

Converting Colors

HunterLab(46.1430, 85.1304,
-17.5398)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(46.1430, 85.1304,
-17.5398) contains.

HunterLab(46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(46.2087, 85.2518,
-17.5671)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F000A8
RGB	240, 0, 168
RGB Percent	94%, 0%, 66%
CMY	0.0588, 0.9998, 0.3412
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.30, 0.06
HSL	318°, 100%, 47%
HSV	318°, 100%, 94%
XYZ	43.0031, 21.3524, 38.9007
YIQ	90.9120, 89.1120, 103.1280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

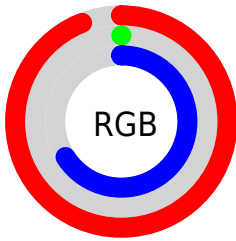
Format	Color
R_{YB}	240, 0, 168
Decimal	15728808
CIE _{Lab}	53.33, 84.99, -22.37
CIE _{LCh}	53, 87.889, 345.252
Yxy	21.3536, 0.4165, 0.2068
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293918888 (0xFFFF00A8)
YUV	90.9120, 38.0044, 130.7502
Hunter-Lab	46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671

Details

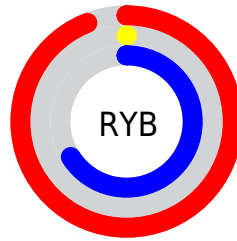
The HunterLab color **46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. The color can be described as middle saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **79.2397, -65.8359, 43.0805**, and the grayscale version is **32.1639, -1.7162, 1.7475**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.4332, 72.9714, -31.7438**, and **32.7505, 59.9362, -8.6825** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.2081, 85.2497, -17.5585**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.2058, 83.8463, -20.5146**.

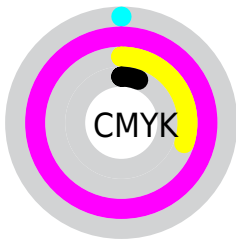
Distribution



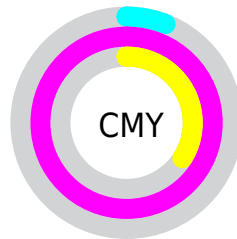
- Red (94%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

46.2087, 85.2518,
-17.5671

46.2087, 85.2518,
-17.5671

160.9819,
105.8680, -18.7535

36.5824, 82.7656,
-17.1398

67.5835, 90.3084,
-18.2298

27.7356, 80.4980,
-16.6618

79.2432, 92.7751,
-18.4687

19.7456, 78.8031,
-16.1613

91.5057, 95.1684,
-18.6483

12.7168, 78.6279,
-15.7333

104.3425, 97.4794,
-18.7714

6.0756, 95.9206,
-18.7102

117.7291, 99.7046,
-18.8408

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, INF, NaN

131.6438,

101.8435, -18.8593

0.0000, NaN, NaN

146.0672,
103.8972, -18.8294

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.2087, 85.2518,
-17.5671

■ 46.2087, 85.2518,
-17.5671

■ 46.2081, 85.2497,
-17.5585

■ 47.2058, 83.8463,
-20.5146

■ 49.0282, 79.7813,
-22.1761

■ 51.8337, 72.8919,
-22.2486

■ 55.6085, 63.7564,
-20.8149

■ 60.2751, 53.1266,
-18.1268

■ 65.7278, 41.6768,
-14.4854

■ 71.8565, 29.8971,
-10.1619

■ 78.5605, 18.0943,
-5.3669

■ 85.7535, 6.4349,
-0.2510

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.2100, 57.6301, -71.9168



46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671



46.2100, 84.9880, 16.6925

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.2100, 85.2476, -17.5653



46.2100, -19.2924, 31.7045



46.2100, -41.7763, -72.8620

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671



79.2397, -65.8359, 43.0805

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.2100, -52.0571, -18.3572



46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671



46.2100, -42.0462, 28.9977

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.2100, 85.2476, -17.5653



46.2100, 16.4911, 31.7224



46.2100, -52.1378, 16.3260



46.2100, -18.7909, -117.0766

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671



46.2100, 68.6670, 26.6563



46.2100, -52.1378, 16.3260



46.2100, -46.4732, -53.8559

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.2100, 85.2476, -17.5653



76.8953, 32.1794, -10.9448



27.6976, 70.1359, -158.1742



34.2544, 17.3654, -6.0026

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.2100, 85.2476, -17.5653



49.4912, 91.2891, -18.6697



43.2900, 74.6224, 24.1454



39.9323, 2.7143, 0.0058



34.2242, 63.2028, -13.4885



9.9594, 18.5443, -5.1035

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.2100, 85.2476, -17.5653



49.4912, 91.2891, -18.6697



81.3185, -53.0195, 12.8153



39.9323, 2.7143, 0.0058



34.2242, 63.2028, -13.4885



9.9594, 18.5443, -5.1035

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

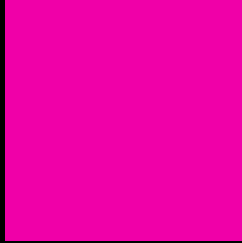
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671.

-17.5671.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671

Protanopia

47.1811, 14.2383, -74.2735

Deuteranopia

46.7633, 3.2819, -11.5703



Tritanopia

46.5293, 59.0844, 22.5312

Trichromacy



Original Color

46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671



Protanomaly

39.3674, 42.2950, -70.8152



Deuteranomaly

40.7865, 40.0049, -23.1823



Tritanomaly

45.2866, 70.4092, 11.6408

Monochromacy



Original Color

46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671



Achromatopsia

32.3445, -1.7258, 1.7573



Achromatomaly

32.2145, 35.1609, -11.6553

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 0, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 0, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 0, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 0, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 0, 168) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 0, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 0, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 0, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 0, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 0,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 46.2087, 85.2518, -17.5671 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 0, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240, 0,  
168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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