7020, -11.2950,
-16.3686

■ 74.0757, -12.4570,
-20.2458

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.1420, 6.3085, 6.9547



46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846



46.1420, -2.4969, 10.8896

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.1420, 2.5053, 9.8853



46.1420, -11.8543, 2.4808



46.1420, 2.5638, -6.2875

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846



46.3978, -6.0471, -5.7473

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.1420, -2.4321, -7.8084



46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846



46.1420, -10.6274, -2.4225

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.1420, 2.5053, 9.8853



46.1420, -10.6575, 6.9067



46.1420, -7.2324, -6.3241



46.1420, 6.3433, -2.3634

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846



46.1420, -5.7958, 10.4271



46.1420, -7.2324, -6.3241



46.1420, 0.9640, -7.1146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.1420, 2.5053, 9.8853



68.4047, -1.8994, 6.7445



43.1294, 12.4970, -2.8218



32.1735, -0.8320, 3.2722



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.1420, 2.5053, 9.8853



59.6627, 5.2605, 15.1304



51.1027, -5.8327, 14.6008



23.9722, -0.4750, 2.6704



27.6956, 24.1645, 17.4890



3.3758, 0.8635, 2.0953

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.3978, -6.0471, -5.7473



60.0786, -8.7464, -10.4769



41.4135, 2.2877, -12.7927



24.0183, -2.0004, -0.1173



28.0642, -1.7591, -31.2804



3.4386, -1.2080, -1.6902

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

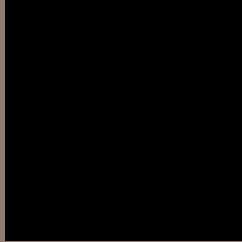
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.1409, 2.5068,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846

Protanopia

46.1660, -2.9525, 9.0814

Deuteranopia

46.2396, 2.8394, 9.9910



Tritanopia

46.0662, 7.3881, 1.7843

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846

Protanomaly

46.2232, -1.3712, 9.5365

Deuteranomaly

46.2396, 2.8394, 9.9910

Tritanomaly

46.0336, 5.5408, 4.7480

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846

Achromatopsia

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243

Achromatomaly

46.2283, -0.8029, 5.2713

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 123, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 123, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 123, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 123, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 123, 109) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 123, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 123, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 123, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 123, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 123,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.1409, 2.5068, 9.8846 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 123, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
123, 109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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