

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.1153, 15.8111,
-100.1140)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.1153, 15.8111,
-100.1140) contains.

HunterLab(46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(46.5138, 15.5290,
-91.6608)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007CFF
RGB	0, 124, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.5137, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.51, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	211°, 100%, 50%
HSV	211°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	25.2577, 21.6353, 97.4526
YIQ	101.8580, -115.9550, 14.4530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

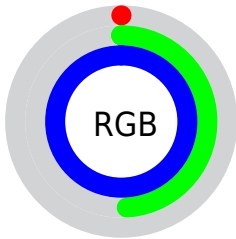
Format	Color
R _{YB}	0, 83, 255
Decimal	31999
CIE _{Lab}	53.64, 21.29, -72.67
CIE _{LCh}	54, 75.730, 286.331
Yxy	21.6358, 0.1750, 0.1499
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222079 (0xFF007CFF)
YUV	101.8580, 75.4990, -89.3295
Hunter-Lab	46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608

Details

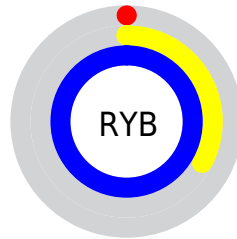
The HunterLab color **46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as dark saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **61.2482, 36.6895, 38.3810**, and the grayscale version is **36.1622, -1.9295, 1.9648**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.6385, -1.5927, -46.9774**, and **30.5597, 20.8879, -83.2879** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.5031, 15.5508, -91.6945**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.3538, 9.1029, -80.2106**.

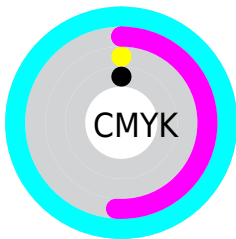
Distribution



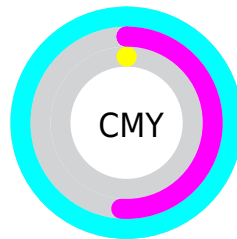
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46.5138, 15.5290,
-91.6608

■ 46.5138, 15.5290,
-91.6608

161.4430, 17.6014,
-97.4870

■ 36.8640, 14.8968,
-92.5207

■ 67.9289, 16.4964,
-91.8164

■ 27.9924, 14.1428,
-94.6698

■ 79.6074, 16.8505,
-92.3729

■ 19.9751, 13.2493,
-99.3038

■ 91.8877, 17.1299,
-93.0908

■ 12.9151, 12.1950,
-109.4436

■ 104.7416, 17.3412,
-93.9063

■ 6.3467, 14.3228,
-149.2928

■ 118.1446, 17.4897,
-94.7775

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

132.0750, 17.5800,

-95.6766

0.0000, NaN, -NF

146.5136, 17.6161,
-96.5842

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 46.5138, 15.5290,
-91.6608

■ 46.5138, 15.5290,
-91.6608

■ 46.5031, 15.5508,
-91.6945

■ 50.3538, 9.1029,
-80.2106

■ 54.5939, 3.7213,
-69.0401

■ 59.2331, -0.5075,
-58.2084

■ 64.2365, -3.6374,
-47.8039

■ 69.5670, -5.7695,
-37.8656

■ 75.1892, -7.0201,
-28.3940

■ 81.0714, -7.5037,
-19.3651

■ 87.1859, -7.3246,
-10.7419

■ 93.5088, -6.5744,
-2.4821

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.5143, -15.7745, -93.4279



46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608



46.5143, 49.0853, -56.2689

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.5143, 15.5306, -91.6590



46.5143, 46.3608, 27.7322



46.5143, -47.4574, 14.0572

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608



61.2482, 36.6895, 38.3810

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.5143, -38.2845, 27.1590



46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608



46.5143, 12.4888, 30.8179

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.5143, 15.5306, -91.6590



46.5143, 69.8339, 15.8427



46.5143, -18.1164, 30.7135



46.5143, -47.0465, -16.4461

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608



46.5143, 65.8358, -26.5417



46.5143, -18.1164, 30.7135



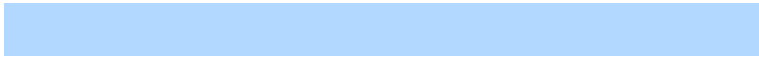
46.5143, -45.5227, 20.0539

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.5143, 15.5306, -91.6590



81.0533, -7.5033, -19.3917



85.4792, -66.8385, 37.4468



36.3379, -3.4167, -10.7090

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.5143, 15.5306, -91.6590



46.5031, 15.5508, -91.6945



26.8741, 72.8719, -190.8895



43.3998, -3.0196, -0.9743



34.0531, 10.3501, -64.9063



11.6051, 1.3484, -17.4162

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.6623, 84.6672, 7.1306



47.6595, 84.6695, 7.1439



96.3225, -25.8710, 58.8992



42.5843, 2.5094, 1.1220



34.4943, 61.3622, 4.5412



10.8651, 19.5168, -0.0335

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

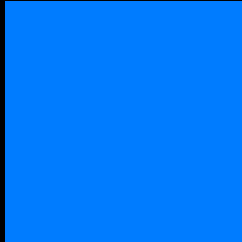
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

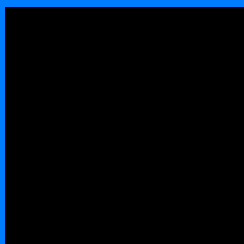
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

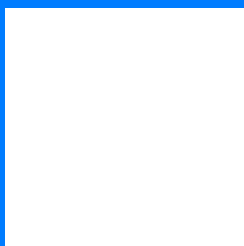
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608.

-91.6608.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608

Protanopia

46.6613, 17.2204, -90.0893

Deuteranopia

46.3209, 2.5995, -63.5086



Tritanopia

46.4547, -22.6640, -9.1393

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608

Protanomaly

46.3987, 16.4157, -90.9397

Deuteranomaly

46.4250, 7.2095, -73.5904

Tritanomaly

45.8280, -10.6761, -34.2343

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608

Achromatopsia

36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Achromatomaly

38.3983, -2.4533, -26.3296

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 124, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 124, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 124, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 124, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 124, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 124, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 124, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 124, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.5138, 15.5290, -91.6608 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 124, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 124,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor